Tabacanhirida

### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

# MARK SCHEME for the November 2004 question papers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

 CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.

Grade threshole examination.	<b>ds</b> taken for S	yllabus 0610/0	03 (Biology) in	the Novembe	MMM, Papal	Cambridge.com
	maximum	mir	nimum mark re	equired for gra	de:	G. COM
	mark available	А	С	Е	F	
Component 3	80	52	39	26	21	

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.

www.PapaCambridge.com

## **NOVEMBER 2004**

# **INTERNATIONAL GCSE**

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

**SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/03** 

BIOLOGY Paper 3 (Extended Theory)

				Syllahr N. D
	Page 1		Mark Scheme	Syllabu
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610
1	(a)	(i)	(ANIMAL CELLS) <b>B</b> , <b>C</b> + (PLANT CELLS) <b>A</b> , <b>D</b> ;	Cambridge [1]
		(ii)	Ref. to (cell) wall/(sap) vacuole; ® chloroplast	[1]
	(b)		MARK COLUMNS INDEPENDENTLY	On
			CELL SDECIAL EEATLIDE CELL ELING	TION

> **CELL SPECIAL FEATURE CELL FUNCTION** (A) ref. to chloroplasts ref. to /chlorophyll; photosynthesis/ability to trap or absorb light/make starch AW: ref. to fibrils or fibres or (B) ref. to movement AW; protein strands/ability to A to contract (if not contract AW; already given) A ref. to many mitochondria ® to relax unqualified ® elastic ® elastic presence of cilia/hairs/ref to ref. to movement of (C) ciliated cell; mucus/removal of bacteria or impurities or A ref. to many mitochondria dust AW (from ® has hair ® villi windpipe)/movement of egg (in oviduct); ® to trap bacteria A microvilli/brush border A absorption of glucose/amino acids (linked to microvilli or brush border) (D) ref. to root hair/(long) ref. to absorption of water extension AW/large surface or minerals/ref. to area: osmosis/ref. to diffusion + of oxygen or other named A ref. to hair-like extension material/anchorage or A ref. to many mitochondria support AW; ® large vacuole; A ref. to large surface area (if not awarded

> > [8]

\*ONLY AWARD MITOCHRONDRIA AS A FEATURE ONCE\*

Total 10

under feature column)

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610

#### 2 DO NOT ACCEPT TERMS OTHER THAN 'LESS' OR 'MORE' (a)

					m	
Page 2		Mark Sch	neme	;	Syllabu 🔧	
_	IGCSE EX	AMINATIONS	- NOVEMBER	R 2004	0610	2
2 (a)	DO NOT AC	CCEPT TERM	S OTHER TH	IAN 'LESS' (	OR 'MORE'	ORCAMBRIDGE.COM
	dairy	cereals	meat,	sugar,	vegetables,	CO
	products		eggs,	sweets	fruit	7
			fish			
African diet contains	less	more	less	less	more	

ALL NEED TO BE CORECT FOR THE MARK

[1]

[2]

- (b) 1. cereals/sugar/sweets/vegetables/fruit;
  - 2. dairy products/meat/eggs/fish/sweets; ® sugar unqual.

#### (c) **ACCEPT CONVERSE ARGUMENTS** (i)

ref. to less or not enough proteins in African diet + ref. to less meat/eggs/fish/dairy products AW; ® no protein

A less calcium in diet + ref. to less dairy products

[1]

ref. to less or not enough vegetables/fruit; ® no vegetables/fruit ref. to less vitamin C/ascorbic acid; ® less vitamins unqual.

[2]

(iii)

(ii)

- i. ref. to less or not enough vegetable/fruit/cereals; ® no vegetables/fruit
- ii. ref. to less or not enough roughage/fibre/cellulose + present AW; ® no fibre
- iii. gives bulk to food passing through gut AW;
- iv. to help with peristalsis AW;
- v. ref. to more meat + increases chance of colon cancer AW; max. [3]

Total 9

- 3 capillary drawn as double line + with correct links to artery and vein; (a) (i) D ✓ arrow for direction of blood flow + correct;
  - ® arrow if no capillary is drawn
  - liver; A hepatic portal vein

[1]

[2]

(b) (i) glucose; A sugars

amino acids;

minerals; (A) named examples

A named examples ® vitamin A or D vitamins:

carbon dioxide;

water;

max. [1]

