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TERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS ate of Secondary Education	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTER International General Certificate
0620/01	CHEMISTRY
October/November 2004	Paper 1 Multiple Choice
r Sheet	Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sh

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate answer sheet.

## Read the instructions on the answer sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. You may use a calculator.

This document consists of **16** printed pages.

- www.papacambridge.com When steam at 100 °C condenses to water at 25 °C, what happens to the water mole 1
  - Α They move faster and closer together.
  - В They move faster and further apart.
  - С They move slower and closer together.
  - They move slower and further apart. D
- The melting points and boiling points of four substances are shown. 2

Which substance is liquid at 100 °C?

substance	melting point/°C	boiling point/°C
A –203		-17
<b>B</b> –25		50
<b>C</b> 11		181
<b>D</b> 463		972

www.papacambridge.com 3 The apparatus shown cannot be used to determine the melting point of sodium chlor



Why is this?

	melting point of sodium chloride is greater than 100°C	sodium chloride dissolves in the water
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
В	$\checkmark$	x
С	x	$\checkmark$
D	×	×

A student wishes to extract a coloured solution from some berries to make an indicator solution. 4 Which of the listed instructions should the student follow?

1	crush the berries
2	add acid
3	add a solvent
4	filter the mixture
5	distil the filtrate

- Α 1, 2 and 4
- В 1, 3 and 4
- С 2, 3 and 5
- D 2, 4 and 5

5 Hydrogen and helium have isotopes, as shown.

www.papacambridge.com In which of these isotopes does the nucleus have twice as many neutrons as protons?

- $^{2}_{1}H$ Α
- <sup>3</sup>₁H В
- <sup>3</sup><sub>2</sub>He С
- <sup>4</sup><sub>2</sub>He D
- 6 How are the electrons arranged in a neon atom, Ne, and a sodium ion, Na<sup>+</sup>?



- 7 Which compound has ionic bonds?
  - Α hydrogen chloride
  - В methane
  - С sodium chloride
  - D water



9 When propane is burned, carbon dioxide and water are formed, as shown.

 $C_3H_8 + 5O_2 \rightarrow rCO_2 + sH_2O$ 

Which values of *r* and *s* balance the equation?

	r	S
Α	1	3
В	1	5
С	3	4
D	3	8

10 Which formula represents a compound containing three atoms?

0 L	Α	HNO <sub>3</sub>	В	H <sub>2</sub> O	C LiF	D ZnSO4
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**11** A substance **X** is heated in an evaporating basin until there is no further change.

	mass of basin and contents	
before heating	25.52 g	
after heating	26.63 g	

What could X be?

- A copper
- B copper(II) carbonate
- C copper(II) oxide
- D hydrated copper(II) sulphate

12 Aluminium is extracted from its oxide by electrolysis.

Which words correctly complete the spaces?

www.papacambridge.com The oxide is dissolved in .....1..... cryolite and aluminium is deposited at the .....2.....

	space 1	space 2
Α	aqueous	negative cathode
В	aqueous	positive anode
С	molten	negative cathode
D	molten	positive anode

13 The diagram shows an electrolysis experiment using metals X and Y as electrodes.



One of the metals becomes coated with copper.

Which metal becomes coated and which aqueous solution is used?

	metal	aqueous solution
Α	x	CrCl <sub>3</sub>
В	x	CuCl <sub>2</sub>
С	Y	CrCl <sub>3</sub>
D	Y	CuCl <sub>2</sub>

14 The solvent ethanol is produced by the fermentation of sugar, using yeast.

Which graph correctly shows how the speed of fermentation changes with temperature?



- 15 In which process does an endothermic change take place?
  - Α combustion
  - В evaporation
  - С filtration
  - D neutralisation

www.papaCambridge.com **16** The sign  $\rightleftharpoons$  is used in some equations to show that a reaction can be reversed.

Two incomplete equations are given.

	reagents	products
Р	$CoCl_2 + 2H_2O$	CoCl <sub>2</sub> . 2H <sub>2</sub> O
Q	C + O <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>

For which of these reactions can a  $\rightleftharpoons$  sign be correctly used to complete the equation?

	Р	Q
Α	$\checkmark$	✓
В	$\checkmark$	x
С	X	✓
D	X	x

- 17 In which reaction does reduction of the underlined substance take place?
  - **A** <u>Cu<sub>2</sub>O</u> + C  $\rightarrow$  2Cu + CO
  - **B**  $2Cu_2O + O_2 \rightarrow 4CuO$
  - **C**  $2Cu + O_2 \rightarrow 2CuO$
  - **D**  $CuO + CO \rightarrow Cu + CO_2$
- 18 In which experiment is the rate of reaction between hydrochloric acid and calcium carbonate slowest?



