UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/33

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

		Syllabus 0610 Burgenne			
Page 2	2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus 74 r			
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General no	tes	Canno .			
Symbols us	ed in mark scheme and guidance notes.				
/	separates alternatives for a marking point				
;	separates points for the award of a mark				
A	accept – as a correct response				
R	reject – this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any marks				
I	ignore / irrelevant / inadequate – this response gains no mark, but any following correct answers can gain marks.				
()	the word / phrase in brackets is not required to gain m for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but cuticle then no mark.				
<u>Small</u>	underlined words - this word only / must be spelled cor	rrectly			
ORA	or reverse argument / answer				
ref.	answer makes appropriate reference to				
AVP	additional valid point (e.g. in comments)				
AW	alternative words of equivalent meaning				
MP	marking point (number)				

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	Page 3 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2011 Expected Answers		Syllabus Paper 0610 33 Paper		
Question			Marks	Additional Guidance	
1 (a)	animals written in the cor (Ruppell's) vulture ; cheetah ; mice / mouse ;	rect boxes in the food web	[3]	Additional Guidance	
(b)	(primary) <u>producer</u> ; primary / <u>first</u> consumer ;		[2]		
(c) (i)	Sun / sunlight / light ;		[1]		
(ii)	(lost) to the atmosphere /	(lost as) infra red (radiation) / heat / AW ;	[1]	R reflect R 'lost' only – needs qualifying	
(d) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	most energy from sun no energy is lost, between / ref. to 10% energy transfi ref. to material that is, ine energy lost, in respiration ref. to (small) total percer not enough energy in fou except parasites ;		[max 3]	 NB: MP3 is for loss with no reference to magnitude, also award MP4 if magnitude given e.g. '90% lost between trophic levels' is 2 marks MP5 A ref to faeces examples for MP10 animal would have to be very large, would need much energy to catch a cheetah, there would be very small populations 	

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	Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabu	S	Paper
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Question	Expected Answers		Marks	Add	ditional Guidance
(e) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	make the fish food ; waste from salmon / exce	eed humans on, crops / producers / animals used to ess feed, causes eutrophication ; ead easily in (high density of) salmon ; ish / other organisms ; disease also pollutants ; fish ; of wild fish ;	[max 3]	AVF horr e.g. prot e.g.	Paper 33 ditional Guidance credit for energy losses along the in as already given in Question 1 P e.g. chemicals / antibiotics / mones in feed passed on less waste if humans could eat l tein 'fish food' instead low quality stock compared with s competition)

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	Page 6Mark Scheme: Teachers' versionIGCSE – May/June 2011		Syllabu	us	Paper	~
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uestion	Expected Answers		Marks	Additi	ional Guidance	be qualified by he run
(d)	at start of run			NB: A	All marks should b	be qualified by
					ence to stage of th	he run
1	vasoconstriction;					
2	(constriction / AW) of arteri					
3 4	decrease in supply of blood ref. to shunt vessels ;	to skin capiliaries ;				
5	to increase supply of blood	to muscles :				
Ŭ		to <u>museus</u> ,				
6	no / little sweat ;			R cor	nstriction of capilla	aries / blood
				vesse	els / veins	
	later as body temperature i	increases				
7	vasodilation;					
8	(relaxation / AW) of arteriol					
9	increase in supply of blood	to skin capillaries ;				
10	(causes) loss of heat ;	radiation :				
11	by, conduction / convection			R cor	nstriction of capilla	aries / blood
12	increase in blood flow to sv	veat glands ·			els / veins	
13	increase production of swe					
14	loss of heat by evaporation		[max 5]			

	Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teac IGCSE – May/Ju		Syllabus 0610	Paper 233
Question Expected Answers				Marks	Additional Guidance
(a)		of production ° sexual characteristics for <u>te</u> ?° sexual characteristics for <u>oe</u>			Paper 33 Additional Guidance
	sex hormones	testosterone	oestrogen		
	site of production	testis / testes / testicles	follicle / ovary ;		
	secondary sexual 1 characteristics	 any two hair on face body / pubic, hair increase in muscles growth of genitals growth of vocal cords / larynx / deep voice broad shoulders; 	 any two growth of breasts body / pubic, hair hips widen fat deposition ; 	[3]	
(b) (i)	pituitary (gland) ;			[1]	
(ii)	ovary ;			[1]	
(c) (i) 1 2 3 4 5		day 10 –13 ; Idle of the cycle / day 14 ; ntration from days 14 to 22 / 2	3 / 24 ;	[max 3]	 A ref. to levelling out 6 –10 / 11 as parts of overall decrease MP2 MP3 need peak / max / highest / AW not just up / down
4				[max 3]	
				[Total: 11]	

