CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2003 question papers

	0610 BIOLOGY
0610/01	Paper 1 (Multiple Choice), maximum mark 40
0610/02	Paper 2 (Core), maximum mark 70
0610/03	Paper 3 (Extended), maximum mark 70
0610/05	Paper 5 (Practical), maximum mark 40
0610/06	Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum mark 40

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These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2003 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.

					4
					32
					Q.
					D.
Grade threshol	de taken for S	ullahus 0610 (Riology) in the	November 2	003 evaminat
Grade threshold		yilabus oo io (
	maximum	mir	nimum mark re	equired for gra	003 examinat
	mark available	А	С	E	F
Component 1	40	-	34	28	25
Component 2	70	-	36	23	18
Component 2 Component 3	70 70	- 50	36 39	23	18 -
-		- 50 32		23 - 19	18 - 17

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A* does not exist at the level of an individual component.



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/01

BIOLOGY Paper 1 (Multiple Choice)

				4					
Page 1	Mark Scheme Sylla								
	IGCSE		S – NOVEMBER 2003	0610					
	Question Number		Question Number	Syllabo 0610 Key D B A					
	1	Α	21	D					
	2	С	22	В					
	3	В	23	Α					
	4	С	24	В					
	5	Α	25	D					
	6	Α	26	D					
	7	В	27	Α					
	8	В	28	С					
	9	С	29	С					
	10	С	30	Α					
	11	С	31	С					
	12	D	32	С					
	13	В	33	С					
	14	В	34	D					
	15	В	35	D					
	16	Α	36	С					
	17	D	37	В					
	18	В	38	Α					
	19	В	39	D					
	20	Α	40	В					

TOTAL 40



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 70

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/02

BIOLOGY Paper 2 (Core)

	Page 1		Mark Scheme IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	Syllabo 0610
			A – Anax;	Syllabu 0610
			B – Aranea;	
			C – Pandalina;	
			D – Cancer,	
			E – Buthus	
			F – Musca;	
			Ignore use of common names – e.g. crab, spic Any four correct – 1 mark each	ider, fly etc [4]
			Ally lour contest - I mark each	[4] Total [4]
	(a)	(i)	Y – exponential (phase) / log (phase);	1 otal [4] [1]
	(ພ	(i) (ii)	animals take time to adjust / get used to the ne	
		(")	few (reproducing) individuals present;	
			individuals may be widely dispersed / A/W;	
			Any two – 1 mark each	[2]
	(b)		food / water supply;	
	λ-γ		disease;	
			predators / parasites;	
			availability of space / named example;	
				nore ref. to pollution
			Any three – 1 mark each	[3]
			-	Total [6]
	(a)	(i)	label to upper region of vagina / near to cervix	
		(ii)	label to upper third of oviduct;	[1]
		(iii)	label to uterine lining;	[1]
		(iv)	label to ovary;	[1]
	(b)		development of breasts / mammary glands;	
			widening of hips;	
			thicker layer of fat (under skin);	
			growth of axillary / pubic hair;	
			inhibition of FSH production;	
			Any three – 1 mark each	[3]

Page 2	2	Mark Scheme Syl	610 2 0
(c)		 ✓ / yes 苯 / or left blank / no 	abu 610 [1] Total [8]
		 / yes; (Note – only 1 red tick to show correct response) 	[']
			Total [8]
(a)	(i)	formation of amino acids / proteins / polypeptides;	[1]
	(ii)	nitrates lost with crop plants / by leaching;	
		must be replaced / to increase yield / increase growth;	[2]
(b)		plants / algae grow rapidly / algal bloom;	
		cover surface;	
		cut out light so submerge plants die; Ignore ref. to v	vater turbidity.
		dead plants decomposed;	
		bacteria multiply;	
		(bacteria) use up oxygen;	
		pond / water becomes anaerobic;	
		animals die; Ignore ref. to	suffocation
		eutrophication;	
		Any five – 1 mark each	[5]
			Total [8]
(a)	(i)	lipase;	[1]
	(ii)	fatty acids and glycerol;	[1]
	(iii)	(fatty acids) increase acidity of mixture / make it acidic;	
		to below pH5 / lowers pH;	[2]
(b)		enzyme activity faster at 35 $^{\circ}$ C / collisions occur more f	requently / A/\
		(fatty) acids released more rapidly / sooner / ORA;	[2]
(c)	(i)	5 °C – yellow;	
		55 °C – blue;	[2]
	(ii)	5 $^{\circ}$ C – enzyme inactive / working very slowly in cold;	
		works faster / digests / breaks down (oil when warmed)	•
		55 $^{\circ}$ C – enzyme destroyed / denatured / damaged / ref. to active site changes; R - killed	
		permanent change / not reversed when cooled (and no	digestion of c [4]
			Total [12]

