

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

0610/01 October/November 2007 45 minutes

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

This document consists of 17 printed pages and 3 blank pages.





- A egestion and excretion
- **B** egestion and nutrition
- **C** excretion and nutrition
- D excretion and photosynthesis
- 2 The table shows the classification of four vertebrate animals.

	animal 1	animal 2	animal 3	animal 4
phylum	Chordata	Chordata	Chordata	Chordata
class	Mammalia	Mammalia	Mammalia Mammalia	
order	Dermoptera	Dermoptera	Dermoptera Dermoptera	
family	Lemuridae	Indridae	Lemuridae Indridae	
genus	Eulemur	Propithecus	Eulemur Avahi	
species	fulvus	diadema	coronatus	laniger

Which two organisms are most closely related?

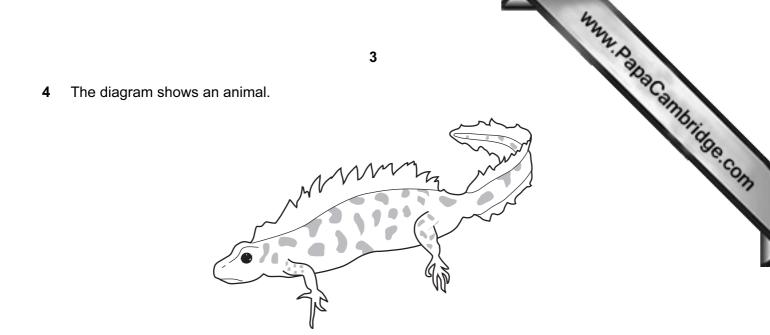
A 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 3 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4

3 Cacti have fewer stomata than other plants.

How does this help them to survive in desert conditions?

- A It increases loss of water.
- **B** It increases uptake of carbon dioxide.
- **C** It reduces loss of water.
- D It reduces uptake of carbon dioxide.

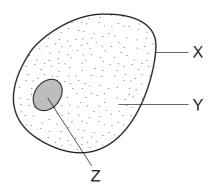




Use the key to identify the animal.

1	front limbs with five fingers	go to 2
	front limbs with four fingers	go to 3
2	skin with spots	Α
	skin without spots	В
3	tail with fins	С
	tail without fins	D

5 The diagram shows a liver cell.

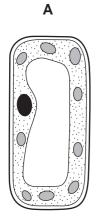


Which structures are also found in a root hair cell of a plant?

	Х	Y	Z	
Α	1	1	\checkmark	key
в	1	x	X	\checkmark = present in root hair cell
с	x	\checkmark	X	\boldsymbol{x} = not present in root hair cell
D	×	x	\checkmark	

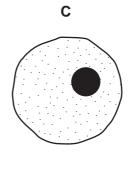
6 The diagram shows four cells.

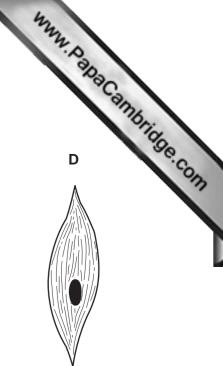
Which cell performs the function of contraction?



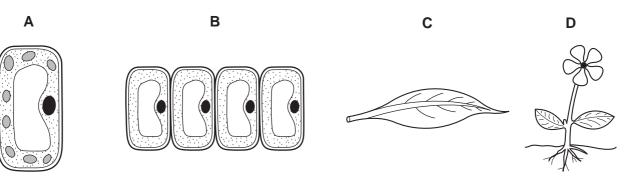
В

4

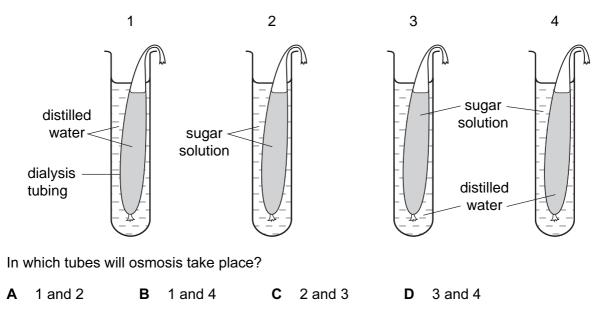




- 7 Which of these structures is a single tissue?
 - A chloroplast
 - B phloem
 - **C** urethra
 - D uterus
- 8 Which diagram shows one organ only?

