

## MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum mark 80

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Grade threshold	<b>ds</b> for Syllabus	s 0610/03 (Bio	logy) in the Ju	ine 2005 exan	hunn, papar	Cambridge.com
	maximum	mir	nimum mark re	equired for gra	de:	Sec
	mark available	А	С	E	F	OTH
Component 3	80	54	34	22	16	

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.



**JUNE 2005** 

IGCSE

# MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

## SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/03

BIOLOGY Paper 3 (Extended Theory)

Page 1	Mark Scheme Syllab	
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2005 0610	10a
		- 67
	rof to size/agg/aggaing of plant:	www.papaCall
(a)	ref. to size/age/species of plant; <u>light;</u> (R) sun unqual.	
	carbon dioxide; R air unqual. R oxygen	
	temperature/heat/warmth; soil type AW;	
	pH (of soil);	
	spacing of plants AW; (A) other plausible answers	max. [3]
(b)(i)	(description) max. 2	
	<ul> <li>ref. to reduced growth/stunted growth/plant shorter or sm</li> <li>upper leaves pale green + bottom leaves yellow/dead or statement</li> </ul>	
	area smaller;	Sunace
	<ul> <li>stem thin(ner);</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>roots small(er) AW;</li> </ul>	
	(explanation)	
	<ul> <li>to form + proteins/amino acids/other viable example of us nitrate;</li> </ul>	se of
	<ul> <li>ref. to lack of chlorophyll/chlorophyll is a protein;</li> </ul>	max. [4]
(ii)	(description)	
	(lower) leaves pale green + yellow/(upper) leaves paler than	n normal;
	(explanation)	
	magnesium needed to form + chlorophyll/chloroplasts/ photosynthesis (or description) will be reduced AW;	[2]
	photosynthesis (or description) will be reduced Aw,	[4]
(c)(i)	<ul> <li>ref. to use of nitrate by (previous) crop AW/weeds or crop</li> </ul>	eaten hv
	animals;	caten by
	• ref. to nitrate changed to protein in crop AW;	
	<ul> <li>ref. to action of denitrifying bacteria/waterlogging of soil;</li> <li>ref. to leaching; (A) washed away</li> </ul>	max. [2]
	• Tel. to leadining, (A) washed away	max. [2]
(ii)		
	<ul> <li>addition of + manure/compost/sewage sludge;</li> <li>addition of fertiliser/named nitrogen-based fertiliser;(R) nit</li> </ul>	trates
	unqual	
	• ref. to growth of + leguminous AW plants/suitable named clover, peas, beans; (R) crop rotation unqual.	plants e.g.
	<ul> <li>leave fallow and plough in/plough in dead plants ;</li> </ul>	

• improve soil drainage/aerate soil AW; max. [2]

	Page 2	Mark Scheme Syllabu	MMM. D
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2005 0610	Sp2
			67
	(d)		des
	ζ,	• ref. to leguminous plants AW/presence of nodules; (R) no	des
leguminous		ref. to <u>nitrogen-fixing bacteria;</u>	
plants)		• ref. to conversion of nitrogen into ammonium salts/nitrates	;
		<ul> <li>made available to plant AW/to provide amino acids;</li> </ul>	
insectivorou	s	<ul> <li>ref. to insects/insectivorous plants;</li> </ul>	
plants)		<ul> <li>ref. to enzymes;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>ref. to digestion AW of <u>proteins;</u></li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>to provide amino acids/amino acids absorbed;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>ref. to use of active transport/active uptake;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>presence of more/lots of + mitochondria/respiration;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>(absorption) against concentration gradient AW;</li> </ul>	max. [3]

Total: 16

Page 3	Mark Scheme Syllabu	S.
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2005 0610	12a
		"Phy
(a)	(A) ciliary (muscle/body);	w.papacambridge. es [2]
	(B) <u>pupil</u> + becomes smaller/constricts; (R) narrower (R)controls amount of light entering	. So
	(A) less light enters eye (A) makes iris larger/width increas	es [2]
(b)(i)	(voluntary)	
(b)(l)	can be controlled (by will)/involves a decision or thought/not	
	automatic; (A)control by brain(R)conscious(R)knowingly	
	(antagonistic) ref. to opposing/working against each other/one contracts	
	while the other relaxes AW;	[2]
(ii)	CHECK FOR ARROWS OR ANNOTATIONS ON FIG. 2.1	
	ref. to eye ball pulled to the right AW; (A) clockwise (R) up (A) outwards/towards muscle $\mathbf{C}$	[1]
	$\bigcirc$	[.]
(iii)	ref. to contraction AW of muscle <b>D</b> + relaxation of muscle <b>C</b> ; <b>D</b> pulls on eyeball AW;	
	<b>C</b> is antagonistic to <b>D</b> ;	[max. 2]
(c)	2 MARKS FOR CORRECT ORDER	
	1 MARK FOR TWO INCORRECT	