	Page 3		Mark Sche				labu 2		
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS -	- NOVEMBER 2	2003	0	<u>610</u> 7030		
5	(a)	(i)	(parent genotypes -)	Gg,		Gg;	am	8	
			(gamete genotypes -)	G,	g,	G,	dreen white:	idge	
			(offspring genotypes -)	GG,	Gg,	Gg,	gg;		
			(offspring phenotypes -) Accept - normal chlorophy	greer ا / normal for و		reen, acks ch	groon, winto,	[4	
		(ii)	green – 375 white – 125 (Note – only 1 red tick to s		sponse	e)		['	
	(b)		20 seeds not viable etc./ d	o not germinat	e;				
			75% / 360 of seedlings to I	be green;					
			25% / 120 white seedlings	s die;					
			because they lack chlorop	hyll;					
			* thus no photosynthesis;						
			* seedlings use up reserves	/ run out of foo	od / car	nnot ma	ake own food;		
			the two points with * or relation to green seed						
			Any five – 1 mark each					[{	
							Т	otal [10	
7	(a)	(i)	X – aorta;						
			Y – pulmonary vein;					[2	
		(ii)	prevent backflow / give on	e-way flow / co	ontrol d	irection	of flow of blood;	[
		(iii)	has to generate greater pro	essure;					
			to push / pump blood all ro	ound body / fur	ther;			[2	
	(b)	(i)	open closed;						
			closed open; Note – mark across each r	row)				[2	
		(ii)	(tricuspid valve -) pressure in (right) atrium /	2 units, greate	er than i	in (right) ventricle / 0 units	;	
			(semilunar valve -) pressure in pulmonary arte	ery / 3 units, gr	eater th	nan in (right) ventricle / 0 u	inits; [2	
							т	otal [9]	

			Mary Mary	ambridge.com
	Page 4		Mark Scheme Syllabu	
8	(a)	(i)	X – sensory neurone;	an.
		()	Y – relay / intermediate / connector / internuncial / multipolar neurone;	in the
			Z – motor neurone;	36.CO.
		(ii)	muscle / named muscle / gland / named gland;	177
	(b)		slower;	
	()		blood;	
			electrical;	
			sense organ/ receptor;	[4]
				Total [8]
9	(a)		user becomes dependent upon drug / description of dependency; (this can be physiological, physical or psychological dependency)	
			user suffers withdrawal symptoms if denied drug / craving for drug; Note - Ignore vague statements	
			Any one – 1 mark	[1]
	(b)		periods of drowsiness / stupor / " not with it" / slow responses to surrou	indings;
			damage to blood vessels in nose / blue veining;	
			damage to blood vessels in limbs / bruising / injection marks;	
			abscesses on limbs where injecting;	
			constricted pupils / black "panda" eyes;	
			very happy / relaxed but with mood swings;	
			no desire for food / drink / lack of sexual appetite;	
			constipation;	
			Any two – 1 mark each	[2]
	(c)		inhaling – damage to membranes / cilia of nose / throat;	
			injecting –risk of infection by hepatitis / HIV / septicemia;	[2]
				Total [5]



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 70

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/03

BIOLOGY Paper 3 (Extended)

