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## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/32

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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estion Expe	ected Answers		Marks	Additiona	al Guidance		
(a) A B C D	<ul> <li>B mitral / bicuspid / atrioventricular, <u>valve</u>;</li> <li>C semi-lunar <u>valve</u> / pocket <u>valve</u> / aortic <u>valve</u>;</li> </ul>		[4]	A atria A auricle A if given	A 'oracle' / 'oric		n for each
(b) E F	(superior / anterior) vena aorta ;	a cava ;	[2]				
1 f 2 k 3 r	coronary;  fatty deposit in (wall of) arte  plocks, artery / restricts, blo  restricts, oxygen / nutrient,  plood clotting occurs;	od flow;	[1] [max 2]	ignore inc  A atheron arterioscle A 'narrow	erosis / describe s' artery	MP1-4 olesterol / LDL / fa	atty acids <b>A</b>
blood	t not pumping blood / keep d is oxygenated ; on dioxide is removed from	<u> </u>	[max 2]	A exchan		e lungs d carbon dioxide ive' / 'supply hear	
2 r 3 <u>s</u> 4 t 5 v 6 i 7 r	ref. to (cardiac) muscle; ref. to myogenic / heart has septum (divides heart into to two (separate) ventricles / / ventricle(s), contract / pump ncrease blood pressure; right ventricle has thin(er) v thick(er) wall; so low(er) pressure / higher to lungs / to rest of body; (	wo); AW; vall / left <u>ventricle</u> has pressure; (in context)	[max 4]		R tougher A mu	uscle blood to lungs de	ascribed

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stion	Exr	pected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance		
(a)	who	ole / part of, organism inges in position / changes in	n place ;	[1]	ignore locomotion A (moves) from place		dace to another
(b)	(i)	antagonistic;		[1]	<b>A</b> antagonism		
	(ii)	idea of muscle pull (don't p biceps contracts; triceps relaxes; flexion / described as move during relaxation muscle is both contract to maintain po	ement of (fore)arm ; stretched / passive ;	[max 3]	assume answer is aborextension – mark throwif answer does not meabut has the right idea relaxes, then allow on contraction and relaxed the correct movement R hand A named correct A lengthens	ugh if both giver ention the names for one contracts e mark for MP2- ation of the pair r of the arm. If no	or s of the muscles s and the other +3 must be linked to ot, no marks
(c)	(i)	sensory organ ;	ngs / sensory endings / skin / nector neurone / relay neurone ;	[2]	ignore sensory neuro ignore 'messages' / 's R 'fingers' / 'hand' A interneurone R 'brain' / 'brain and s	signals' / 'senses	
	(ii)	idea that impulses stimulate (only) biceps contracts (to ref. to impulse does not cro		[2 max]	assume answer is abo H	out neurone G, b	out accept about
(d)	1 2 3 4	many / different, stimuli; brain, decides / controls / c impulses in motor, neurone to, (many) muscles / effector	s / nerves ;	[max 2]	<b>R</b> if one muscle		

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	-							
uestion	EX	pected Answers		Marks	Additional	l Guidance		
3 (a)	1 2 3 4 5	root hairs; water moves from high( water potential; osmosis; through partially permea		[max 3]	<b>R</b> dilute an	water potential grad concentrated		concentration
(b)	1 2 3 4 5	large surface area; thin (cell) walls; (many) mitochondria; ref. respiration; provide / release, energing proteins / carriers / chaiters transport (of ions	nnels, for, diffusion / active	[max 3]	A active, u	as 'cell' is in the operation of the state o		
(c)	adı	appropriate boxes ult and zygote = 90; um = 45;		[2]		If incorrect diploid	number	

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uestion	Expected	Answers		Marks	Additiona	Guidance		OH!
(d)	only one, p fast / new p (potential) less energy no wastage (if parent w sur plants grow AVP; e.g. disadvanta plants too	rapid spread clos y required ; e of gametes ; vell adapted) offs roundings ;	owding;	[max 2]	R 'does no A 'more lik ignore refs A 'good' tra	ely to leave offspr	ations unqualified on <b>R</b> 'good' genes	MM. Papa Cali
	little / no, (g disease tra less evolut	genetic) variation insmitted directly ion / less able to al so) can be wipe	; to offspring ;	[max 1]		infectious disease		

