## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

## 0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/63

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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## Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

- ; separates marking points
- / separates alternatives within a marking point
- () the word or phrase in brackets is not required but sets the context
- A accept (a less than ideal answer which should be marked correct)
- I ignore (mark as if this material were not present)
- R reject
- ecf credit a correct statement that follows a previous wrong response
- ora or reverse argument
- owtte or words to that effect (accept other ways of expressing the same idea)

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	spatula; <u>evaporating</u> dish / basin;	1 1
1(b)(i)	crush/powder/grind/pound zinc carbonate; add to acid <b>and</b> stir/mix; (until) no more bubbles/excess carbonate/solid remains;	1 1 1
1(b)(ii)	filter/filtration etc.;	1
1(b)(iii)	<ul> <li>2 from:</li> <li><u>evaporate:</u></li> <li>until crystallisation point/crystals (start to) form/saturated;</li> <li>leave to cool;</li> </ul>	1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	electroplating;	1
2(b)	prevent rusting/corrosion/attractive appearance/shiny;	1
2(c)	the negative/cathode;	1
2(d)	M1 chromium (salt)/chromium + <i>any named</i> anion; M2 nitrate/sulfate/chloride/ethanoate/ <i>suitable</i> named anion;	1
2(e)	coating will not stick/be even/dirt or grease will be trapped;	1
2(f)	spoon not completely immersed in electrolyte/only half of spoon will be plated;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	all temperatures correctly recorded: 30, 35, 33, 29	2
	4 correct = 2 3 correct = 1 2 or fewer correct = 0	
	temperature rises: 5, 10, 8, 4;	1
3(b)	idea of fair test/comparability of results/only one variable/control (variable);	1
3(c)	4 points plotted correctly, $\pm$ half a small square; <b>two</b> intersecting <u>straight</u> lines drawn with a ruler; through points 1 and 2 <b>and</b> 3 and 4, extrapolated to intersect;	1 1 1
3(d)(i)	11°C;	1
3(d)(ii)	C = 28 and D = 22; cm <sup>3</sup> ;	1
3(e)	22(°C)/2 × value from (d)(i);	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	green; precipitate;	1
4(b)	correct table of results for Experiment 1: final volumes, initial volumes and difference: 10.8 0.0 10.8;	1
	all readings in <b>both</b> tables to 1 decimal place;	1
4(c)	correct table of results for Experiment 2: final volumes and initial volumes: 12.3 6.9;	1
	difference correct: 5.4;	1
4(d)(i)	to remove <b>M</b> /residue/impurities/to clean it;	1
4(d)(ii)	to remove water/so N is not diluted;	1
4(e)	there is already a colour change/self-indicating/it goes pink/owtte;	1
	M and N change colour or show when the reaction is complete;	1
4(f)(i)	Experiment 2/solution <b>M</b> /the first titration;	1
4(f)(ii)	Experiment 2 uses 2 × volume of Experiment 3 ora;	1
4(f)(iii)	twice as concentrated/strong ora;	2
4(g)	half value from table result for Experiment 3/2.7; half volume (of <b>L</b> ) used;	1
4(h)	advantage easy to use/quick/convenient; disadvantage not accurate owtte;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(f)	hydrogen/H <sub>2</sub> ;	1
5(g)	hydrated/water; acid;	1
5(h)	(grey/) white (solid);	1
5(i)	temperature increase / rise; blue (solution);	1
5(j)	blue; precipitate;	1
5(k)	blue precipitate; dissolves/soluble/solution; deep/dark/royal blue (solution);	1 1 1

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Question	Answer	Marks
6	6 from:	6
	<ul> <li>uses different (at least two) concentrations of sulfuric acid;</li> <li>made by diluting with water;</li> <li>same total volume of (diluted) sulfuric acid;</li> <li>same mass/amount/size/length/surface area of magnesium (ribbon);</li> <li>measure time (or run at the same time);</li> <li>for magnesium to dissolve or react or disappear/ycm<sup>3</sup> gas to collect/volume collected (set time)/bubbles to stop/mass to decrease by xg/mass to stop decreasing;</li> <li>compare times of reaction/results;</li> </ul>	