[1]

(ii) oxygen;

			The same
Page 3	3	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610
(c)		presence of microvilli; one cell thick or ref. to (very) thin; ® thin cell wall large surface area; ref. to partially permeable AW; high respiration rate/ref. to active transport; @ presence of mitochondria in cells	Syllabu Rando
(d)	(i)	lacteal;	[1]
	iii. iv.	ref. to (absorption of) <u>fatty acids;</u> ref. to (absorption of) <u>glycerol;</u> ref. to (absorption of) fat/fat droplets/lipids; ref. to (absorption of) fat-soluble vitamins; ref. to absorption into + lymphatic system/lymph/lymp ® refs. to lacteal	oh vessel; max. [2]
(e)	ii. iii. iv. v.	ref. to lymph + glands/nodes; ref. to production of white blood cells/lymphocytes; ref. to role of lymphocytes - producing antibodies/ant antibodies+ fight or kill or destroy bacteria or microbe bacteria or toxins AW; ® germs ® disease ref. to return of tissue fluid AW/transport of fats + to be stream AW; ® refs. to transport of fats/tissue fluid unqualified	es/neutralise blood
		ref. to prevention of oedema AW/draining of tissue fluoref. to transport of white blood cells;	uid AW; <b>max. [3]</b>
			<u>Total 13</u>
(a)	ii.	mosquitoes/ticks/fleas are carriers/vectors; ® arthropotransmitted by mosquito feeds on blood of infected bird/mammal; infected mosquito feeds on human/bird/mammal + paron infection AW	·
(b)	ii iii	TREAT ANSWER AS A LIST – MARK FIRST TWO F ref. to raw materials/water/DNA/RNA/nucleic acid + av ® food ® oxygen ref. to suitable temperature/warm; ref. to cells present; ® r e d blood cells blood provides transport (to cells) AW;	

ref. to travelling (large) distances/from place to place/migrate/fly;

[1]

4.

(c)

(A) ref. to export of birds

Page 4	4		Syllabu	.0
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610	X
				kill in
(d)	i.	ref. to some pesticides/DDT + kill indiscriminately/non-	specific/l	kill
		useful insects AW; ® harms insects		_
	ii.	ref. to some pesticides/DDT + are non-biodegradable	/remain	in
	iii.	environment for a long time AW; ® refs to atmosphere ref. to soil/land/water/river/lake + pollution;	е	
		® refs to eutrophication		
	iv.	ref. to cause deformed babies;		
		ref. to accumulates in fat/stored in fat;		
		ref. to bioaccumulation in food chains AW;		
		ref. to effect on animals at top of food chain;		
	VIII.	ref. to disruption of food chains;		max. [3
(e)	i.	ref. to exoskeleton or cuticle;		
` ,		ref. to bilateral symmetry;		
		ref. to segmented body;		
		ref. to jointed limbs;		£ 12
	V.	ref. to pairs of appendages AW/paired limbs/3 or more ® wings/compound eyes/antennae/2 or 3 parts to boo		n iimbs; ma:
		wings/compound eyes/antennae/2 or 3 parts to boo	-	max. [2
(f)	i.	each organism has two names/ref. to genus and spec	<u>cies</u> ;	
	ii.	genus = Culex		
		trivial/species names = pipiens; ref. to use of Latin for name/name in italics/name und	lerlined:	
		Tel. to use of Eath for hame/hame in italies/hame and		max. [3
				_
				Total 1
(a)	(i)	NO MARKS FOR REFS. TO PHOTOTROPISM		
		positive; (only award if linked to geotropism)		
		geotropism; (can award, even if linked to 'negative')	)	[2
	(ii)			
	i.	ref. to auxin;		
		produced (near) tip of root AW;		
		ref. to <u>diffusion</u> to other parts of root;	- cr ·	- <b>c</b>
	IV.	collects on/moves to + lower side of root AW; (A) ref. t	o effect	OŤ

gravity

(iii) to obtain water;

v. slows down cell growth on lower side;vi. resulting in differential growth rate AW;

ref. to anchorage/stability AW;

to obtain minerals/named minerals/salts/nutrients/® food

max. [3]

max. [2]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabo
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610
(b) (i)	ref. to <u>control</u> ; ref. to acting as a comparison; ref. to no effect of gravity AW/gravity is constantly o	changing AW;
(ii)	ref. to light will be another variable; root will respond to light as well as gravity AW; to k uniform AW;	77
(c) i	nlumulas/leaves in dark will lack chloronhyll/he mor	ro I