							4	MMN Pape
Pa	age 1	IGO		Mark Scheme	/EMBER 2	003	Syllabu 0610	. Pag
Q1	(a)	(A)	testa/seed	coat				
		(B)	<u>plumule;</u>	A embryoi	nic shoot	₿ shoot	unqual.	
		(C)	<u>radicle;</u>		nic root	® root u	inqual.	
		(D)	<u>cotyledon;</u>	(A) food sto	re	® endos	sperm	[4]
	(b)	ovary;	® gynoeciu	m/pistil/carpel/	′ovule			[1]
	(c)(i)		ransfer / AV <u>hther</u> to <u>stig</u>	V, of <u>pollen;</u> <u>ma</u> ;				[2]
	(ii)	ref. to la	arge petals;	R f	lower			
		ref. to p ref. to p ref. to s ref. to p	presence of scent; production c	nding stage; guide lines on of nectar/presen	•	ctary;		mov 2
			arge amour	it of pollen,				max. 2
	(iii)	<u>ii.</u> due <u>iii.</u> ref. <u>iv.</u> so r	to genetic to natural s nore chanc	riation / AW; mixing / AW / ł election/greate e of survival/re enefits of varia	f. to resist	adapt;	sease;	max. 2
	(d)(i)	allows	pollen tube	to enter <u>ovule</u> ;	® ovary	wall		
		ref. to r	nale + gam	ete/nucleus; ®	pollen nu	icleus		
		to re	each/fertilis	e + ovum/egg ((nucleus)/	female ga	mete / A'	W; max. 2
	(ii)	ref. to v		ter (seed) / AW for exit of radicl noot				[1]
	(e)	-		broken down/	convert in	to soluble	products	3
		change	ed to (simple	e) sugars;				[1]
								Total 15
Q2	(a)	<u>carbon</u>	+ <u>hydroger</u>	<u>n</u> + <u>oxygen</u> ;	® cher	mical symt	ools	[1]
	(b)(i)	sweet p	ootato ;	® potato u	inqual.			[1]
	(ii)	peas;	®c	hick peas				[1]

Page 2	Mark Scho		Syllabu A
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS -	- NOVEMBER 2003	0610
(c)(i)	sweet potato;	ato unqual.	
(ii)	AWARD TWO MARKS FOR CALCULATION MARK ANSWER BASED O some working involving: 20.5 58g ;	MAX 1 WITH N N THAT GIVEN FOR (c	IO UNIT)(i)
(d)(i)	energy level would increase potato gains <u>fat/oil</u> from fryin fat/oil is an energy source / /	g;	max. 2
(ii)	 <u>i.</u> animal fats contain <u>choles</u> <u>ii.</u> which can build up in arte A ref. to atheroma/atherosc 	ries/arterioles;	ardening of arterio
	 ref. to fatty substances iii. to obesity/overweight; iv. which can lead to heart d high blood pressure/joint 	isease or attack//strain o	on heart/ max. 2
(e)(i)	400g;	it	[1]
(ii)	cabbage/other names green citrus fruit/named citrus fruit; blackcurrants; tomatoes;		
	kiwi fruit;		max. 1
(iii)	ref. to skin covered with brui ref. to soft/bleeding + gums; ref. to loss of teeth; ref. to poor healing of wound ref. to bleeding around conn ref. to heart failure; ref. to anaemia;	ls;	skin/sores; max. 2
	,		Total 14
i (a) (i)	MAX. 1 EACH FOR (i) AND at point X it starts to drop; then increases towards Y; drops again towards 7;	(ii) WITH NO LETTERS	6
(ii)	drops again towards Z; at point X it increases (sharp drops/returns (nearly) to orig		max. 2 d Z / AW; [2]
(b)(i)	ref. to <u>respiration</u> by + sewag lack of algae/water plants + ref. to increase in temperatu	ge fungus/bacteria; to produce oxygen;	max. 1
(ii)	ref. to lack of sewage fungus photosynthesis by algae; ref. to water turbulence AW;	s/bacteria;	max. 1