(d)

	type of light detected	distribution in the retina
rods	ref. to shades of grey/ dim light/black and white/low light intensity; A night/dark/white	ref. to spread over (retina); (A) more concentrated on margins (R) on sides unqual.
cones	ref. to colour/bright light/ high light intensity/day(light); A single named colour	ref. to in fovea/yellow spot;

[4]

Total: 13]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabu	õ
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2005	0610	1

#### 3 CAN AWARD ROLE WITHOUT CORRECT NAME (a) CAN ACCEPT RIB CAGE IN B AND V.V.

				4222
Pag	e 4	IGCSE E	Mark Scheme XAMINATIONS – JUNE 2005	Syllabu 0610
3 (a	a)	CAN AWARD R	OLE WITHOUT CORRECT NAME RIB CAGE IN B AND V.V.	Syllabu 0610
part		name	role in breathing i	n
A ↓	ribs; Ar	ib cage	prevent collapse of thoracic cavity result of pressure changes) AW/ ref. to attachment of muscles/ move up to + increase volume/dec R space	or lungs AW (as a
В	intercostal muscle;		contracts + to move ribcage up or volume of chest cavity or lungs AV pressure; R refs to internal intercostals	
С	diaphragm ;		contracts/moves downwards + to in chest cavity AW/decrease pressure 'space'	~

max. [6]

(b)(i)

- ref. to <u>cilia</u> + beat/move AW; (R) refs to hairs (R) cilia trap germs
- to move dust/mucus + up or out (of bronchus);
- ref. to secretion/production + of mucus;
- ref. to sticky nature AW;
- to trap + dust/bacteria; (linked to mucus)

max. [4]

- NO MARK FOR AFFECT WITHOUT CORRECT NAMED SUBSTANCE (ii) 1 MARK FOR THE SUBSTANCE, 1 MARK FOR EFFECT (R) carbon monoxide
  - <u>nicotine;</u>
  - <u>cilia</u> + become paralysed/stop working AW ; (R) killed
  - cilia unable to remove mucus from + bronchi/airways AW;
  - cell lining AW can be infected by trapped microbes;
  - <u>tar;</u>
  - ref. to cells become cancerous AW;
  - increased production of mucus;
  - <u>cilia</u> + become paralysed/stop working AW; (R)killed
  - carbon particles;
  - increased production of mucus;

max. [2]

Total: [12]

					4747	
	Page 5		Mark Sch	ieme	Syllabo 7.0	
	Ŭ		GCSE EXAMINATIO		0610	
4	(a)(i)	• ref. to	transpired water va	nt/reduces wind effect AV apour trapped inside curl reduced/humidity increas	V; ed leaf AW; ed inside curled	anbridge.com
			nts water loss/less es surface area + e	+ transpiration/water loss exposed AW;	s/evaporation; <b>max.  </b>	
			-	of water from leaf;  w s heating effect of sun AV		[1]
	(ii)	better ac		r/mineral salts; (R)goes rption;(R)anchorage	s deeper unqual. max.	[1]
		<ul><li>ref. to</li><li>less v</li></ul>	storage of water; small surface area vater loss/less trans ability to photosyn	spiration;	max.	[2]
	(b)	<ul> <li>less li</li> <li>less s</li> <li>less a</li> <li>less ti</li> <li>less n</li> <li>less c</li> </ul>	surface area; ght absorbed; tomata; tosorption of carbor ranspiration; novement of minera chlorophyll/chloropla bhotosynthesis; (A)	als/water + from roots; asts;	max.	[2]
	(c)(i)(i	/	MARK COLUMNS I			
		cription	name of	variable that, if inc	-	
			osmosis; A diffusion	speed up the concentration of minera water in soil/temperatu any factor that increase root hairs;;	ls in root hairs/ re/transpiration (or	
	using to for		photosynthesis;	light/conc. of carbon dioxide/temperature/wa	ter/chlorophyll/	

chloroplasts;

temperature/wind speed/ dryness of air/number of size of stomata; (A) ref. to light/heat (R) refs. to humidity

