UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/21

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page	2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	n Syllabus r
	IGCSE – October/November 207	0 0610 23
	General not	n Syllabus 0 0610 ana r es
Do not exc	eed the section sub-totals or question maxima.	1
Symbols u	sed in mark scheme and guidance notes.	
1	separates alternatives for a marking point	
,	separates points for the award of a mark	
MP	mark point – used in guidance notes when ref	erring to numbered marking points
OWTTE	or words to that effect	
ORA	or reverse argument / approach	
A	accept – as a correct response	
R	reject – this is marked with a cross and any fo marks	llowing correct statements do not gain any
I	ignore / irrelevant / inadeguate – this respons	e gains no mark, but any following correc

- I ignore / irrelevant / inadequate this response gains no mark, but any following correct answers can gain marks.
- () the word / phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets the context of the response for credit e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose cuticle then no mark is awarded.

mitosis underlined words – this word only

		Page 3		Teachers' version per/November 2010		Syllabus 0610	Paper 21	, o ana
(a)	2 3 4	pinna / ear flap / visible part of external ear; hair / fur; vibrissae / whiskers; mammary glands / nipples / teats; y two – 1 mark each [2]		A – extern A – breast A – hetero		/TTE	MMM. Papacam	
(b)	2 3 4	(hard) exoskeleton / OWT segmented body; jointed legs; three or more pairs of legs two – 1 mark each		[2]				
				[Total: 4]				
(a)	(i)	(stationary phase) C; (lag phase) A;		[2]				
		any two letters (from A, B other two letters;	, C, D);	[2]	A – "all of	them" / A–D / OWT	TE – 2 marks	
(b)) (i)	 availability of food sup number of predators; incidence of disease; 	oply;		A – ref. to	an additional comp	etitor species	
		any two – 1 mark each		[2]		valid points such as f. to poor weather	rate of egg / offsp	pring production /
	(ii)	 more food; - rate gets more predators; - rate more disease; - rate any two - 2 marks each 	e gets slower;	[4]	A – ORA A – ORA A – ORA			
				[Total: 10]				

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		Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teache IGCSE – October/Nov			Syllabus 0610	Paper 21	. Pala
(a)	(i)	left ventricle;		[1]			·	Canto
	(ii)	(chambers) A and B;		[1]		RV, right atrium a needed for mark	and right ventricle	www.papaCanibrido
(b)	1 2 3 4 5 6	pulmonary artery small lumen carries deoxygenated blood away from heart / towards lungs thicker / more muscular walls have a pulse high pressure three – 1 mark each	pulmonary vein large lumen; carries oxygenated blood towards heart / away from lungs; thinner / less muscular w no pulse; low pressure;		A – no valve	d for mark arison for each ro es versus valves astic tissue / fibre	w of table	
(c)	(i) (ii)	prevent backflow; rise in pressure in (right) atriur pressure in atrium greater than		[1] [2]	A – because		d (from body / vena ca s contract / systole	ava)/
	(iii)	so blood is forced into arteries		[2]	A – pushed	/ enters		
	(111)	so blood is forced into arteries		[2] al: 10]	A – pusnea	/ enters		

	Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teac	chers' version		Syllabus	Paper	\$ · · Q
		IGCSE – October/No	ovember	2010	0610	21	Day
cut	ma correctly labelled; icle correctly labelled; scular bundle correctly labelle	ed;	[3]	A – label lir epidermis	e to cuticle assoc	o pore or guard cell iated with either uppe o xylem and / or phloe	
(b) (i)	allows light to penetrate / C	WTTE (for photosynthesis);	[1]				
(ii) (iii)				OWTTE I – ref. to xy	s water loss, prote /lem and phloem arbohydrate. A –	ects against entry of p sucrose, sugar.	athogens /
(c) (i)	carbon dioxide; water;		[2]	I – refs to li	ght or energy		
(ii)	 for (release of) energy / to form starch (for stora to form fats / oils (for stora to form amino acids / pi to form cellulose / cell v any three – 1 mark each 	ge); orage); oteins / enzymes;	[3]	R – produc	e		
		ΓΤα	otal: 12]				

www.PapaCambridge.com Page 6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus Paper IGCSE – October/November 2010 0610 21 I - refs to energy / ATP 5 (a) (i) (substrates) glucose + oxygen; (products) carbon dioxide + water: A – chemical formulae as long as a side of the equation is [2] balanced (ii) aerobic respiration anaerobic respiration oxygen used no oxygen used; 1 2 lots of energy released little energy released; A – refs to number of ATPs produced 3 no lactic acid produced lactic acid produced; no carbon dioxide formed: A – occurs all the time / only when short of oxygen 4 carbon dioxide formed any three – 1 mark each [3] A – breaks down / uses yeast respires glucose / sugar (in dough); **(b) (i)** 1 2 produces carbon dioxide (bubbles); causes dough to rise; A – makes bread bigger 3 4 on baking bubbles expand; form air spaces in bread / make bread porous / light; 5 any three – 1 mark each [3] in little / no oxygen conditions; **(ii)** 1 2 yeast respires anaerobically; A – fermentation 3 ethanol / alcohol produced; 4 releases carbon dioxide / adds "gas" to product; A – makes drinks fizzy any two – 1 mark each [2] [Total: 10] Only these words and no others. 6 gene; meiosis; diploid; phenotype; recessive; [6] heterozygous; [Total: 6]

			Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' v	ersion	Syllabus	Paper	A.
				IGCSE – October/Novembe	r 2010	0610	21	Nac.
7	1 2 3	carbon mono from (incomp vehicles; sulfur dioxide	lete) combustion o	f fossil fuels / cigarettes / from	A – fuel / na A – sulphur	amed fossil fuels dioxide		ANNA Data Cambridge .com
	4 5 6 7 8	burning fossil carbon dioxid burning of fos increasing wo methane;	fuels / vehicle exh e;	ation by burning / respiration by om vehicles;				John
	9 10		les) / carbon / soo		e.g. (aeroso e.g. oxides	e smoking r pollutants with q ol) gases / CFCs fi of nitrogen from v irticles from quarry	rom aerosols / ref ehicle exhaust	rigerators
	any	∕ three pairs – 2	2 marks each	[6]			, ,	

			Page 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' ve		Syllabus	Paper ??	
				IGCSE – October/November	2010	0610	21	20
(a)		ovule; sepal;		[2]	I – ovary A – calyx		Paper 21	ambi
(b)	 b) (i) transfer of pollen (grains); from male part of plant (anther of stamen) to female part of the plant (stigma); 					or plant ther / stamen to s	stigma	
	(ii)	2 C / p pollin 3 insee 4 insee	nation); ct picks up pollen (ct deposits pollen o	anthers / D / stigma (to prevent wind from E / anther);	A – stamen	5		
			e – 1 mark each	[3]				
(c)	2 3 4 5 6	petals do (anther o (stigma o stigma fe no necta	ry / scent;	ers / stigma; / stamen longer;		ot brightly colour / stigma outside	ed of flower / petals	
	any	four – 1 r	nark each	[4]				
(d)	suit spe wat	able temp eds up re er – forms	actions / metabolis	nzyme catalysed reactions to occur /		s work better h) denatures enz	ymes	
				[Total: 14]				