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CHEMISTRY 0620/01

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2006

45 minutes

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Additional Materials:

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

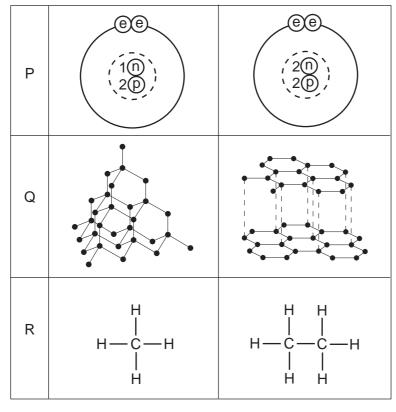
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

You may use a calculator.

- 1 At room temperature, in which substance are the particles furthest apart?
 - A H_2
- \mathbf{B} H_2O
- Mg
- MgO
- www.PapaCambridge.com 2 Which method can be used to obtain crystals from aqueous copper(II) sulphate?
 - A chromatography
 - electrolysis В
 - C evaporation
 - neutralisation D
- 3 Five elements have proton numbers 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18.

What are the proton numbers of the three elements that form oxides?

- 10, 12 and 14
- 10, 14 and 18 В
- C 12, 14 and 16
- **D** 14, 16 and 18
- 4 The rows P, Q and R in the table show three pairs of structures.



key

- e electron
- (n) neutron
- p proton
- ; nucleus
 - atoms of the same element

Which pair or pairs are isotopes?

- P only
- **B** P and Q only
- Q only
- Q and R only



- 5 Which numbers are added to give the nucleon number of an ion?
 - A number of electrons + number of neutrons
 - **B** number of electrons + number of protons
 - C number of electrons + number of protons + number of neutrons
 - **D** number of protons + number of neutrons
- 6 In the molecules CH₄, HC*l* and H₂O, which atoms use **all** of their outer shell electrons in bonding?
 - A C and Cl
 - **B** C and H
 - C Cl and H
 - **D** H and O
- 7 Which change to an atom occurs when it forms a positive ion?
 - A It gains an electron.
 - **B** It gains a proton.
 - C It loses an electron.
 - **D** It loses a proton.
- **8** For which compound is the formula correct?

	compound	formula
Α	ammonia	NH ₄
В	carbon dioxide	СО
С	potassium oxide	P ₂ O
D	zinc chloride	ZnC <i>l</i> ₂

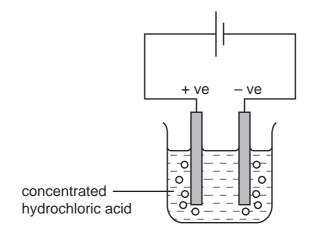
9 The diagrams show the molecules of three elements.





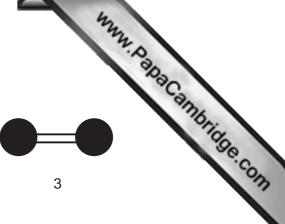
Which of these elements are present in water?

- 1 and 2 only
- 1 and 3 only В
- 2 and 3 only С
- 1, 2 and 3
- 10 The diagram shows that two gases are formed when concentrated hydrochloric acid is electrolysed between inert electrodes.

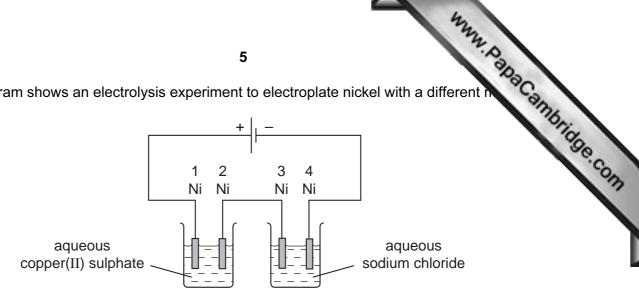


Which line correctly describes the colours of the gases at the electrodes?

	anode (+ve)	cathode (-ve)
Α	colourless	colourless
В	colourless	yellow-green
С	yellow-green	colourless
D	yellow-green	yellow-green

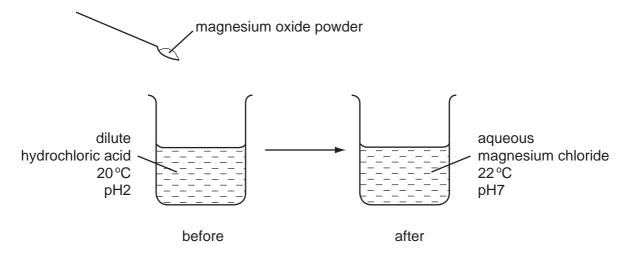


11 The diagram shows an electrolysis experiment to electroplate nickel with a different n



Which nickel electrodes are plated with a metal?