Page 3				Mark Sch	neme	Syllabo
			IGCSE EXA	MINATIONS	– NOVEMBER 2003	0610
(c)((i)			pended solid	ls/sewage) + blocks lig hesise;	ht for algae / AW
		<u>ii.</u>	ref. to lack	/shortage + c	of nitrate in water; ® no	o nitrate
			•	•	e of toxins in sewage/r e in temperature or uns	
	. ,	ref.	to grazing l	e of nitrates; by (aquatic) l drop in temp	nerbivores AW; perature;	max. 2
(d)		ref.	to disruptio	es will kill + a n of food cha cation or des	-	r organisms; max. ⁻
						Total 1
04 (a)		<u>i.</u> iii. iv. v. vi.	external i so ribcag diaphragi diaphragi volume o	ntercostal m e + drops(s)/ m (muscles) m + rises/bec	comes dome-shaped; / decreases AW;	
		<u>viii.</u> ix.	ref. to low	ver pressure	outside lungs AW; V + of lungs; (linked to	<u>vi.</u> , <u>vii.</u> or <u>viii.</u>) max.
(b)				ble headings IOUG TEAS	s; ONS COLUMN	
		MAX		OMPARISO	NS WITHOUT PERCE ONE % PLUS CHANG	
ga	as		inhaled air %	exhaled air %	reas	on
nitro	ogen		78 ± 1	78 ± 1;	not used in resp used by body/not abs	sorbed by blood;
оху	gen		21 ± 1	16 ± 1;	used up in respir blood/ref. to diffusion	5

1

		-	blood/ref. to diffusion gradient;
carbon dioxide	$0.04 \pm$	4 ± 1;	waste product of respiration/released
	0.01		from blood in lungs/excreted by
			lungs/ref. to diffusion gradient;
water vapour	variable	higher;	product of respiration/evaporates (from
			surface of alveoli AW)/ref. to diffusion
			gradient;

(A) ref. to diffusion gradient ONCE

max. 8

Total 15

Pa	age 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabo
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0610
Q5	(a)(i)	food chain with FOUR suitable NAMED organisms	in correct order;
		starts with producer; (ignore sun/light if included) arrows all correct ;	Syllabo 0610 in correct order; [3] ducer; (8) sun unqual.
	(ii)	i. solar/light + energy trapped/absorbed + by prod	ducer; 🛯 sun unqual.
		 ii. ref. to photosynthesis; iii. changed to chemical energy/stored in food AW starch or glucose; 	//used to make
		<u>iv.</u> primary consumer + eats producer; <u>v.</u> some energy stored in <u>p. consumer;</u> <u>vi.</u> ref. to respiration;	
	u.	vii. some used for movement;	tore
		<u>viii.</u> e.g. to find a mate/find food/escape from preda <u>ix.</u> ref. to not all energy extracted from food/not all eaten/undigested food egested AW;	parts of organism
		x.secondary consumer+ eats primary consumerxi.ref. to 90% of energy lost at each stage;xii.ref. to other forms of energy loss e.g. through e	excretion/heat;
		xiii. tertiary consumer + eats secondary consumer; xiv. ref. to arrows show direction of energy flow;	max. 8
	(b)(i)	suitable species named; valid reason for its conservation;	[2]
	(ii)	suitable habitat named; valid reason for its conservation	[2]
			Total 15
Q6	(a)	(FUNCTION) <u>i.</u> defence against + disease/foreign bodies; <u>ii.</u> ref. to pathogens/bacteria/viruses/fungi;	
		(ANTIBODY PRODUCTION)	

- iii. antibodies produced by lymphocytes;
- iv. lymphocytes + produce antitoxins/inhibit toxins AW;
- v. lymphocytes made in + lymph nodes/named nodes;
- <u>vi.</u> in response to presence of pathogens/foreign bodies/toxins; (linked to \underline{v} .)
- vii. ref. to presence of antigens on surface of foreign cells AW;
- <u>viii.</u> antibodies + kill pathogens/make them clump/prepare them for action by phagocytes;
- ix. ref. to remain in blood to provide long-term protection AW;

