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International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/02

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 80

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published Report on the Examination.

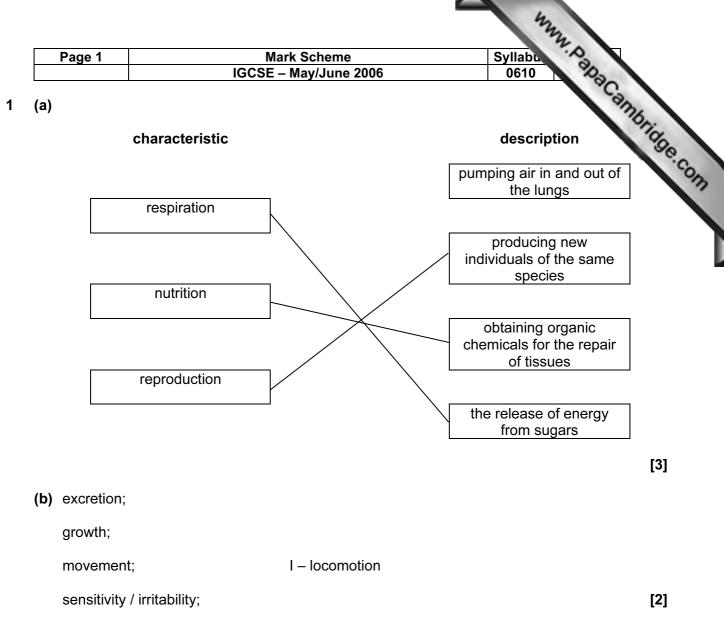
All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 guestion papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



[Total: 5]

	Page 2	2 Mark Scheme Syllabu	Sec.
		IGCSE – May/June 2006 0610	"aC
a)		land for agriculture / cattle / crops;	MBr.
	clear	land for building / factories / houses;	.99e
	clear	land for roads / airports;	www.papacambridge.
	remov	ve timber for use,	
	Any t	wo – 1 mark each	[2]
b)	(i) re	educed photosynthesis;	
	b	pecause of less plants;	
	d	lecreased removal from / increases carbon dioxide levels in atmosphe	ere;
	ir	ncreased release of carbon dioxide into atmosphere;	
	fr	rom burning / increased rotting;	
	а	accept other valid points	
	A	Any four – 1 mark each	[4]
	(ii) e	erosion by rain;	
	n	nore leaching by rain;	
	b	pecause of lack of canopy;	
	re	educed humus input to soil;	
	d	lesertification;	
	А	Any two – 1 mark each	[2]
	(iii) d	lisrupt food chains;	
	k	nock on effect within food webs / alter balance in food web;	
	d	lestruction of potential resources;	
	lo	oss of genetic pool material;	
	lo	oss of biodiversity;	
	lc	oss of habitats;	

[Total: 10]

(a) (i) label linked to sperm duct;	0610
	26
	Abric
(ii) label linked to ureter;(iii) label linked to urethro;	30
(iii) label linked to urethra;(b) produce opermy	Syllabu 0610 0610 Syllabu 05 Syllabu Syllabu Sylla
(b) produce sperm;	
produce testosterone / male hormone;	[2]
(c) condom placed over penis;	[2]
cutting and tying sperm duct / vasectomy;(d) male parent / father has XY sex chromosome;	[2]
passes either X or Y to each child;	
if X then child is female;	
if Y then child is male;	
as females always pass X to all children;	
Any three – 1 mark each	[3]
Credit relevant points shown on annotated genetic diagram	[~]
Orean relevant points shown on annotated genetic diagram	[Total: 10]
(a) (i) white;	[1]
(ii) Rr;	[1]
(b) Rr x Rr parents;	
R r R r gametes;	
RR Rr Rr rr offspring genotypes;	
3 red flowers : 1 white flower offspring phenotypes;	
matches ratio of seeds / 133 : 44;	
Any four – 1 mark each	[4]
(c) 1 red flower : 1 white flower;	[1]
(d) water;	
oxygen / air;	
heat / warmth / suitable temperature;	[3]

