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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/63

Paper 63 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	
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General not	tes	Cally	
Symbols use	ed in mark scheme and guidance notes.	Table	
/	separates alternatives for a marking point	1.5	On
	separates points for the award of a mark		

General notes

Α accept - as a correct response

reject - this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any R

marks

I ignore/irrelevant/inadequate - this response gains no mark, but any following correct

answers can gain marks.

() the word/phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets context of response

for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose

cuticle then no mark.

Small underlined words - this word only/must be spelled correctly

ORA or reverse argument/answer

ref./refs. answer makes appropriate reference to

AVP additional valid point (e.g. in comments)

AW alternative words of equivalent meaning

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Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Sy IGCSE – May/June 2010			Paper 63 Guidance I. reference to canines A. have teeth for grinding /chewing	
Question	Expected Answers			Guidance	
1 (a) (i)	both have different types of both have teeth on upper a		[1]	reference to canines A. have teeth for grinding /chewing	
(ii) (b) (i)	Sheep dog		[max 2]	Only accept one correct answer per box. Need correct statement in both columns or correct comparative answer. A. horny pad in sheep / none in dog I. size of incisors / teeth in general as no scale I. space between teeth A. fangs A. correct reference to carnassial teeth I. rough / sharp 2] I. reference to number / spacing of teeth R. sketched / artistic lines A. shading for dentine only / reject any other shading. I. broken lines, may be due to scanning	
	R: ridges; Label: L: root / crowr	/ ridges/ dentine / enamel /cusp			
(ii)	herbivore ridges / rough / more points worn / incomplete enamel / dentine visible	carnivore Smooth / less or 4 points; not worn / enamel complete / dentine not visible;	[2]	Only accept one correct answer per box. A. comparative answer. I. sharp / blunt I. edges I. decay / food remains / plaque / hole I. size / shape / narrow / wide / surface area / black / will	

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(h	ss / low protein / fat (in green leaves); nerbivores) take energy in form of carbohydrate (not fat) arbohydrate has less energy / half the energy of fat;	; [max 2]	, ,
(d) Fa	at: equal amounts food; equal amounts reagents; grind up / homogenise food; add ethanol / alcohol/methanol; dissolve the fat; pour / decant into tube of water / add water; emulsion / cloudiness / goes white / milky; compare; safety precautions;	[max 6]	A. cut up / chop – any process to increase S.A. I. grind in water A. at any stage I. to dissolve food I. precipitate I. length of time taken for comparison E.g. 'the one which is cloudier / thicker has more fat' = 2 A. one safety precaution e.g. goggles / no naked flame / hair tied back / lab. coat / AVP. I. alcohol is inflammable without safety precaution. If use heat then [max 5] – not safe If omit alcohol / add cooking oil – no marks for emulsion and can only have [max 5] Alternative if no reference to ethanol, then look for grease test: A. Grease test: qual amounts food;

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Page 5			Syllabus 0610	Paper 63	
(ii)	Shiny dark(er) more varied colour thick(er) midrib Working: marks on grid used to calculate area /	reference to con	rrect number of	ur; rib; [max 1]	Paper 63 If not stated, assume answer is for upper surface. Need only one statement, it need not be comparative. I. waxy I. veins]
	squares and part squar Answer: Accept 8–11 (c		leaf) in working;	[2]]
(b) (i)	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 or more	Tally	Total no: lea 1 0 0 or 1 3 or 2 3 4 4 2		Mark incorrect answers with a cross. 1 or 2 incorrect = 2 3 or 4 incorrect = 1 5 or more incorrect = 0 For 8 and 9 spines the answers are linked. Look at 8 spines, if 0 or 1 then 9 spines must be linked as in table. If 8 spines answer is incorrect, mark 9 spines independently, can be 3 or 2. If a cumulative total is given in 'total number of leaves' column then look at 'tally' column and give credit if correct (numbers or tally marks). A. blank box as no leaves for this number of spines.
(ii)	A axes – orientation and S scale – to fill greater to far as possible); P – heights of columns; N – neat lines – ruler us	than half of grid			Minimum labels are 'spines' [x axis] and 'leaves' [y axis] I. tally alone for axis label. A. '6' or '6 and fewer' and '14' or '14 or more' as labels Check for incorrect use of 0 on x axis e.g. 0–6 = 1 square and 6–7 = 1 square is incorrect. Must label under middle of columns on x axis. If line graph allow A and S only [max 2] A. columns touching or equally spaced.

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(iii)	larger sample size; leaves from trees of same species; use leaves of the same maturity / size / age / AW; sample set number of leaves from growing point e.g. 3 rd leaback; make sure all from same height of tree;	f [max 3]	Paper 63 A. larger as an independent mark. e.g. larger sample different trees = 1. I. repeat alone / repeat with different trees but A. repeat with same type of leaves I. average /accurate
		[Total: 13]	
(a) (i)	line shows less steep gradient / line levels off / line goes down;	[1]	could be a time delay, A. change some time after X
(ii)	shortage of food / build up of toxins / lack of space;	[1]	I. optimum / competition
(b) (i) and (ii)	correct label hyphum / hypha / (i) to any part below the spores; spore / (ii) to any of the spores;	[2]	
(c)	no chloroplasts / chlorophyll; cell wall / vacuole / nucleus; cell wall / large or permanent vacuole;	[3]	If not stated then assume answer refers to fungus e.g. no cell wall = 0 I. structures which are not visible e.g. cell membrane / glycogen
(d)	human cells lack cell wall; human cells not affected; bacteria can't grow / killed / weakened / unable to reproduc	e; [max 2]	I. living cells, not qualified I. humans unqualified I. references to white blood cells / antibodies / immunity White blood cells / antibodies kill bacteria = 0 A. bacteria burst
(e) (i)	<u>E</u> ;	[1]	
(ii)	largest clear area surrounding disk /more bacteria are affected / killed;	[1]	give credit for numerical comparison of clear area I. it spreads more – need idea of less bacteria or larger

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