(PHAGOCYTOSIS)

- x. ref. to phagocytes/granulocytes/polymorphs;
- <u>xi.</u> move to site of infection;
- xii. ingest/engulf + bacteria/pathogens/foreign bodies;
- xiii. and kill them by + digestion/breaking them down AW; max. 9

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabu A
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0610
(b)	 i. transplanted organ may be a different tissue typ ii. so there is a chance of <u>rejection</u>; iii. ref. to need for similar tissue type/good match/se iv. e.g. from close relative AW; v. ref. to use of immunosuppressant drugs; vi. ref. to loss of protection from disease for patient vii. so patient needs to be kept in isolation AW; (link viii. ref. to use of genetic engineering/cloning + to pr ix. ref. to use of other animal organs/xenotransplan vein to repair e.g. heart; x. ref. to shortage of organs for transplantation/cre market/ref. to high cost/use of data base to local 	ame blood group AW; ked to vi.) oduce organs; itaion/use of own ates black
		Total 1
' (a)	MAX. 2 WITHOUT NAMED EXAMPLE	
	named tissue;	max. 3
(b)	 MAX. TWO IF PART IS NOT NAMED A = upper epidermis; ii ref. to a single layer of cells; iii produces/secretes wax/cuticle; iv to make leaf waterproof/decreases transpiration v ref. to transparent nature of + cells/cuticle; (a) re chloroplasts vi to allow light to pass through; (linked to v.) vii ref. to acting as a barrier against + bacteria/fung 	f. to lack of
	viiiB = palisade mesophyll;ixcells are very long/columnar AW;xcells contain many chloroplasts/much chlorophyxiref. to photosynthesis; AWARD ONCExiiC = spongy mesophyll;	ll; AWARD ONCI max. 3
	xiiC = spongy mesophyll;xiiicells are rounded;xivref. to presence of air spaces (between cells)/cexvcells contain + chloroplasts/chlorophyll; AWARDxviref. to photosynthesis; AWARD ONCE	ONCE
	 <u>xvii</u> ref. to gaseous exchange AW; description <u>xviii</u> D = guard cells/stoma(ata); <u>xix</u> ref. to presence of guard cells in pairs; <u>xx</u> guard cells surround a + pore/hole/stoma; <u>xxii</u> and control its opening or closing; <u>xxiii</u> ref. to gaseous exchange AW; <u>xxiii</u> ref. to control of transpiration; <u>xxiv</u> cells contain + chloroplasts/chlorophyll; AWARD <u>xxv</u> ref. to shape of guard cells/irregular thickness of <u>xxvi</u> correct ref. to role of turgor in cells; (can award for the second second	f cell wall;



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/05

BIOLOGY (Practical)

Page 1	Mark Scheme Sylla	abu 🔗
		510 Pba
(a)	× lose these marking points if no table	So
	 use of ruled lines for columns and rows; time (table heading); temperature (table heading); 	MMM, Papaca
	record of units temp <u>and</u> min/clock times ; readings taken at 2 min intervals ; (<i>6 readings in total</i>) records for both A and B ;	max 5
()	 only credit these marking points if bar chart drawn k lose these marking points if axes the wrong way round AND) award max 4
	 × orientation of axes ; (time horizontal, temp vertical) ✓ labels for axes including units ; (A) clock times × plotting data using suitable scale ; c. half the paper minute linear scale, sensible scale, grid capable of plote 	
	plotting data for A (points visible, no obvious error, not (plotting data for B (points visible, no obvious error, not (0,0));
	clear lines ; correctly drawn, not extending beyond data plots each curve identified/use of key ;	max 5
(c) (i)	temperature decreases ; comment on decrease ;	2
(ii)	temp. of A decreases more than B/converse ; more heat lost from A/converse ; B remains almost the same/use of comparative figs./ comment on gradient/comment on rate ;	max 2
(iii)	animal at the centre of a group will retain, heat/warmth ; solitary animal will lose more heat ; crowding is better to retain heat (in cold conditions) ; ref. to surface area (of individual v. group) ;	max 2
(iv)	suggestion ; explanation/detail ; suggestion ; explanation/detail ; <i>Credit any reasonable suggestion such as</i> increase time/change starting temperature/ change the no. of tubes/repeats/ cover tubes with different material/ other suitable suggestion	4

Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCS	E EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0610
(a) (i)	Drawing ~	clear outline W1 ; at least 5 cm in one direction ; 3 body sections shown ;	Syllabe 0610 0610 uld be 2 / 1 pair)
	Labels ~	legs; (<i>should be 6/3 pairs</i>) <u>antennae</u> /compound eyes; (<i>shou</i> head/thorax/abdomen;	<i>uld be 2 / 1 pair)</i> 6
(ii)	clear measu	rawing measured correctly (±2 mm) ; urement line shown ; culation of "drawing length ÷ specimen	
(b)	Credit any r	easonable suggestion together with reaso	on, such as
	cover top w camouflage	vith vegetation ; e ;	
		that container is deep enough ; insects from escaping ;	
		n container ; stop insects escaping ;	
	smooth/slip stop insects	opery side; s escaping;	
	bait ; to attract ins other valid s	sects; suggestion;;	max 4
(c) (i)		/tough/sturdy/shape ref. ; delicate / shape ref. ;	2
		/chewing/cutting/holding/grasping/ etc ing/equivalent ;	c.; 2
(ii)	Credit any s	uitable comparison, such as	
	W1 has har W2 has long	outstretched wings and W2 has outstr rd casing and W2 does not ; ig <u>er</u> antennae ; ore delicate legs ;	retched wings ;
	other suital	ble comparison ; ; ;	max 3



NOVMEBER 2003

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/06

BIOLOGY (Alternative to Practical)

	ge 1	Mark Scheme Sylla	abu 2
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 06	510 1230
			PH.
Questi	on 1		onia
(a) (i)	Graph		Se.C
	S - s L - la P+P-c D - r e K - id	axes to show correct orientation; suitable scale to fill the printed grid; [at 10 mins scale should cover 2 abel axes correctly with appropriate unit; correct plotting [minus 1 for 1 error, minus 2 for 2 errors] ruled straight lines from point to point / smooth line of best fit [F extrapolation back to axes. Allow extra line past 10 min for label line] dentify lines by labels or use of a key; am allow L , O , K to max 3.	
	-		[']
(ii)	temperat but if	ture drops faster at first / AW; ture continues to drop but slower / AW; A loses heat with no further detail, max 1 mark edit for a description comparing A with B and C	[2]
(iii)	reference to one tube having dropped more / lower / faster than another; A compared with B / A compared with C / B compared with C; (<i>if just final temperatures given with no working = 0</i>)		
(iv)	reference to animals or tubes <i>with idea of</i> transfer of heat/trap warm air/keep them warm /maintain body temperature; use of appropriate scientific term – insulation/conduction/radiation/convection; [2]		
(b)	use of lids stir the wat replication/ more frequ	es from draughts/move apparatus out of draught; [to reduce loss of heat from too exposed surface]; ter before taking temperature reading; /average/ accept measure more tubes in outer ring C; uent readings; [<i>ignore longer periods</i>]	
		e more test tubes or larger groups/use of animals or blood ins s/alter volume of water.	stead of MAX [2]
			[Total: 15]
-	2		
Questi (a) (i)		 clear outline of whole animal; <i>R</i> sketchy outlines and exce artistic shading proportions; <i>R</i>. obvious gross errors/extra detail not presen e.g. open carapace detail; check 3 parts to body and 3 pairs of segmented legs. 	ot
	Labels:	number and structure for 1 mark 6 legs/3 pairs/6 jointed appendages; 2 antennae/feelers; R. <i>anthers/tentacles</i> ; 3 parts to body / head and thorax and abdomen; <i>R. segmented body alone</i>	
		2 pairs of wings (accept 1 pair of wings / wing covers) ignore mouthparts/carpace/hard case.	MAX [5]