- 1 only Α
- В 1 and 3 only
- C 2 only
- D 2 and 4 only
- 12 The diagram shows an experiment in which magnesium oxide powder is added to dilute hydrochloric acid.



Which terms describe the experiment?

	exothermic	neutralisation
Α	✓	✓
В	✓	x
С	x	✓
D	X	x

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13 Coal, methane and hydrogen are burned as fuels.

Which descriptions of this process are correct?

	what happens to the fuel	type of reaction
Α	oxidised	endothermic
В	oxidised	exothermic
С	reduced	endothermic
D	reduced	exothermic

14 Two reactions involving water are shown.

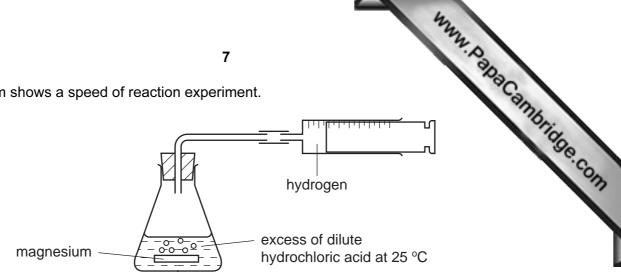
X FeSO₄ + water
$$\rightarrow$$
 hydrated iron(II) sulphate

Y Fe +
$$O_2$$
 + water \rightarrow rust

Which of these reactions are reversible by heating?

	X	Y
Α	✓	✓
В	✓	X
С	X	✓
D	X	X

15 The diagram shows a speed of reaction experiment.

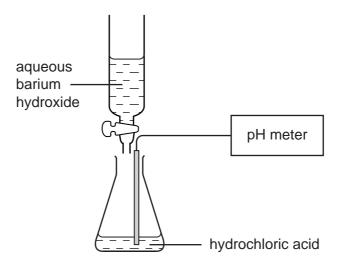


Increasing the concentration of the acid and increasing the temperature both affect the speed of reaction.

Which line of the table is correct?

	increase concentration of acid	increase temperature
Α	decrease speed of reaction	decrease speed of reaction
В	decrease speed of reaction	increase speed of reaction
С	increase speed of reaction	decrease speed of reaction
D	increase speed of reaction	increase speed of reaction

16 Barium hydroxide is an alkali. It reacts with hydrochloric acid.



What happens to the pH of a solution of hydrochloric acid as an excess of aqueous barium hydroxide is added?

- The pH decreases from 14 but becomes constant at 7.
- В The pH decreases from 14 to about 1.
- C The pH increases from 1 but becomes constant at 7.
- The pH increases from 1 to about 14. D

17 Element X is at the left-hand side of the Periodic Table.

Which line in the table shows the correct type and property of the oxide of X?

	type of oxide	property of oxide
Α	metallic	acidic
В	metallic	basic
С	non-metallic	acidic
D	non-metallic	basic

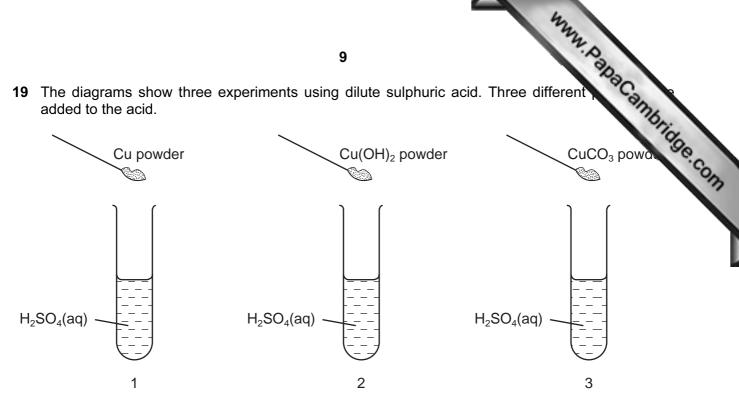
18 The diagram shows the positions of some elements in the Periodic Table.

		_									Ζ
W											
	Х										
										Υ	

Which elements form ionic bonds with oxygen?

- **A** W only
- **B** W and X only
- **C** Y only
- **D** Y and Z only

19 The diagrams show three experiments using dilute sulphuric acid. Three different added to the acid.



The mixtures are stirred.

Which test-tubes then contain Cu²⁺(aq) ions?