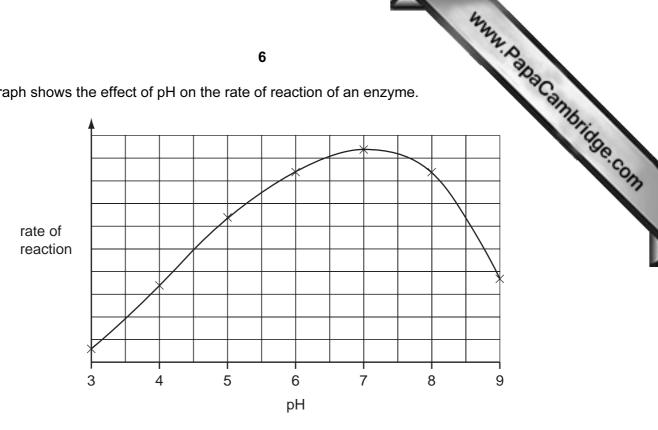


- 5 9 The arrows in the diagram show the movement of oxygen and carbon dioxide between and the blood in capillaries.
 - By which process does this movement occur?
 - A diffusion
 - **B** excretion
 - **C** osmosis
 - D respiration
 - 10 The diagram shows the apparatus used in an experiment on osmosis.



- 11 What helps proteins to change into amino acids?
 - A antibodies
 - B auxins
 - **C** enzymes
 - D hormones

12 The graph shows the effect of pH on the rate of reaction of an enzyme.

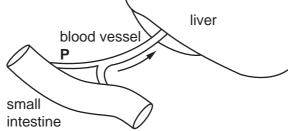


6

What does the graph show?

- Α The enzyme is destroyed at pH 9.
- В The enzyme works best at pH 6.
- С The rate of reaction halves as the pH changes from pH 5 to pH 7.
- The rate of reaction is the same at pH 5 and pH 8.5. D
- **13** What is the definition of *digestion*?
 - Α Large insoluble molecules are changed into faeces.
 - Large insoluble molecules are changed into smaller soluble molecules. В
 - С Small soluble molecules are carried to the liver.
 - **D** Small soluble molecules are passed through the wall of the intestine.

www.papaCambridge.com 7 14 The diagram shows blood vessel P which carries digested food from the small intervention liver. liver

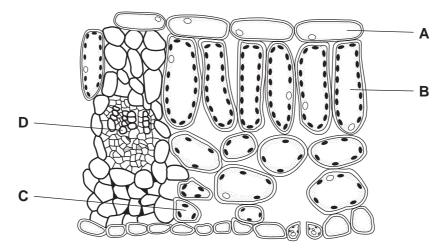


What describes the level of glucose in blood vessel P and the level of glycogen in the liver, shortly after a meal containing carbohydrates?

	glucose in blood vessel P	glycogen in liver	
Α	high	decreasing	
в	high	increasing	
С	low	decreasing	
D	low	increasing	

15 The diagram shows a section through a leaf, seen under the microscope.

In which part is the carbon dioxide concentration lowest on a warm sunny day?

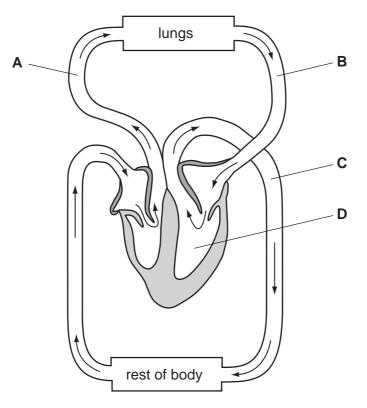


www.papaCambridge.com 16 What shows the correct translocation of carbohydrate in a potato plant that is grow sunlight?

	source of carbohydrate	type of carbohydrate translocated	destination of carbohydrate
Α	leaves	glucose	tubers
в	leaves	sucrose	tubers
С	tubers	glucose	leaves
D	tubers	sucrose	leaves

17 The diagram shows part of the human circulatory system.

Which part carries oxygenated blood at low pressure?



18 Which conditions of humidity, light intensity and temperature make transpiration slowest?

	humidity/%	light intensity	temperature/°C
Α	10	high	4
в	10	low	14
С	80	high	14
D	80	low	4

- 19 What are features of gaseous exchange surfaces in animals?
 - A thick-walled, dry, large area
 - B thick-walled, moist, small area
 - **C** thin-walled, dry, small area
 - D thin-walled, moist, large area
- **20** An athlete produces lactic acid in the leg muscles while running a race. After the race he is seen to breathe faster and deeper.

How does this help to remove the lactic acid?

- A More carbon dioxide is used up.
- **B** More energy is needed.
- **C** More lactic acid is breathed out.
- **D** More oxygen is breathed in.
- 21 The flow diagram shows what happens to food in humans.

