

## CHEMISTRY (US)

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

0439/13 May/June 2013

45 Minutes

Additional Materials:	Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Center number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.



**1** The diagram shows a cup of tea.



Which row describes the water particles in the air above the cup compared with the water particles in the cup?

	moving faster	closer together
Α	$\checkmark$	1
в	$\checkmark$	X
С	x	1
D	×	x

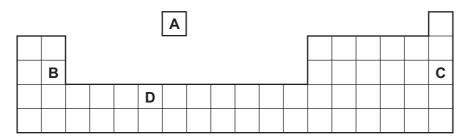
- 2 Crystals of sodium chloride were prepared by the following method.
  - 1 25.0 cm<sup>3</sup> of dilute hydrochloric acid was accurately measured into an Erlenmeyer flask.
  - 2 Aqueous sodium hydroxide was added until the solution was neutral. The volume of sodium hydroxide added was measured.
  - 3 The solution was evaporated and the crystals washed with approximately 15 cm<sup>3</sup> of water.

Which row shows the pieces of apparatus used to measure the  $25.0 \text{ cm}^3$  of hydrochloric acid, the volume of aqueous sodium hydroxide and the  $15 \text{ cm}^3$  of water?

	25.0 cm <sup>3</sup> of hydrochloric acid accurately	the volume of aqueous sodium hydroxide added	15 cm <sup>3</sup> of water approximately
Α	buret	dropper	graduated cylinder
в	graduated cylinder	buret	dropper
С	dropper	buret	graduated cylinder
D	dropper	graduated cylinder	buret

3 The positions of four elements are shown on the outline of the Periodic Table.

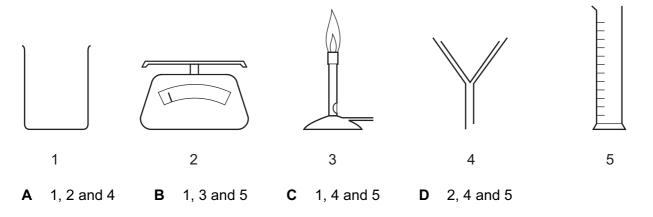
Which element forms a colored oxide?



4 Lead iodide is insoluble in water.

Lead iodide is made by adding aqueous lead nitrate to aqueous potassium iodide.

Which pieces of apparatus are needed to obtain solid lead iodide from 20 cm<sup>3</sup> of aqueous lead nitrate?

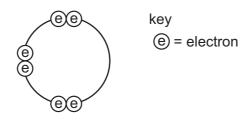


**5** Element X is represented by  $\frac{27}{13}$  X.

Which statement about element X is correct?

- A An atom of X contains 13 protons and 13 neutrons.
- **B** An atom of X contains 27 protons and 13 electrons.
- **C** X forms an ion by gaining electrons.
- **D** X is placed in Group III of the Periodic Table.

6 Element X has six electrons in its outer shell.



How could the element react?

- **A** by gaining two electrons to form a positive ion
- **B** by losing six electrons to form a negative ion
- C by sharing two electrons with two electrons from another element to form two covalent bonds
- D by sharing two electrons with two electrons from another element to form four covalent bonds
- 7 For which substance is the type of bonding **not** correct?

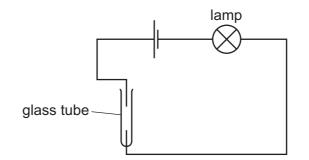
	substance	type of bonding			
	Substance	ionic	covalent	metallic	
Α	chlorine		1		
в	potassium bromide	1			
С	sodium			$\checkmark$	
D	sodium chloride		1		

**8** A compound with the formula  $XF_2$  has a relative formula mass of 78.

What is element X?

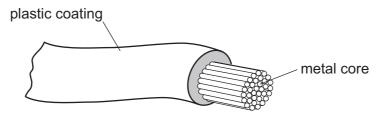
- A argon
- **B** calcium
- C neon
- D zirconium

**9** The diagram shows an incomplete circuit.



Which substance causes the lamp to light when added to the glass tube?

- **A** aqueous sodium chloride
- B aqueous sugar
- C solid sodium chloride
- D solid sugar
- 10 The diagram shows an electrical cable.



Which statement about the substances used is correct?

- A The coating is plastic because it conducts electricity well.
- B The core is copper because it conducts electricity well.
- **C** The core is copper because it is cheap and strong.
- **D** The core is iron because it is cheap and strong.
- 11 What is the balanced chemical equation for the reaction between calcium and water?