(c) i. plumules/leaves in dark will lack chlorophyll/be more yellow/pale/white/etiolated;

- **ii.** plumules/stem in dark + will be longer/thinner/weaker/have longer internodes/grow faster; (A) etiolated if not already given
- iii. leaves in dark will be undeveloped/smaller;
- iv. plumules in light will bend towards light;

max. [2]

Total 11

6 (a) feeding/nutrition;

excreting; A urinating B defaecating responding to stimuli/sensitivity/irritability breathing;

® grow max. [2]

(b) temperature of lizard drops AW; ref. to relationship being <u>directly</u> proportional; from 20° to 10°/drops 10°;

max. [2]

		Willah W. A.
Page 6	Mark Scheme S	Syllabu
•	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610
(c)	MAX. 3 PER MECHANISM ANY TWO MECHANISMS FROM:	ambridge
i.	MAX. 2 IF REF. TO CAPILLARIES/VEINS ref. to vasoconstriction/description of process;	COM
ii.	® refs to movement of blood vessels no or less blood near skin surface/blood insulated b	pelow fat AW:

### **MAX. 3 PER MECHANISM** (c) ANY TWO MECHANISMS FROM:

## MAX. 2 IF REF. TO CAPILLARIES/VEINS

i.	ref. to vasoconstriction/description of process;
	® refs to movement of blood vessels

- ii. no or less blood near skin surface/blood insulated below fat AW;
- so less heat + lost/radiated from skin (surface); ® no heat lost iii.
- iv. ref. to hairs becoming erect AW; ® ref. to presence of hairs unqual.
- due to erector muscles + contracting; ٧.
- vi. hairs trap layer of air;
- air acts as insulator/ref. to poor conductor AW; vii.
- viii. ref. to shivering;
- ix. muscles contract uncontrollably AW;
- heat generated through respiration (in muscles); X.
- xi. sweat production slows down; (A) stops;
- xii. less water evaporates from skin (surface);
- xiii. so heat lost by evaporation is reduced/more heat retained AW;
- ref. to liver; xiv.
- XV. ref. to conversion AW of glycogen to glucose;
- ref. to adrenaline; xvi.
- xvii. ref. to increase in + metabolic rate/rate of respiration;
- xviii. more heat (energy) produced;
- ref. to increase in exercise/movement; xix.
- **x.** ref. to increase in rate of respiration;
- ref. to some heat produced AW; xxi.

max. [6]

- (d) i. less respiration/metabolic reactions slow down AW;
  - respiration controlled by enzymes; ii.
  - enzymes work more slowly as temperature drops AW; ii.
  - vi. less energy + released/available;

max. [2] Total 12

#### 7 (a) (i) A + E; (both needed for the mark)

[1]

(ii)

- i. improved + health facilities/more doctors/housing/medicine/ immunisation AW/eradication of disease/less diseases;
- more/better + food supplies AW;
- iii. better health education:
- iv. cleaner water supplies/better sanitation;
- ref. to (better) control of disease vectors AW;
  - A ref. to use of insecticides
- vi. less wars; max. [2]

	May	
Page 7	Mark Scheme Syllabu	5
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004 0610	800
(b)	(Country) B,	adda Cann
	ref. to the biggest drop in life expectancy/from 59 to 39/drops by 20; ® has the lowest life expectancy	[2]
(c) (i)	HIV + is a virus/is not a bacterium; antibiotics only are only effective against bacterial diseases AW;	
	(A) converse statement	[2]
(ii)	sheath/condom/femidom; ref. to no transfer of body fluids (between penis and vagina) AW;	
(iii)	ANY ONE DESCRIPTION FROM:	
i.	ref. to injection (of drugs)/use of sharp instrument AW;	
ii.	ref. to sharing needles + between infected and non-infected peopl	e;
iii.	ref. to contamination on needle AW; (A) unsterilised/dirty	
iv.	ref. to blood transfusion/surgical operation;	
٧.	ref. to contaminated blood/contaminated equipment;	
vi.	7,	
	passed from mother to fetus AW;	
	<ul><li>i. via placenta/breast milk;</li><li>ref. to contamination during birth process AW;</li><li>max</li></ul>	. [3]

Total 12