- 1 and 2 only
- В 1 and 3 only
- 2 and 3 only C
- 1, 2 and 3

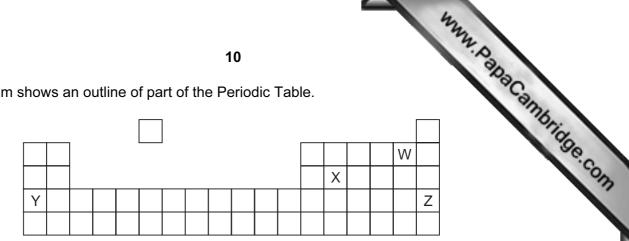
20 The equation shows the reaction between a halogen and aqueous bromide ions.

$$X_2$$
 + 2Br⁻(aq) \rightarrow 2X⁻(aq) + Br₂ ...1... ...2... ...3...

Which words should be written in gaps 1, 2 and 3?

	1	1 2			
Α	chlorine	brown	colourless		
В	chlorine	colourless	brown		
С	iodine	brown	colourless		
D	iodine	colourless	brown		

21 The diagram shows an outline of part of the Periodic Table.



Which two elements could form a covalent compound?

- A W and X
- W and Y В
- **C** X and Y
- X and Z

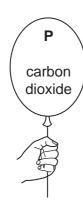
22 A student is asked to complete two sentences.

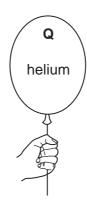
Metallic and non-metallic elements are classified in the1...... This can be used to2...... the properties of elements.

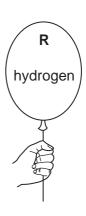
Which words correctly complete the gaps?

	gap 1	gap 2
Α	Periodic Table	measure
В	Periodic Table	predict
С	reactivity series	measure
D	reactivity series	predict

23 The diagram shows three balloons held by children.







Which of the balloons float up into the air when the children let go?

- P only
- P and R only
- **Q** only
- Q and R only

3 Mg +
$$Fe_2O_3$$

The mixtures are heated strongly.

Which of the elements C, Cu and Mg are reactive enough to reduce the iron oxide to iron?

- A C and Cu only
- **B** C and Mg only
- C Cu and Mg only
- D C, Cu and Mg

25 Which property do all metals have?

- A Their densities are low.
- **B** Their melting points are high.
- C They act as catalysts.
- **D** They conduct electricity.

26 Copper, iron and zinc are all used to make things.

Which of these three metals are also used in the form of alloys?

	copper	iron	zinc
Α	✓	✓	✓
В	✓	✓	X
С	X	✓	✓
D	X	X	✓

27 Which diagram shows a common use of stainless steel?

Α

В

С

D



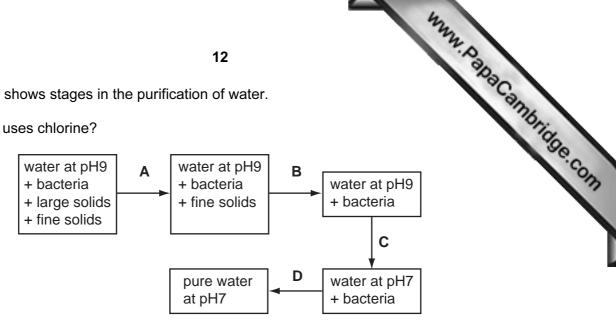






28 The diagram shows stages in the purification of water.

Which stage uses chlorine?

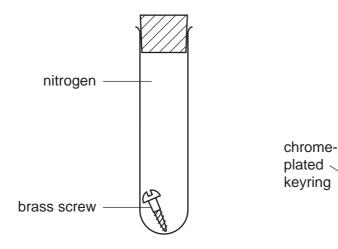


air

water

29 In experiments on rusting, some students are each given two metal objects to study.

One student set up his apparatus as shown.



Which objects rusted?

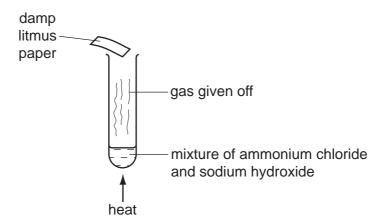
	brass screw	chrome-plated keyring
Α	✓	✓
В	✓	×
С	×	✓
D	X	X

- 30 Which substance is not a pollutant of clean air?
 - argon Α
 - carbon monoxide В
 - C nitrogen dioxide
 - sulphur dioxide D

- 31 Which metallic element is needed in a complete fertiliser?
 - A calcium
 - **B** magnesium
 - **C** potassium
 - **D** sodium
- **32** A newspaper article claims that carbon dioxide is formed as follows.
 - 1 during respiration
 - 2 when calcium carbonate reacts with hydrochloric acid
 - 3 when methane burns in air

Which statements are correct?

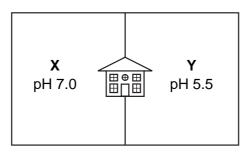
- **A** 1, 2 and 3
- **B** 1 and 2 only
- C 1 and 3 only
- **D** 2 and 3 only
- 33 The diagram shows an experiment.