 $A \quad Ca + H_2O \rightarrow CaOH + H_2$ 

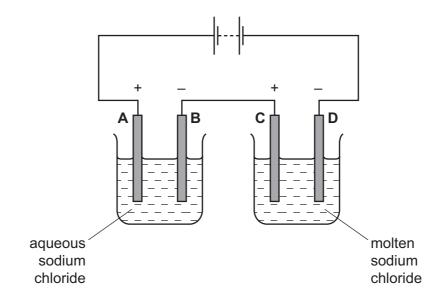
- **B** Ca + H<sub>2</sub>O  $\rightarrow$  Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>
- $\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{C} \quad \text{Ca} \ + \ 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \mbox{$\rightarrow$} \ \text{CaOH} \quad \ + \ \text{H}_2$
- **D** Ca +  $2H_2O \rightarrow$  Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>

**12** Some white anhydrous copper(II) sulfate powder is put into a beaker of water and stirred.

What would show that the process was exothermic?

- **A** A blue solution is formed.
- B The beaker feels cooler.
- **C** The beaker feels warmer.
- **D** The powder dissolves in the water.
- 13 The diagram shows an electrolysis circuit.

At which electrode is hydrogen formed?



- 14 Which substance does not require oxygen in order to produce energy?
  - A coal
  - B hydrogen
  - C natural gas
  - **D** <sup>235</sup>U
- **15** Calcium carbonate reacts with hydrochloric acid to form carbon dioxide.

Which changes would slow this reaction down?

- 1 decreasing the concentration of hydrochloric acid
- 2 decreasing the particle size of calcium carbonate
- 3 decreasing the temperature
- **A** 1 and 2 only **B** 1 and 3 only **C** 2 and 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

**16** The equation shows the formation of anhydrous copper(II) sulfate from hydrated copper(II) sulfate.

 $CuSO_4.5H_2O \rightleftharpoons CuSO_4 + 5H_2O$ 

Statements 1, 2 and 3 refer to this reaction.

- 1 Hydrated copper(II) sulfate is reduced to anhydrous copper(II) sulfate.
- 2 The (II) in the name copper(II) sulfate refers to the oxidation state of the metal.
- 3 The reaction is reversible.

Which statements are correct?

**A** 1 only **B** 1 and 2 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 only

17 Ant stings hurt because of the methanoic acid produced by the ant.

Which substance could, most safely, be used to neutralize the acid?

	substance	рН
Α	baking soda	8
В	car battery acid	1
С	lemon juice	3
D	oven cleaner	14

- 18 In which equation is the underlined substance acting as a reducing agent?
  - $\textbf{A} \quad 3\underline{CO} \ \textbf{+} \ \textbf{Fe}_2\textbf{O}_3 \ \rightarrow \ \textbf{2Fe} \ \textbf{+} \ \textbf{3CO}_2$
  - $\textbf{B} \quad \underline{CO}_2 + C \rightarrow 2CO$
  - $\label{eq:cuoverse} \textbf{C} \quad \underline{CuO} \ + \ H_2 \ \rightarrow \ Cu \ + \ H_2O$
  - $\textbf{D} \quad \underline{\text{CaO}} \ + \ \text{H}_2\text{O} \ \rightarrow \ \text{Ca(OH)}_2$

**19** Two indicators, bromophenol blue and Congo red, show the following colors in acidic solutions and in alkaline solutions.

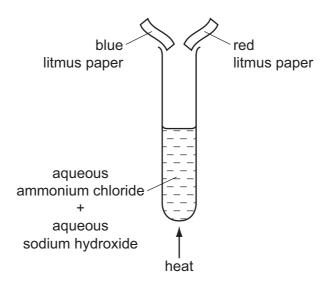
indicator	acid	alkali
bromophenol blue	yellow	blue
Congo red	violet	red

A few drops of each indicator are added to separate samples of a solution of pH 2.

What are the colors of the indicators in this solution?

	in a solution	on of pH 2	
	bromophenol blue is Congo red is		
Α	blue	red	
В	blue	violet	
С	yellow	red	
D	yellow	violet	

20 The diagram shows an experiment.



What happens to the pieces of litmus paper?

	blue litmus paper	red litmus paper
Α	changes color	changes color
в	changes color	no color change
С	no color change	changes color
D	no color change	no color change

**21** The diagram shows one period of the Periodic Table.

Li	Be	В	С	Ν	0	F	Ne
----	----	---	---	---	---	---	----

Which two elements form acidic oxides?

- **A** carbon and lithium
- B carbon and neon
- **C** carbon and nitrogen
- **D** nitrogen and neon
- 22 Which element is a transition metal?

	color of chloride	melting point of element/°C
Α	white	113
В	white	1495
С	yellow	113
D	yellow	1495

- 23 Which property of elements increases across a period of the Periodic Table?
  - A metallic character
  - B number of electron shells
  - **C** number of outer shell electrons
  - D tendency to form positive ions
- 24 Which property makes aluminum ideal for making food containers?
  - A conducts electricity
  - B conducts heat
  - C mechanical strength
  - D resistance to corrosion

	color	state at room temperature	reaction with aqueous potassium iodide
Α	brown	gas	no reaction
в	brown	liquid	iodine displaced
С	yellow	gas	iodine displaced
D	yellow	liquid	no reaction

Which row shows the properties of fluorine?