Which stage shows human respiration?

large complex food molecules smaller food molecules in the gut В smaller food molecules in the blood and body cells С D large molecules smaller molecules and in body cells energy in body cells

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www.papacambridge.com 22 Blood is filtered in the kidneys. After this filtration, some substances are reabsore blood and other substances pass out of the body in the urine.

Which line shows the correct movement of substances in a healthy person?

	substances reabsorbed into the blood	substances passed out of the body in the urine	
Α	glucose, some salts, urea	glucose, some salts, some water	
в	glucose, some salts, some water	some salts, some water, urea	
С	some salts, some water, urea	glucose, some water, urea	
D	some salts, some water, urea	glucose, some salts, some wate	

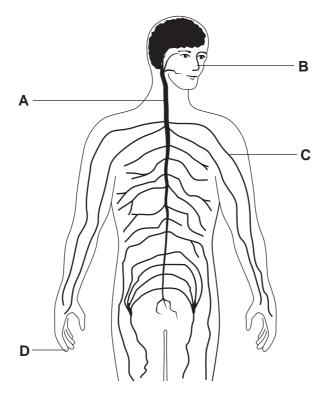
23 Four urine samples were collected on different days from a person whose exercise and water intake was the same each day.

Which sample was collected on a cold day?

	volume of urine produced/dm ³	volume of sweat produced/dm ³
Α	1.5	0.8
в	0.8	0.8
С	0.8	1.5
D	0.4	0.8

24 The diagram shows the human nervous system.

Which letter indicates a part of the central nervous system?



25 The diagram shows a person sweating in hot weather.



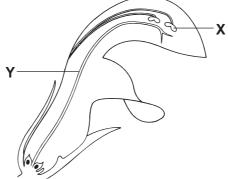
What part is played by sweat glands during the process of sweating?

- A effector
- B receptor
- C sense-organ
- D stimulus

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26 The diagram shows a vertical section through a flower.

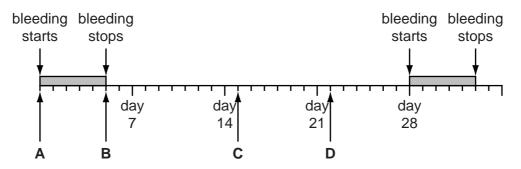


What are X and Y?

	X Y		
Α	anther filament		
В	anther	style	
С	filament	stigma	
D	stigma	style	

27 The diagram shows a woman's menstrual cycle.

On which day is intercourse most likely to result in the woman becoming pregnant?



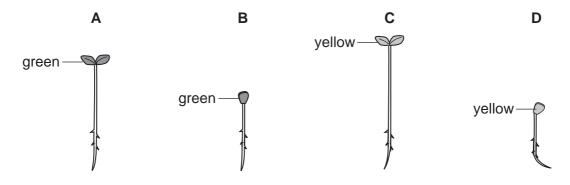
- 28 What must always be available to seeds before they germinate?
 - A carbon dioxide
 - B light
 - C mineral salts
 - D oxygen

sample	temperature (°C)	light
1	20	absent
2	20	present
3	5	absent
4	5	present

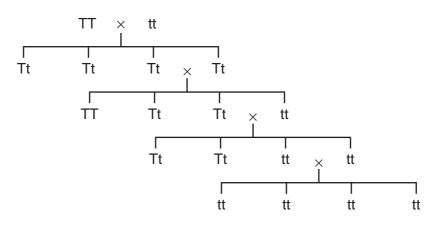
www.papacambridge.com 29 Four samples of seeds were allowed to germinate in different conditions of temperate as shown in the table.

A typical seedling from each sample was removed after seven days.

Which seedling was from sample 4?

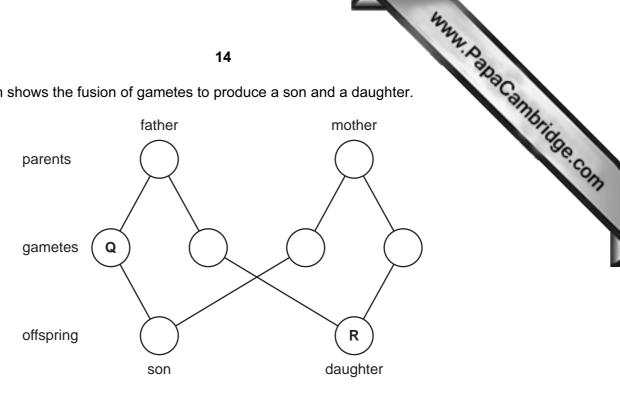


- 30 What causes humans to have different blood groups?
 - A differences in climates
 - В differences in diets
 - С differences in genes
 - D differences in hormones
- 31 The genetic diagram shows a breeding experiment that starts with crossing a homozygous tall plant (TT) with a homozygous short plant (tt).