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Question	Expected Answers			Marks	Additi	onal Guidance
4 (a) 1 2 3	A ^c A ^Y ; A ^c A ^Y ; orange-red ;			[3]	MP2 r	Paper 33 conal Guidance A^c etc $A - A^c$, A^c relies on correct MP1, allow E stands alone (A orange)
(b)	cross		genotypes of offspring			
	2 offspring x offspring		A ^c A ^c , A ^Y A ^Y , A ^c A ^Y ;		Allow I	ECF from Question 4a
	3 offspring x crimson-flo	owered plant	A ^c A ^c , A ^c A ^Y ;			
	4 offspring x yellow-flow	vered plant	A ^Y A ^Y , A ^C A ^Y ;	[3]		
(c) 1 2 3 4	phenotype of A ^C A ^Y (offspr homozygote genotype the phenotype, was intern both alleles are expressed <u>co / incomplete</u> dominanc	e / AW ; nediate / mixtu t ;	is different from either parent / re of two colours ;			orange / red must be qualified R genes
5 6 7	offspring of cross 2 gives offspring of crosses 3 and if dominance then cross 3	4 both give tw	o phenotypes ;	[max 3]		

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uestion	Expected Answers		Marks	Additi	ional Guidanc	owers at some point
(d) 1	transfer of pollen from, anth			R ferti	lisation	
2 3	self = within same flower (c cross = between flowers or	r flower on same plant); n different plants (of same species) ;	[2]	MP2, 3	3 need ref to fl	owers at some point
(e) 1	limited / little, variation ;			_	variation	
2	offspring become homozyg				- A ref to inbree	eding / limited gene
3 4	variation is due to mutation low chance that mutations			pool		
5		ed to conditions, locally / near parent ;				
6	if environment does not cha					
7		evolution, if environment changes / example of adapt to change in the environment ;		MP7 A		e in context (as a
8		due to meiosis / reduced variation leads to	[max 4]	R pare		therefore offspring

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Question Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance		
2 av 3 fre 4 A 5 re 6 ba 7 do 8 m	uoride) helps to strengthe vailable to all / treats whole ee (to people) / cheap to s VP ; gainst f. to allergies / qualified si ad taste (in water) ;	e population ; upply ; de effects ; dividuals / no individual choice ;	[max 3]	vyllabus Paper 0610 33 larks Additional Guidance NB: Max 2 (argument for) NB: Max 2 (argument against) NP5 ONLY accept these possible side effects: gastric disturbance / AW, cardiovascular problems, headache, fits nax 3] MP8 A any colour effect here	
(b) su 1 Cl 2 Au 3 ar eiu 5 Cl 6 Au 7 ar	<i>igar consumption</i> hile – increased to 1997, o ustralia – increased to 200 by two figures with units a <i>ther for the same country</i> oth decay	00, decreased / decrease till 1995, then steady ; nd years ; or for both countries 1990, then increases to 1995 ; 5 / AW ; ig (from 1977) ; and years ;		 MP1 A peaks in 1997 MP2 A peaks in 2000 MP3 A units given only once MP4 A peaks in 1995 MP7 A units given only once A a difference in tooth decay for any 	

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0040	us Paper	
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Marks	Additional Guidance	
[max 4]	us Paper 33 Additional Guidance	
	NB: All explanations should be qual	
[max 3]	MP6 – ORA Chile	
	[max 4]	

	Page 12	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2011	Syllab 0610	Dus Paper 0 33	
Question	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance	Br:
6 (a) 1 2 3	broad leaves ; network of veins ; five petals ;		[3]	Additional Guidance	00
(b)	one mark for mesophyll cell NB: Each extra tick (over 3)			NB: B + E = 1 mark F = 1 mark	
	features	cells that carry out photosynthesis			
	А				
	В	\checkmark			
	С				
	D				
	E	✓;			
	F	✓;			
	G		[2]		

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estion	Expected Answers	xpected Answers		Additi	onal Guidance	19
(c) 1 2	upper epidermis is transpare lets light through to palisade					wplanation must be
3 4	palisade cells with many ch absorb as much light as pos	oroplasts ; A lots of chlorophyll ssible / AW ;			aired MPs (i.e. e to correct featur	explanation must be
5 6	palisade cells arranged leng less cell walls to scatter ligh					er than named feature tion mark if relevant
7 8	palisade cells close togethe absorb as much light as pos				need ref. to mo light qualified –	re , lots of / AW much as possible etc
9 10	spaces in spongy mesophyl allow (diffusion of) carbon d A each cell has surface for	ioxide to mesophyll cells ;				
11 12	guard cells / stomata ; allow (diffusion of) carbon d	ioxide into leaf ;				
13 14	xylem ; to provide water (as raw ma	terial) ;				
15 16	phloem ; to remove products of photo	osynthesis ;	[2 + 2]			
(d) (i)	<u>sucrose</u> ; R sugar amino acids; hormones / plant growth sul	ostances / auxin(s) ;	[max 2]			
(ii)	leaf ; two of the following for one stem, root, bud, flower, fruit		[2]			
	1		[Total: 13]			