

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer both questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
Total	

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



1 You are provided with two foil-wrapped containers, labelled **S1** and **S2**.

www.papacambridge.com Three days ago, each container was set up with five soaked mung bean seeds.

S1 has been kept in a refrigerator at 4 °C. S2 has been kept in a warm place at 30 °C.

Remove the foil from each container and examine the contents.

(a) (i) In the space below, construct a table in which the overall length of each specimen in the two containers can be recorded.

- (ii) Measure in mm the overall length of each specimen and record these va your table.
- www.papacambridge.com (iii) Calculate the mean overall length of the S1 specimens and the mean overall length of the S2 specimens and record in Table 1.1 below.

Table 1.1

mean overall length of the S1 specimens / mm	mean overall length of the S2 specimens / mm

[2]

(b) (i) Describe and explain the differences in appearance of the S1 specimens and the S2 specimens.

(ii)	List three ways in which the design of such an investigation would make sure that the differences between the S1 specimens and the S2 specimens are the result of a difference in temperature.
	1
	2
	3 [3]

www.papaCambridge.com (c) Mung beans are legumes and contain higher quantities of protein than some plant seeds. Carry out a food test for protein on one S1 specimen. You will need to remove the seed coat [testa] and crush the specimen. Place the S1 sample in one test tube labelled S1.

Repeat this test with the one seed S3 from the container labelled S3.

(i) Name the food test for protein that you performed.

name of test [1]

(ii) Record your observations in the Table 1.2.

Table 1.2

	S1 sample	S3 sample
resulting colour		
		[2]
iii) State the conclusion I	based on your observations.	
		[1]
		[Total 19]

2 Specimens **S4** and **S5** are stages in the life cycle of an animal.

Do not remove the specimens from their containers.

www.papacambridge.com (a) (i) Make a large, labelled drawing of S4 in the space below to show the external features which you can observe with the help of a hand lens.

[4]

(ii) Suggest two improvements that could be made to the method used to observe specimen S4.

1

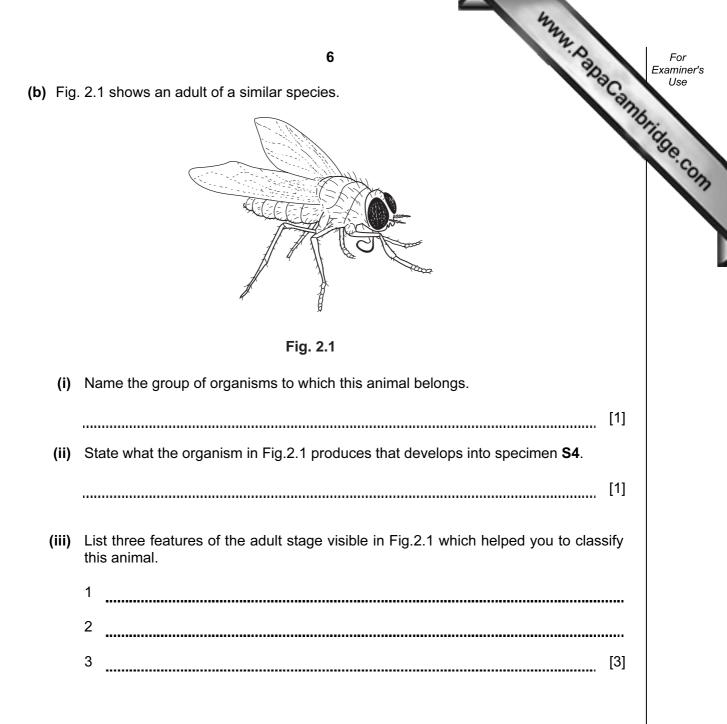
- 2
- (iii) Observe the external features of specimen S5 carefully.

Complete Table 2.1 to record two visible differences between specimens S4 and S5.

Та	bl	е	2.	1

difference	S4	S5
1		
2		
		[2]

5



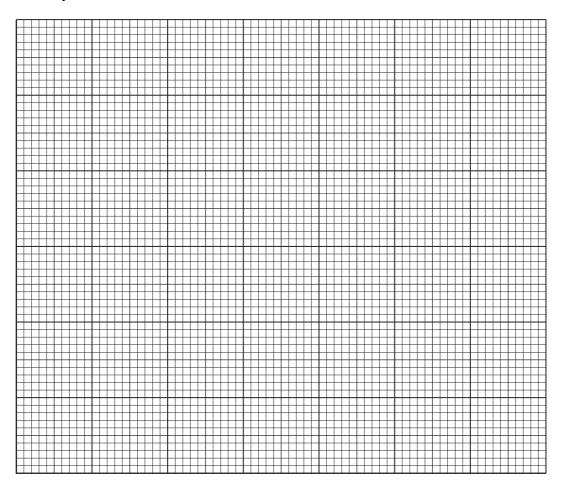
(c) Temperature affects the length of the life cycle of this animal.

www.papacambridge.com The data in Table 2.2 below shows the effect of temperature on the time taken for the development between stages shown by specimens S4, S5 and Fig. 2.1.

temperature / °C	time taken for development between life cycle stages / days	
	from stage shown by specimen S4 to the stage	from stage shown by specimen S5 to that in Fig.2.1
	shown by specimen S5	
10	43	23
16	27	16
21	16	12
25	10	7
32	5	4

Table 2.2

(i) Using the data, plot a suitable graph to show the effect of temperature on the time taken for development from the stage shown by specimen S5 to Fig. 2.1 in the life cycle of this animal.



[5]

For Examiner's Use	 B i) Describe and explain the effect of temperature on the development of this at the second se	(ii)
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1	[3]	
277	[3]	

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