[6]

Total [14]

transpiration; A diffusion

(A) evaporation

glucose

of water vapour out

of leaves

movement

<ul> <li>(iii) <u>zyqote</u>: (A) diploid (B) embryo</li> <li>(iv) ref. to sperm cell that fertilises it must be carrying an X (chromosome); ref. to fertilised egg cell contains XX; (A) egg cell had not been fertilised by a Y sperm AW</li> <li>(b) (i) ovary; (A) follicle</li> <li>(ii) oviduct/fallopian tube; (I</li> <li>(iii) uterus; (A) womb</li> <li>(c) (amniotic fluid)</li> <li>protects fetus from physical damage/cushions; (B) protects unqual.</li> <li>acts as shock absorber AW; (B) prevents shock unqual.</li> <li>prevents unequal pressures from acting on fetus/maintains constant environment/allows free movement;</li> <li>protects fetus from temperature fluctuations AW; (B) insulates unqual.</li> <li>protects tetus from drying out AW;</li> <li>ref. to absorbs + excretory material/urine from fetus; max. [1</li> <li>(anniotic sac)</li> <li>secretes/produces + amniotic fluid;</li> <li>encloses/contains + amniotic fluid AW; max. [1</li> <li>(d)(i) IGNORE REFS TO NUTRIENTS/FOOD</li> <li>ref. to exchange of up to two named materials e.g. oxygen/glucose/ water/amino acids/antibodies/urea/carbon dioxide;;</li> <li>(A) other correct materials (B) protein</li> <li>ref. to protection of blood mixing/allows blood systems to be close AW;</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protection for progesterone; (ignore oestrogen refs.) to keep lining of uterus thick/prevents menstruation/to prevent breakdown of uterus lining;</li> </ul>	Ρ	Page 6	Mark Scheme Syllabu	·A.
<ul> <li>(A) less cytoplasm/less food stores AW</li> <li>(iii) <u>zyqote</u>: (A) diploid (B) embryo</li> <li>(1)</li> <li>(iv) ref. to sperm cell that fertilises it must be carrying an X (chromosome); ref. to fertilised egg cell contains XX;</li> <li>(A) egg cell had not been fertilised by a Y sperm AW</li> <li>(1)</li> <li>(b)(i) ovary; (A) follicle</li> <li>(1)</li> <li>(ii) oviduct/fallopian tube;</li> <li>(1)</li> <li>(iii) uterus; (A) womb</li> <li>(1)</li> <li>(c) (anniotic fluid)</li> <li>protects fetus from physical damage/cushions; (B) protects unqual.</li> <li>acts as shock absorber AW; (B) prevents shock unqual.</li> <li>prevents unequal pressures from acting on fetus/maintains constant environment/allows free movement;</li> <li>protects fetus from temperature fluctuations AW; (B) insulates unqual.</li> <li>protects fetus from drying out AW;</li> <li>ref. to absorbs + excretory material/urine from fetus; max. [1</li> <li>(d)(i) IGNORE REFS TO NUTRIENTS/FOOD</li> <li>ref. to exchange of up to two named materials e.g. oxygen/glucose/ water/amino acids/artibodies/urea/carbon dioxide;;</li> <li>(A) other correct materials (B) protein</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protection for mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protection of progesterone; (ignore oestrogen refs.) to keep lining of uterus thick/prevents menstruation/to prevent breakdown of uterus lining;</li> <li>(A) prevents uterine muscle contracting</li> </ul>			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2005 0610	Pac.
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<ul> <li>protects fetus from physical damage/cushions; (R) protects unqual.</li> <li>acts as shock absorber AW; (R) prevents shock unqual.</li> <li>B supports unqual.</li> <li>prevents unequal pressures from acting on fetus/maintains constant environment/allows free movement;</li> <li>protects fetus from temperature fluctuations AW; (R) insulates unqual.</li> <li>protects fetus from drying out AW;</li> <li>ref. to absorbs + excretory material/urine from fetus; max. [1</li> <li>(amniotic sac)</li> <li>secretes/produces + amniotic fluid;</li> <li>encloses/contains + amniotic fluid AW; max. [1</li> <li>(d)(i) IGNORE REFS TO NUTRIENTS/FOOD</li> <li>ref. to exchange of up to two named materials e.g. oxygen/glucose/ water/amino acids/antibodies/urea/carbon dioxide; ;</li> <li>(A) other correct materials (R) protein</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to secretion of progesterone; (ignore oestrogen refs.) to keep lining of uterus thick/prevents menstruation/to prevent breakdown of uterus lining;</li> <li>(A) prevents uterine muscle contracting</li> </ul>		(iii)	uterus;	[1]
<ul> <li>secretes/produces + amniotic fluid;</li> <li>encloses/contains + amniotic fluid AW; max. [1</li> <li>(d)(i) IGNORE REFS TO NUTRIENTS/FOOD</li> <li>ref. to exchange of up to <u>two named</u> materials e.g. oxygen/glucose/ water/amino acids/antibodies/urea/carbon dioxide; ;</li> <li>(A) other correct materials (R) protein</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protective role in preventing the entry of some pathogens AW; (R) germs/disease max. [4</li> <li>(ii) ref. to secretion of progesterone; (ignore oestrogen refs.) to keep lining of uterus thick/prevents menstruation/to prevent breakdown of uterus lining;</li> <li>(A) prevents uterine muscle contracting [2</li> </ul>			prevents unequal pressures from acting on fetus/maintains con- environment/allows free movement; protects fetus from temperature fluctuations AW; (R) insulates unqual. protects fetus from drying out AW;	
<ul> <li>ref. to exchange of up to <u>two named</u> materials e.g. oxygen/glucose/ water/amino acids/antibodies/urea/carbon dioxide; ;</li> <li>A other correct materials R protein</li> <li>ref. to physical attachment between fetus and uterus/mother;</li> <li>ref. to prevention of blood mixing/allows blood systems to be close AW;</li> <li>ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure;</li> <li>ref. to protective role in preventing the entry of some pathogens AW; R germs/disease max. [4</li> <li>(ii) ref. to secretion of progesterone; (ignore oestrogen refs.) to keep lining of uterus thick/prevents menstruation/to prevent breakdown of uterus lining;</li> <li>A prevents uterine muscle contracting [2</li> </ul>		•	secretes/produces + amniotic fluid;	max. [1]
<ul> <li>(ii) ref. to secretion of progesterone; (ignore oestrogen refs.) to keep lining of uterus thick/prevents menstruation/to prevent breakdown of uterus lining;</li> <li>(A) prevents uterine muscle contracting</li> </ul>		•	ref. to exchange of up to <u>two named</u> materials e.g. oxygen/gluc water/amino acids/antibodies/urea/carbon dioxide; ; (A) other correct materials (R) protein ref. to physical attachment between fetus and uterus/mother; ref. to prevention of blood mixing/allows blood systems to be clo AW; ref. to protection from mother's (high) blood pressure; ref. to protective role in preventing the entry of some pathogens	ose
		(ii)	ref. to secretion of progesterone; (ignore oestrogen refs.) to keep lining of uterus thick/prevents menstruation/to prevent breakdown of uterus lining;	
Total 1			(A) prevents uterine muscle contracting	[2]
				Total 15