	Page	e 4	Mark Scheme		Syllabu A	
			IGCSE – May/June 20)06	0610	2
(a)	(i)	sun;				amp
	(ii)	evapo	pration;			1990
	(iii)	transp	piration / evapotranspiration;		Syllabu 0610	
	(iv)	moist	air rises;			
		coolin	ng happens;			
		conde	ensation;			
		Any tv	wo – 1 mark each			[2]
(b)	use	in pho	otosynthesis / raw material for reactio	ns;		
	acts	; as a s	solvent;			
	tran	sporta	tion / carries substances as it moves	in plant;		
	sup	port / t	urgor;			
	Any	two –	1 mark each			[2]
(c)	(i)	water	absorbed by osmosis;			
		cell ha	as partially permeable membrane;	R – wall		
		conce	entration gradient (water) between so	il and cell;		
		soil w	ith higher (water) concentration;			
		Any th	hree – 1 mark each			[3]
	(ii)	sea w	vater reverses concentration (water) g	gradient;		
		plants	s /roots lose water/ exosmosis occurs	;;		
		wilting	g occurs;			
		water	logged soil;			
		no / lit	ttle oxygen;			
		root c	ells die / active transport stops;			
		Any th	hree – 1 mark each			[3]

						Syllabring Band Syllabring Syllab
		Page	e 5		rk Scheme - May/June 2006	Syllaba 7.0
6	(a)) (i) boy in pub		n puberty / still growing;		action Tacan
U U	(~)	(')	-	le development;		76710
				n needed for growth and	l repair:	Se.Co.
			•	ar old only needs protein		13
			-	nree – 1 mark each	· · • · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[3]
		(ii)	-	es regularly lose some ir	n menstruation;	
				difference in size of 14		
				· eeded for haemoglobin /	-	
			Any tv	wo – 1 mark each		[2]
		(iii)	pregn	ant woman needs more	calcium;	
			neede	ed for both herself and fo	or fetus;	
			calciu	m needed for bones / tee	eth;	
			Any tv	wo – 1 mark each		[2]
	(b)	mai	ntain ti	issues / prevent scurvy;		[1]
						[Total: 8]
7	(a)	(i)	pass a	air through limewater;		
			limew	rater goes white / milky /	cloudy;	[2]
	(b)	(i)	glucos	se →;	R – ref to oxygen	
			lactic	acid;	R – ref to carbon dioxide	[2]
		(ii)	carbo	n dioxide released;		
			forms	bubbles of gas in dough	1;	
			bread rises / spongy texture formed;			[3]
		(iii)	heat k	kills yeast;		
			-	prates any ethanol;		
			-	ubbles expand more;		
			-	wo – 1 mark each		[2]
	(c)		erobic respiration needs oxygen but anaerobic does not;			
		aero	obic re:	spiration releases more	energy than anaerobic;	[2]
						[Total: 11]

			Syllabu 0610 AnaCambridge.com
Page 6		lark Scheme	Syllabo
	IGCSE	E – May/June 2006	0610
)	name of structure	letter label	shipting
	duodenum	Ζ;	00
	gall bladder	W;	·à
	liver	V;	
	pancreas	Y;	

(a) 8

name of structure	letter label
duodenum	Ζ;
gall bladder	W;
liver	V;
pancreas	Υ;
stomach	Х;

[5]

(b)	(i)	bile;		[1]
	(ii)	adrenaline;	A - insulin / glucagon;	[1]
(c)	(i)	stomach / X;		[1]
	(ii)	duodenum / small intestine / 2	<u>Z;</u>	[1]
(d)	(i)	hepatic artery;		[1]
	(ii)	red blood cells / haemoglobin;		[1]
	(iii)	hepatic vein;		[1]
	(iv)	plasma;		[1]
				[Total: 13]