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uesti	n	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidanc	e	www.Pak
(a)	(i)	lymphocyte;		[1]	ignore leucocyte A	phonetic spellings	
	(ii)	<ul> <li>cause them to, aggreg</li> <li>stop them spreading;</li> <li>help phagocytes engu</li> <li>cause <u>bacteria</u> to burs</li> <li>stop <u>bacteria</u> moving /</li> </ul>	gate / stick together / AW;  If them;  It / kill bacteria / destroy bacteria;  immobilise bacteria;  sons / harmful substances;	[max 2]	A antigens  R 'fight' against anyw A opsonisation / deso detectable by phagod ignore 'dissolve bact A 'detoxify'	where in the answer cribed <b>A</b> 'makes bac crytes'	
(b)	(i)	<ul> <li>when blood clots / folion</li> <li>when blood vessels are</li> <li>on exposure of, blood</li> <li>flows over rough surface</li> </ul>	/ fibrinogen, to air ;	[max 1]	A injury		
	(ii)		ed into) <u>insoluble</u> (fibrin); twork / strands; s / platelets; ; d / more bleeding;		assume answer is ab		
			•	[max 3]	A prevents entry of (IR foreign bodies	named) pathogens	

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ref. to active site / shape of enzyme;  [max 3] R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (ii) time taken for fibrin to form / liquid to become sticky / AW; time taken for fibrinogen / substrate to disappear;  how much fibrin produced in, unit time / stated time;  how much fibrinogen converted, in unit time / stated time;  how much fibrinogen converted, in unit time / stated time;  A product for fibrin  A substrate for fibrinogen  [max 1]  R temperature  R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (lot / form a mesh / to reach same viscosity  R 'how long it took a scab to form'  A substrate for fibrinogen  R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (lot / form a mesh / to reach same viscosity  R 'how long it took a scab to form'  A product for fibrin  A substrate for fibrinogen  R temperature  A 'amount' for concentration			Page 7	Page 7 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus Paper				To a
ref. to active site / shape of enzyme;  [max 3] R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (ii) time taken for fibrin to form / liquid to become sticky / AW; time taken for fibrinogen / substrate to disappear;  how much fibrin produced in, unit time / stated time;  how much fibrinogen converted, in unit time / stated time;  how much fibrinogen converted, in unit time / stated time;  A product for fibrin  A substrate for fibrinogen  [max 1]  R temperature  R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (lot / form a mesh / to reach same viscosity  R 'how long it took a scab to form'  A substrate for fibrinogen  R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (lot / form a mesh / to reach same viscosity  R 'how long it took a scab to form'  A product for fibrin  A substrate for fibrinogen  R temperature  A 'amount' for concentration				IGCSE – October/Novemb	er 2011	0610	32	100
ref. to active site / shape of enzyme;  [max 3] R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (ii) time taken for fibrin to form / liquid to become sticky / AW; time taken for fibrinogen / substrate to disappear;  how much fibrin produced in, unit time / stated time;  how much fibrinogen converted, in unit time / stated time;  how much fibrinogen converted, in unit time / stated time;  A product for fibrin  A substrate for fibrinogen  [max 1]  R temperature  R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (lot / form a mesh / to reach same viscosity  R 'how long it took a scab to form'  A substrate for fibrinogen  R if 'die' / 'die and denature' A 'deformed' / A site / enzyme  (lot / form a mesh / to reach same viscosity  R 'how long it took a scab to form'  A product for fibrin  A substrate for fibrinogen  R temperature  A 'amount' for concentration	uestion	1	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidan	ce	
volume of, enzyme / thrombin (solution); concentration of, enzyme / thrombin (solution);  A 'amount' for concentration		(ii)	low frequency of / few, collisions; 70°C – enzyme denatured; ref. to active site / shape of enzyme; time taken for fibrin to form / liquid to become sticky / AW; time taken for fibrinogen / substrate to disappear; how much fibrin produced in, unit time / stated time; how much fibrinogen converted, in unit time / stated time;			denatures active site enzyme  R if 'die' / 'die and d site / enzyme  A rate of fibrin productor / form a mesh / R 'how long it took a	e = 2 marks, <b>A</b> the enature' <b>A</b> 'deforr uction / how long to reach same vi	med' / AW, active
volume of, substrate / fibrinogen (solution) / blood; concentration of, substrate / fibrinogen (solution); calcium ions; AVP; e.g. equilibration time  [max 2]  A 'amount' for concentration R blood R size of fibrinogen / substrate			volume of, enzyme / thrombin (solution); concentration of, enzyme / thrombin (solution); volume of, substrate / fibrinogen (solution) / blood; concentration of, substrate / fibrinogen (solution); calcium ions;			A 'amount' for conc	entration <b>R</b> bloo	od