Which genetic cross gives 1:1 phenotypic and genotypic ratios?

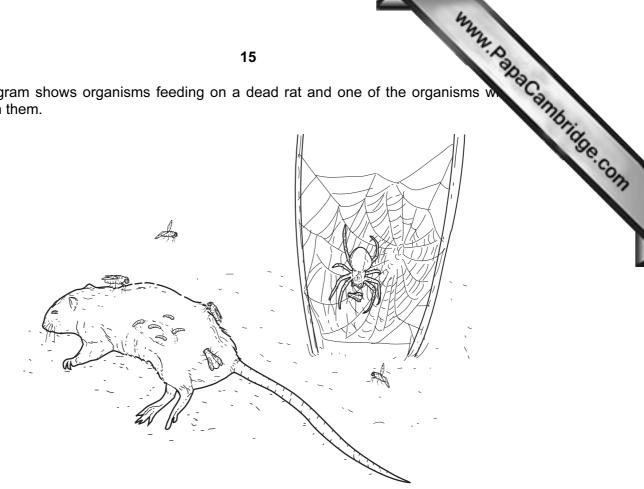
A $Tt \times Tt$ **B** TT × tt $\mathbf{C} \quad Tt \times tt$ D tt × tt **32** The diagram shows the fusion of gametes to produce a son and a daughter.



What are the sex chromosomes in gamete **Q** and daughter **R**?

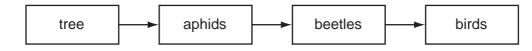
	Q	R
Α	Х	XX
в	х	XY
С	Y	XX
D	Y	XY

33 The diagram shows organisms feeding on a dead rat and one of the organisms w feeds on them.

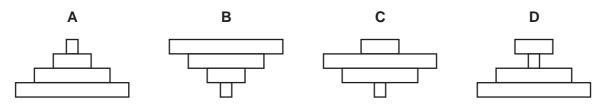


What is needed to complete the food chain?

- Α carnivore
- В consumer
- С predator
- D producer
- **34** The diagram shows a food chain based on a tree.

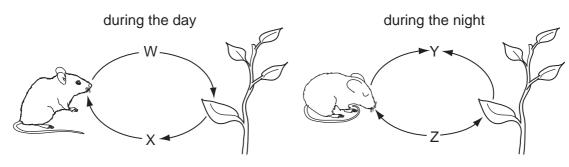


Which diagram shows a pyramid of biomass for this food chain?





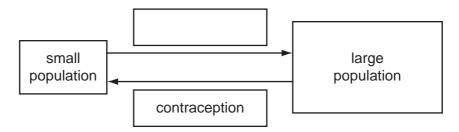
- 35 From which food chain is least energy lost?
 - **A** corn \rightarrow hens \rightarrow humans
 - $\textbf{B} \quad \text{grass} \rightarrow \text{cows} \rightarrow \text{humans}$
 - $\textbf{C} \quad \text{potatoes} \rightarrow \text{humans}$
 - **D** water plants \rightarrow small fish \rightarrow large fish \rightarrow humans
- 36 In which process is oxygen a waste product?
 - A active transport
 - B aerobic respiration
 - C anaerobic respiration
 - D photosynthesis
- 37 The diagram shows the movement of two gases during the day and during the night.



Which letters represent carbon dioxide?

A W and Y **B** W and Z **C** X and Y **D** X and Z

38 The diagram shows part of a chart explaining the effect of different factors on a human population.



Which factor goes in the empty box?

- A crop failure
- B disease
- C improved health care
- D natural disaster

16

www.papaCambridge.com 39 A large amount of herbicide is applied to a field. Heavy rainfall carries much of it lake.

What will be the effect of this on the lake?

- Herbicide decreases the growth of water plants. Α
- Herbicide decreases the number of bacteria. В
- С Herbicide increases the rate of evaporation from the lake.
- D Herbicide kills the fish.
- **40** The table shows the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere in three different years.

year	1930	1980	1990
carbon dioxide/parts per million	300	330	370

What is the most likely cause of this change?

- destruction of rainforests Α
- increased use of fertilisers containing nitrogen В
- С pollution of air by sulphur dioxide
- **D** rise in the sea level



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