			Svilabo
Pag	ge 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabo
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0610 Pba
))	traps n so anir	precautions and explanations from:- nust be checked early and regularly; mals do not become eaten/escape; suitable fluid;	ambridge.com

use of suitable fluid; to kill the insects/to stop carnivorous insects/predators/large animals eating beetles;

suitable covering/mesh; animals washed away/eaten; rain;

container deep enough/grease sides of pit; so beetles cannot escape/trap insects;

R. bait/food to attract insects/identification of insects/exit holes for rain/glass pits/position of pits/gap around tin/sharp edge/use of gloves. MAX [4]

THREE visible differences between beetle in Fig. 2.1 and the butterfly in Fig. 2.3 (c)

Feature Beetle fig 2.1 Butterfly fig 2.3 wings one pair / 2 pairs of wings [alone] / no wings / bigger / visible wings / folded wings unfolded / upright wings; wing covers present wings exposed / absent; antennae (accept ecf for shorter / smaller / longer / larger / incorrect name already no swellings / swellings at tip / penalised) segmented not segmented; pincers / claws / mouthparts proboscis / tongue / piercing parts / AW sucking; none / not visible / small compound / visible / large; eyes R. simple eyes accept small accept large; body abdomen visible / segmented; not visible (accept not segmente segments not visible) R. striped/shaded hairy / claws not hairy / no claws; legs R. length of legs

Need points from **both** insects to be compared - statements MUST be paired.

MAX [3]

[Total: 15]

		they are a second secon
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Question 3

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Question 3		Cambric	
ONE o Cover Cover Water Use of Shoot preven Cobalt	age 3 Mark Scheme Syllabt IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 0610 stion 3 Award 1 + 1 mark in pairs (i.e. second mark can only be awarded with its own first mark) ONE of:- Cover with petroleum jelly; Plant will not wilt; Cover with polythene bag/bell jar/bottle; condensation/drops of water will collect; R. water vapour Use of photometer; bubble movement/level of capillary water; Shoot in container; water taken up; [needs for water to be covered with oil to prevent evaporation/covered with polythene]. Cobalt chloride paper; colour change – to pink; Anhydrous copper sulphatecolour change – to blue; <i>R. litmus/universal indicator</i> [2]		
(b) to prev	ent / minimise loss of moisture / water from the soil / pot by	evaporation; [1]	
same l same d same t same t same t same t same a data a	apparatus including same sized/mass plants/equal number bags conditions of water added before starting investigation; ime for readings/one day; conditions of light; emperature; numidity; air movement; nalysis/comparison of graphs; late describes a different experiment, then max 2 for 2 controlled conditions		

(d)		
feature	description	comment relating to adaptation
leaves	no leaves / small leaves / small surface area / spines / thorns;	to reduce water loss / transpiration; for protection / to prevent being grazed / eaten;
	hairs [or stem or plant];	to trap water;
stem (R. bulb)	swollen / thick / fleshy / succulent;	stores water;
	green / ref. chlorophyll;	for photosynthesis [as leaf area reduced];
cuticle / skin	thick/waxy; R. hard alone	stops water loss;
roots	long / tap;	to trap / absorb water from deep;
	shallow / network / fibrous / many roots;	to trap/absorb water over wide area; <i>R. store water</i>
hairs/spines	on stem / plant / surface;	traps moist air; reduce transpiration;
stomata	not in direct light / sunken / less in number;	reduce water loss / reduce transpiration;
plant shape	width / thickness / less surface area to volume ratio / reduce surface area; <i>ignore compact</i>	stores water / reduce water loss;

3 valid features without adaptation comment = max 1 *R. big roots / main root / light reflecting / shiny / ribs / grooves*

MAX [3]

[Total: 10]