UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus 🔪
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0610
General notes		
o not exceed th	e section sub-totals or question maxima.	Syllabus 0610
ymbols used in	mark scheme and guidance notes.	
sep	arates alternatives for a marking point	
sep	arates points for the award of a mark	
P mar	k point – used in guidance notes when referring to r	numbered marking
RA or re	everse argument / reasoning	
NTTE or w	vords to that effect	
acc	ept – as a correct response	
reje mar	ct – this is marked with a cross and any following co ks	orrect statements o
-	ore / irrelevant / inadequate – this response gains r wers can gain marks.	io mark, but any fo
resp e.g.	word / phrase in brackets is not required to gain r oonse for credit. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was descri k is awarded.	

mitosis underlined words - this word only

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0610	22

		Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teacl IGCSE – October/No		Syllabus 0610	Paper 22	
Question		M	ark Scheme	Mark		Guidance	Bri.
1 (a)	arachnids crustacea insects myriapod	ans	✓;	[1]	if more than 1 b	Paper 22 Guidance	99e.
(b)	crab A B C D E	name of arth Araneus; Buthus; Hydrachna; Ixodes; Oligolophus;			two or more na	mes in a line mark the first.	
	a	ny four correctly r	amed – 1 mark each	[4]			
				[Total: 5]			

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus IGCSE – October/November 2011

Page 4

2 (a)

(b)

(c)

www.papaCambridge.com 0610 22 M – trachea; A – cartilage, windpipe A – bronchi, I – ref to position left/right **N** – bronchus; A – alveolus / alveoli **O** – bronchioles; [3] observe rise and fall of chest / OWTTE; A – ref to breathing monitors count number of inhalations in known period of time; [2] A - 15 s to 5 mins (i) male 1; [1]

Paper

	 (ii) female 2; (iii) 1 breathing rate rises with exercise; 2 the rise in breathing rate varies from person to person; 3 (on average) males have higher breathing rates, before running / resting / after running than females/ OWTTE / ORA; 	[1]	
	any two – 1 mark each	[2]	
(d)	 exercise needs (extra) energy; energy released by respiration; in muscles; (more) oxygen needed; (more) carbon dioxide to be removed; increased breathing rate to provide the oxygen / remove the carbon dioxide; 	[4]	more required at least once in the logical progression – penalise once for complete absence I – refs to anaerobic respiration
	any four – 1 mark each	[4]	
		[Total: 13]	

	Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers IGCSE – October/Novem		Syllabus 0610	Paper 22	abac
	 less competition for (roo less competition for light less competition for mine less competition for wate less competition for wate less risk of all destroyed colonisation of new place any three – 1 mark each 	; erals / salts; er; by disease / disaster;	[3]	seedling-seedling MP3 A – ions / I – ref to nutrien	text of either parent-seedl ng competition named examples ts competition unqualified fo nples given	
	 (i) growth of stem; towards light; OR growth of root; away from light; OR growth of plant; towards or away from lig (ii) shoot / plumule / stem gr gets (more) light for phot OR root / radicle grows away exposed); improves anchorage / re 	rows towards light; cosynthesis; / from light / into soil (if root	[2]	A – refs to chlor	ophyll formation	
á	any two – 1 mark each		[2]			
			[Total: 7]			

		Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers IGCSE – October/Noven		Syllabus 0610	Paper 22	
4 (a)	 (i) 1 by diffusion; 2 through root hairs; 3 from soil water / in solution in soil water; 4 down concentration gradient; Any two – 1 mark each (ii) formation to be starting. 				Syllabus Paper 0610 22 MP1 A – ref to active transport MP4 A – against the concentration gradient (linked to active transport) A – decomposers		
(1)	(ii) fungi / bacte			[1]	A – decomposers		
(b)	(i) to allow the(ii) bone / tooth		ed / carried in plasma;	[1] [1]	A – ref to enam	el or dentine	
(c)	 minerals in dung / faeces; a concentrated / rich source of phosphates; excreta broken down / minerals released into soil; replaces phosphates removed by plants / crops; thus new plants / crops grow well / no deficiency; thus minerals recycled; any three – 1 mark each 			[3]			
				[Total: 8]			
5 (a)	substanceenters the bloodleaves the bloodlungs;liver;kidney;		[3]	A – alveoli A – Bowman's d	capsule / glomerulus		
(b)	prevents / reduces risk of microorganisms entering blood / tissues; stops / reduces loss of blood;			[2]	A – ref to bacter I – ref to germs	ria / viruses	
				[Total: 5]			

	Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' ver IGCSE – October/November 2		Syllabus 0610	Paper 22	y from plants
(a)	(i) (tropic level) 1 / producer	[1]	I – ref to primar	У	8	
	(ii) cheetah / hyena / lion;	[1]				
(b)		anism) that eats plants / vegetation; not eat meat / other consumers;	[2]	A – ref to anima	al that gets energy	/ from plants
	(ii) because of its size it is b	asically free of predators;	[1]			
(c)	(c) (i) bacteria / fungi / (fly) maggots;		[1]	A – named exa	mple	
	2 need to be replaced3 or plant regrowth is r4 decomposers releas	estricted; e minerals from dead remains; et build up of dead material;		A – MP1, 3 and	l 4 in terms of carl	bon dioxide
	any three – 1 mark each		[3]			
(d)	grass, zebra / impala, cheeta cheetah, hyena chain of four organisms from shown in correct order;			NO MARK		

[Total: 10]

	Page 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus	Paper 22	
		IGCSE – October/November	2011	0610		
7	4 reduces competition for v 5 reduces competition for s	ninerals / ions; ght / removes shading of crop; vater;			Paper 22 mple, I – ref to nutrients	
	7 crop grows faster / proce8 weeds can harbour harm		no specific examples given MP8 A – in context of harm to crop plant, A – pests			
	any four – 1 mark each		[4]			
		[Total: 4]				
8 (a)	 growth / germination nee seed respires; using food reserves / nar no photosynthesis happe 		A – carbohydra	te, starch, sugar, glucose, fat		
	any three – 1 mark each	[3]				
(b)	 shoot above ground; leaves are green; exposed to light; photosynthesis starts; new materials formed / named example; more formed than reserves used up; 					
	any three – 1 mark each	[3]				
(c)	13 days;		[1]	A – 12.8 to 13.2	2 days	
			[Total: 7]			

			Page 9	Mark Scheme: Teachers' v	ersion	Syllabus	Paper	· ~
		l		IGCSE – October/Novembe	er 2011	0610	22	Pac
(a)	 (i) A – sperm cell; B – white blood cell / phagocyte / leucocyte; 			[2]	A – lymphocyte		ANNA, Dabacambra acrosome,	
			with ovum / egg (il to swim to react	cell) / fertilisation / forming zygote; n ovum;	[2]	I – ovule A – is haploid, s mitochondria,	streamlined, has	acrosome,
		 (iii) to surround / engulf / digest / destroy microorganisms / phagocytosis; 			[1]	A – produce an	tibodies	
(k	b)	ty	/pe of cell	number of chromosomes				
		nerve cell cell A cell B	IC	46 23; 46;				
		red blood	cell D	0;	[3]			
					[Total: 8]			

	Page 10	Mark Scheme: Teachers' IGCSE – October/Novemb		Syllabus 0610	Paper 22	MM. Pabac
,	i) (thalassaemia allele is)	leles are identical / same; recessive; but not affecting them / OWTTE;	[1] [2] [1]	A – genes for a	lleles	www.papaCamb
(b) 1 2 3 4	T t offspring genotypes TT ⁻ phenotypes not r	d Tt; T T t; T Tt tt; ot not affected; iffected affected	[4]		ines following from an en t have at least one affect n	
	 (i) iron; (ii) have insufficient / malformed haemoglobin; therefore cannot carry enough oxygen; thus cannot release sufficient energy by respiration; any two – 1 mark each 		[1]			
			[Total: 11]			