What is the name of the gas and the final colour of the litmus paper?

	gas	colour		
Α	ammonia	blue		
В	ammonia	red		
С	chlorine	white		
D	chlorine	red		

www.PapaCambridge.com 34 The diagram shows the pH values of the soil in X and Y, two parts of the garden of a



The house owner wishes to use lime to neutralise the soil in one part of the garden.

To which part should the lime be added, and why?

	part of garden	because lime is
Α	X	acidic
В	x	basic
С	Y	acidic
D	Y	basic

35 In the molecule shown, the two –OH groups are numbered.

Which of these –OH groups react with aqueous sodium hydroxide?

	1	2
Α	✓	✓
В	✓	x
С	X	✓
D	X	X

36 When a suitable catalyst is used, ethene reacts with steam.

What is the structure of the compound formed?

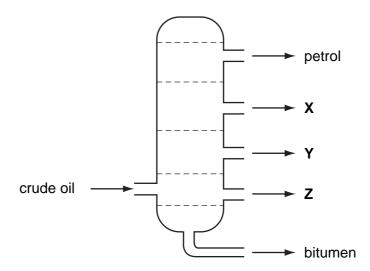
Α H-C-C-O-H

www.PapaCambridge.com H-O-C-C-O-H

В

C

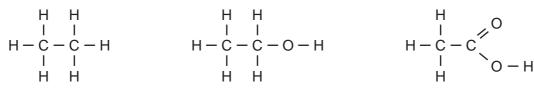
37 The diagram shows the separation of crude oil into fractions.



What could X, Y and Z represent?

	X	Υ	Z		
Α	diesel	lubricating oil	paraffin		
В	lubricating oil	diesel	paraffin		
С	lubricating oil	paraffin	diesel		
D	paraffin	diesel	lubricating oil		

38 Which of the compounds shown are used as fuels?



1

2

_	
2	
J	

	1	2	3
Α	✓	✓	✓
В	✓	✓	X
С	✓	x	✓
D	X	✓	✓

39 Which set of diagrams shows three substances that are all in the same homologous series?

$$H$$
 $C = C$

$$c \quad H = C = C H$$

$$H-C-C=C$$

40 The diagram shows the structure of a small molecule.

Which chain-like molecule is formed when these small molecules link together?

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The Periodic Table of the Elements DATA SHEET

	a. E	4 5		. 5	_ 4. 5	- -		
0	Heliur	10	<u>e</u>	8	22	Rado Rado		175 Lu
II/		19 Fluorine	35.5 C1 Chlorine	80 Br Bromine	127 I lodine	At Astatine 85		173 Yb
IΛ		16 O Oxygen 8	32 Sulphur	79 Se Selenium	128 Te Tellurium	Po Polonium 84		169 Tm
Λ		14 N Nitrogen 7	31 P Phosphorus 15	75 AS Arsenic 33	Sb Antimony 51	209 Bi Bismuth		167 E
ΛΙ		12 C Carbon 6	Silicon	73 Ge Germanium	119 Sn Tin	207 Pb Lead 82		165 H
III		11 B Boron 5	27 A1 Aluminium 13	70 Ga Gallium 31	115 In Indium 49	204 T 1 Thallium		162 Dy
				65 Zn Zinc 30	Cadmium 48	201 Hg Mercury		159 Tb
				64 Cu Copper	108 Ag Silver 47	197 Au Gold		157 Gd
				59 Nickel 28	Pd Palladium			152 Eu
				59 Co Cobalt	Rhodium 45	192 Ir Iridium		150 Sm
	T Hydrogen			56 Fe Iron	101 Rut Ruthenium	190 Os Osmium 76		Pm
				Mn Manganese	Tc Technetium 43	186 Re Rhenium 75		144 Nd
				Cr Chromium 24	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	184 W Tungsten 74		141 Pr
				51 V Vanadium 23	93 Niobium 41	181 Ta Tantalum		140 Ce
				48 Ti Titanium	91 Zr Zirconium 40	178 Hf Hafnium 72		
				Scandium 21	89 < Yttrium 39	139 La Lanthanum s	227 Ac Actinium †	series eries
II		9 Be Berylium 4	24 Mg Magnesium	40 Ca Calcium	Sr Strontium	137 Ba Barium 56	226 Ra Radium 88	*58-71 Lanthanoid series
_		7 Li Lithium 3	23 Na Sodium	39 K Potassium 19	Rb Rubidium 37	133 Cs Caesium 55	Fr Francium 87	*58-71 La
		1	III IV V VII VIII VIIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIIII VIII VIII	III IV VI VII VII	III III	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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2

β

Fm

Es

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Curium

Am

Pu

å

Ра

²³²

90

b = proton (atomic) number

28

a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol

Key

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