**19** Aqueous ammonia is added to a solution of a metal sulphate.

www.papacambridge.com A green precipitate that is insoluble in excess of the aqueous ammonia forms.

Which metal ion is present?

- **A** Ca<sup>2+</sup> **B** Cu<sup>2+</sup> **C** Fe<sup>3+</sup> **D** Fe<sup>2+</sup>
- 20 The chart shows the colour ranges of four different indicators.

Which indicator is blue in an acidic solution?



21 An ion X in solution is identified as shown.



9



Why is an argon atmosphere often used?

- A Argon has a low density.
- **B** Argon is colourless.
- **C** Argon is inexpensive.
- **D** Argon is unreactive.
- 23 Part of the reactivity series is outlined below.



10

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Electrolysis is an expensive way of extraction.

Which metal has to be extracted from its ore by electrolysis?

- A aluminium
- B copper
- C lead
- D iron

24 The diagram shows part of the Periodic Table.



Which statement about elements X, Y and Z is correct?

The proton number of X is

- A seven less than that of Z.
- **B** three less than that of Z.
- **C** one less than that of Y.
- **D** sixteen less than that of Y.
- **25** Three different metals, Cu, Fe and Mg, are each added to an excess of dilute hydrochloric acid.

The graph shows how rapidly hydrogen is given off.



Which metal gives which curve?

	1	2	3
Α	Fe	Cu	Mg
в	Fe	Mg	Cu
С	Mg	Cu	Fe
D	Mg	Fe	Cu

11

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26 Which substance is a metal?

	electrical conductivity (solid)	electrical conductivity (molten)
Α	high	high
В	high	low
С	low	high
D	low	low

27 Which changes occur when impure iron is made into stainless steel?

	carbon	chromium
Α	added	added
В	added	removed
С	removed	added
D	removed	removed

28 The bodies of an aeroplane, a car and a wheelbarrow are made of metal.







Which metal is used for which body?

	aeroplane	car	wheelbarrow
Α	aluminium	iron	steel
в	aluminium	steel	iron
С	steel	aluminium	iron
D	steel	iron	aluminium

- **29** What is used to test for the presence of water?
  - **A** anhydrous copper(II) sulphate
  - B aqueous barium chloride
  - C aqueous sodium hydroxide
  - D Universal indicator paper



**30** A candle is burned in a fixed volume of air.

How do the percentages (%) of carbon dioxide and oxygen change?

	carbon dioxide	oxygen
Α	fall	fall
В	fall	rise
С	rise	fall
D	rise	rise

**31** Anhydrous calcium chloride is used as a drying agent.

An alkaline solution of pyrogallol absorbs oxygen and carbon dioxide.

Clean air is passed through the apparatus shown.



Which gases are present in the air leaving the apparatus?

	argon	nitrogen	hydrogen
Α	1	$\checkmark$	√
В	$\checkmark$	×	✓
С	x	$\checkmark$	✓
D	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	X

32 Which chart could represent the composition of a galvanised roof?



- www.papacambridge.com 33 Which statement explains why iron is used as the catalyst in the manufacture of amin
  - Α More ammonia is produced in a given time.
  - В The catalyst is unchanged at the end of the reaction.
  - С The catalyst neutralises the ammonia.
  - D The purity of the ammonia is improved.
- **34** A sample of acid rainwater (pH = 4) is passed down a glass column packed with marble chippings (calcium carbonate). The water coming from the bottom of the column is collected in a beaker. The pH is now 6.



What causes the change in pH?

- The acid has been filtered. Α
- В The acid has been neutralised.
- С The acid is made more concentrated.
- D The acid is precipitated.
- 35 What are the products when limestone (calcium carbonate) is strongly heated?
  - calcium hydroxide and carbon dioxide Α
  - calcium hydroxide and carbon monoxide В
  - С calcium oxide and carbon dioxide
  - D calcium oxide and carbon monoxide
- 36 Which compound is ethanol?



14



- 37 What is petroleum?
  - A an aircraft fuel
  - B a central heating fuel
  - C a mixture of carbohydrates
  - D a mixture of hydrocarbons
- 38 Methanol and ethanol belong to the same homologous series.

What does this mean?

- A Their molecules contain atoms only of carbon and hydrogen.
- B Their molecules have the same number of carbon atoms.
- **C** They have the same functional group.
- D They have the same relative molecular mass.
- 39 Which substances can be obtained by cracking hydrocarbons?
  - A ethanol and ethene
  - B ethanol and hydrogen
  - C ethene and hydrogen
  - **D** ethene and poly(ethene)
- 40 The apparatus shown may be used to study the products of fermentation.



What is the purpose of the aqueous calcium hydroxide?

- A to absorb any excess of yeast
- B to condense the ethanol produced
- **C** to prevent air entering the system
- D to show that carbon dioxide is produced

DATA SHEET The Periodic Table of the Elements

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