Page 7		Syllabu 2
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2005	0610
		Syllabo 0610 [2] species/trivial;
(a)	ref. to presence of <u>feathers;</u> (R) wings ref. to presence of beak; (A) bill	[2]
(b)(i)	each organism is given two names/ref. to <u>genus</u> and s suitable example ( <i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i> or <i>Oxyura leuc</i>	species/trivial; cocephala); [2]
(ii)	cross-mating results in a fertile + duck/variety/offsprin new species; they both belong to the + same genus/genus Oxyura; they are attracted to each other AW;	
(c)(i)	they also exist in America; $\bigcirc$ they exist in Spain $\bigcirc$ refs to other parts of the world unqual.	[1]
(ii)	<ul> <li>ref. to hunting/more predators;</li> <li>ref. to destruction of habitat;</li> <li>ref. to pollution;</li> <li>ref. to disease;</li> <li>ref. to loss of food/more competition for food or oth</li> <li>ref. to change in climate/sudden change in environ</li> <li>ref. to very small population;</li> </ul>	
•	food chains only show one source of food for each level chain AW; ref. to two different organisms at secondary consumer ref. to no information about link between seeds and in Ruddy duck feeds + as herbivore and carnivore/at two as an omnivore AW/has two different sources of food; Ruddy ducks have two different predators AW; A is a straight line/a food web is a network AW;	r level AW; nsect larvae AW; o different levels/

Total 10