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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/23

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

	Page 2		2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	· Pa
	-			IGCSE – October/November 2010	0620	Day
1	(a)	ma	gnesi	um oxide / MgO		, Papa Cambridge
	(b)	ALI sulf	_OW fur dic	dioxide / NO ₂ ; nitrogen oxide oxide / SO ₂ sulfur oxide		[1]
	(c)		bon d ter / H	lioxide / CO ₂ ; I ₂ O		[1] [1]
	(d)	wat	ter / H	H_2O		[1]
	(e)	car	bon d	lioxide / CO ₂		[1]
						[Total: 7]
2	(a)	(i)	bone	stance containing <u>two (or more) different atoms</u> <u>ded</u> TH idea of different atoms / elements and bonded no	-	/ <u>combined</u> / [1]
		(ii)	it is	npound) B; an ionic giant structure / it is ionic OW it contains ions		[1] [1]
		(iii)	С			[1]
	(b)	(i)	1st k	pox ticked (conducts when molten)		[1]
		(ii)	(ligh 2nd NOT	(aqueous) silver nitrate; it) yellow precipitate (BOTH yellow and precipitate remark dependent on correct reagent Γ cream precipitate OW lead nitrate (1) yellow precipitate (1)	equired)	[1] [1]
	(c)	it is	an o	xide of a non-metal / iodine is a non-metal		[1]

[Total: 8]

	Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0620
3	(a) (i) allo	w between 720 and 820°C (actual = 760°C)	Syllabus 7 days
	rubi	sium; dium ly listing rules for more than 2 elements	Tag
	(iii) incr	eases (down the group)	[1]
	(b) soft; melting; increase		[1] [1] [1]
	–1 per o ALLOW IGNORI	+ water → sodium hydroxide + hydrogen omission or error = instead of → E: reference to states us instead of + energy	[2]

(d) (i) 2 on left; 2 on right [2] -1 per omission / error (ii) has two atoms (in its molecule) [1] NOT reference to elements / two atoms the same / a compound of two atoms (iii) arrangement: random / not ordered / disordered [1] ALLOW: far apart together; motion: random / (moving) fast / rapid / everywhere / move with ease / freely [1] IGNORE: loosely packed (iv) pair of bonding electrons; [1] 8 electrons in outer shell of each chlorine [1] separate atoms = 0 IGNORE: inner electrons

[Total: 16]

Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	1
J		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0620	
(a) (i)	cova	alent	Syllabus 0620	-
(ii)	С			S
(iii)	В		[1]	
(iv)	etha	nol	[1]]
(v)	ALL(nine water OW: bromine / potassium permanganate; s colourless ORE: colour of bromine	[1] [1]	
(b) (i)	sam sam simil grad	two of: e functional group / e general formula / lar <u>chemical</u> properties / lual change in physical properties OW: (successive members) differ by a CH ₂ group	[2]]
(ii)		ect formula (molecular or displayed) for any alkane ect name corresponding to the formula	apart from ethane [1]	
(c) (i)	X pla	aced inside the column at the top	[1]]
(ii)	B pla	aced by bottom arrow	[1]]
			[Total: 12]	l

Page 5		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Ì	
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0620	l)	
(a) (i)		reases / gets smaller 「disappears / increases in surface area	Syllabus 0620 THE CAMPARIA	1	
(ii)	incre	eases		1	
(b) (i)		ts plotted correctly including 0,0 per incorrect or no point plotted)	[2]		
		re of best fit drawn x 1 mark if graph plotted wrong way round)	[1]		
(ii)		m ³ OW: 44 / correct reading from incorrect curve in par Γ: incorrect units	t (i)		
(iii)	ALL	ne zinc had been used up / one of the reagents used OW: the reaction has finished r: sulfuric acid used up	d up [1]		
(iv)	(gas	ed splint; s) pops / explodes / blows out flame ORE: pop test	[1] [1]		
(c) (i)		s fast <u>er</u> / more hydrogen given off <u>per minute</u> / more for same amount of gas	e gas given off per unit time / less [1]		
(ii)	_	s slow <u>er</u> / less hydrogen given off <u>per minute</u> / less for same amount of gas	gas given off per unit time / more [1]		
· ,	(d) substance which speeds up a reaction ALLOW: changes the rate of reaction [1]				

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[Total: 12]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	7. P.
	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0620	720
high both high defended form conform c	Any three of: high boiling point or high melting point / high density / form coloured compounds or have coloured ions form ions of more than one charge or variable valency / form complex ions / ALLOW: (very) hard / hardness / (good) catalysts		
(b) (i) dif	ferent number of neutrons / different nucleon number		[1]
(ii) 57			[1]
(iii) 26			[1]
IG	ater / damp / humidity; NORE: a little or similar when referring to damp / wat · / oxygen	er	[1] [1]
oil No su	itable method e.g. coating with zinc / coating with unr (or grease) / galvanising / sacrificial protection DT: removing air / water itable reason e.g. stops air / water reaching surface eason must be consequential to the method chosen)	eactive metal / pla	astic / [1] [1]
	oxygen / gains electrons / <u>iron</u> decreases oxidation r	number	[1]
	RE: wrong oxidation numbers ddition of hydrogen		[1]
AL (o	(incomplete) combustion of hydrocarbons / carbon collinguistion. LOW: (incomplete) combustion of fossil fuels / named hydrocarbons etc) react with air (or oxygen) OT: reacts with air unqualified (must refer to a carbon	ed carbon contain	
	isonous / toxic / kills you / suffocates you / stops red	blood cells carryir	ng oxygen [1]

ALLOW: binds with haemoglobin in place of oxygen

NOT: harmful

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[Total: 14]

Page 7			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	
i ago i			IGCSE – October/November 2010	0620	
(a)	(i)	ÀLL	ic acid) had dissolved OW acid had diffused / an acid is formed here ORE: boric acid is acidic / neutralisation / it is an acid	Syllabus 7. Add	bride
	(ii)	pH 8	3		[1]
((iii)	ALL	dom movement of particles / mixing up of particles OW: bulk / overall movement of particles from high to ORE: particles move from high to low concentration	o low concentration	[1]
((iv)		of neutralisation (of acid by alkali) ORE: returned to neutral		[1]
(b)	(i)	CON	N_2H_4 OW: any order of atoms / (NH ₂) ₂ CO		[1]
	(ii)	60			[1]
(c)	(i)	nitro IGN	ogen ORE: nitrates		[1]
	(ii)		crease crop / plant growth / speeds up plant growth;		[1]
		ALL	ut back nitrogen (or nutrients) into the soil / to providence OW: to supply plants with nitrogen / essential element ORE: makes the soil more fertile / to supply nitrogen	nts	[1]
(d)	Any two of: evaporate some of the water / heat to crystallisation point / heat a little / partially evaporate NOT heat or evaporate without qualification			∋;	
	allow to crystallise / leave in a warm place / leave on the window sill; IGNORE: cool it				
	dry with filter paper NOT: dry in oven unless it implies that the temperature is below 100 °C / very low			[2]	

[Total: 11]

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