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uest	tion		Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidar	ice	
wings; beak; feathers / plumage; scales on, legs / feet;		[3]	Syllabus Paper 1 0610 32  Additional Guidance  ignore adjectives such as grey / long / sharp					
	(b)	(i)	quantitative (feature); range between two extref. to (many) intermedinot in distinct groups; influenced by the environment		[2]	A answer in contex	t of wing length	
	(	(ii)	length of anything (body) mass; age;	suitable	[max 1]	A height R any d A weight R size / A height	scontinuous variable, size of	e.g. colour
	(c)	(i) 1 2	largest number of / mos			assume answer is otherwise	about birds trapped ur	nless stated
		3	comparative data quote accept fraction / percent	tage / proportion of total		wing length at ringing / mm less than 63 64 65	number of birds trapped 24 72 130	mean age at trapping / days 253 256 297
			R 'greater life expectan	cy'		66 67 68 69 more than 70	183 167 106 66 23	346 349 270 237 199
					[max 4]		total = 771	

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4 results for birds in West Africa; 5 effects of migration; 6 wing lengths of birds that breed; 7 number of times each bird is trapped; 8 effect of trapping on behaviour; 9 larger sample; 10 other locations in, Sweden / anywhere in Europe; 11 AVP; 12 AVP; (d) birds with wing length 66–67, survive / live longer; breed / reproduce / have offspring;			IGCSE – October/Novem	<u>ıber 2011</u>		0610	32	Pac
4 results for birds in West Africa; 5 effects of migration; 6 wing lengths of birds that breed; 7 number of times each bird is trapped; 8 effect of trapping on behaviour; 9 larger sample; 10 other locations in, Sweden / anywhere in Europe; 11 AVP; 12 AVP; (d) birds with wing length 66–67, survive / live longer; breed / reproduce / have offspring;	estion	Expected Answers		Marks	Additio	nal Guidance		9
breed / reproduce / have offspring;	(ii)	number of young birds of each wing length; wing lengths of birds that died; length of life / length of life after trapping; results for birds in West Africa; effects of migration; wing lengths of birds that breed; number of times each bird is trapped; effect of trapping on behaviour; larger sample; other locations in, Sweden / anywhere in Europe AVP; AVP;		[max 3]	R 'study e.g. nur which b	should be repe	hatched birds eated' d by birds of each wii	ng length / test
birds with smaller and larger wings, die; do not reproduce (as successfully);  A 'the others'  [max 4]	(d)	breed / reproduce / ha pass on their allele(s) birds with smaller and	ve offspring; for wing length; larger wings, die;	[max 4]			may be implied	

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uestion	stion Expected Answers		Marks	Additional	Guidance			
	amylase; prote(in)ase; lipase;			[3]	R carbohyo R trypsin /		e <b>R</b> 'protase', <b>A</b> 'p	roteas'
	2 avoids pollution	n / remove sewage / iter ;	ed) disease / AW <b>ora</b> ; s harmful substances; effluent, safe / AW;	[max 1]	<b>A</b> example no need to	s specify for whom	or what it is safe, brine organisms' as	ms' out <b>R</b> 'safer'
	<ul><li>more collisions</li><li>(aerobic) respir</li></ul>	etween mi s; ration; R s produce transfer, e	croorganisms and solids; if anaerobic respiration carbon dioxide; energy;	[max 4]	A microbes	s / bacteria		
	to start the breakdo continuous proces do not have to, bre idea of without wai	s; eed / buy, t	ne microorganisms ;	[max 3]	A ref. to co A keeps th R 'to save	organisms to dig st / less wastage e population of m time' unqualified ver and over agai	of microbes icrobes constant <i>ide</i>	ea
	destroys / kills, bad prevents spread of makes water suital	f, disease <i>i</i>	pathogens;	[max 2]	R disinfecti R 'removes			