**26** Which element is a metal?

	charge on element ion	electrical conductivity
Α	negative	low
В	positive	high
С	negative	high
D	positive	low

27 Group I metals are also known as the Alkali Metals.

Which statement about the metals in Group I is not correct?

- **A** In their reactions they lose electrons.
- **B** Their atoms all have one electron in their outer shell.
- **C** They form +1 ions in their reactions with nonmetals.
- **D** They form covalent compounds by sharing electrons.

28 Below are some metals in decreasing order of reactivity.

magnesium zinc

iron

.....

copper

Titanium reacts with acid and cannot be extracted from its ore by heating with carbon.

Where should titanium be placed in this list?

- A below copper
- B between iron and copper
- **C** between magnesium and zinc
- D between zinc and iron
- 29 Which substance is not involved in the extraction of iron from hematite?
  - A carbon
  - B carbon monoxide
  - C calcium carbonate
  - **D** nitrogen
- **30** Pure metals conduct electricity and can be hammered into different shapes.

Why are metals sometimes used as alloys?

- A Alloys are cheaper than the metals they are made from.
- **B** Alloys are easier to hammer into different shapes.
- **C** Alloys are harder and keep their shape better.
- D Alloys conduct electricity better.
- **31** Water has been contaminated with sea-water.

Which substances can be removed by chlorination and filtration?

- A bacteria, sand and sodium chloride
- B bacteria and sand only
- C bacteria and sodium chloride only
- D sand and sodium chloride only

32 Which information about carbon dioxide and methane is correct?

		carbon dioxide	methane	
Α	formed when vegetation decomposes	$\checkmark$	x	key
в	greenhouse gas	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓ = true
С	present in unpolluted air	×	×	<b>x</b> = false
D	produced during respiration	×	$\checkmark$	

33 Iron rusts when it reacts with .....1.

Rusting can be prevented by covering the iron with a more reactive metal, such as .....2.....

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	oxygen	copper
В	oxygen	magnesium
С	oxygen and water	copper
D	oxygen and water	magnesium

34 Nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium are essential elements for plant growth.

Which mixture provides all three essential elements?

	mixture	formula
Α	ammonium phosphate + potassium chloride	(NH₄)₃PO₄ + KC <i>l</i>
В	ammonium phosphate + ammonium nitrate	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> + NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>
С	ammonium phosphate + ammonium chloride	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> + NH <sub>4</sub> C <i>l</i>
D	ammonium nitrate + potassium chloride	NH₄NO₃ + KC <i>l</i>

- 35 Organic compounds may have names ending in -ane, -ene, -ol or -oic acid.How many of these endings indicate the compounds contain double bonds in their molecules?
  - **A** 1 **B** 2 **C** 3 **D** 4
- **36** The list shows four methods that were suggested for the formation of carbon dioxide.
  - 1 action of an alkali on a carbonate
  - 2 action of heat on a carbonate
  - 3 complete combustion of methane
  - 4 reaction of a carbonate with oxygen

Which methods would result in the production of carbon dioxide?

A 1 and 2 B 1 and 4 C 2 and 3 D 3	3 and 4
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37 The table shows the boiling points of four members of the homologous series of alcohols.

comp	boiling point				
name	formula	/°C			
methanol	CH₃OH	65			
ethanol	$C_2H_5OH$	78			
propanol	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> OH	х			
butanol	$C_4H_9OH$	117			

What is the value of X?

Α	55 °C	В	82°C	С	98°C	D	115°C
		_	01 0	-		_	110 0

**38** Which columns describe the hydrocarbons ethane and ethene?

	1	2	3	4
state at room temperature	gas	gas	liquid	liquid
reaction with oxygen	burns	burns	burns	burns
reaction with aqueous bromine	no reaction	decolorizes bromine	no reaction	decolorizes bromine

- **A** 1 (ethane) and 2 (ethene)
- **B** 1 (ethane) and 4 (ethene)
- **C** 2 (ethene) and 3 (ethane)
- **D** 3 (ethane) and 4 (ethene)

**39** The table shows some fractions that are obtained from petroleum by fractional distillation, together with some of their uses.

fraction	use
refinery gas	cooking
gasoline	fuel for cars
1	making chemicals
2	jet fuel
3	fuel for ships
bitumen	making roads

Which row correctly identifies fractions 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3
Α	diesel oil	fuel oil	lubricating fraction
в	fuel oil	diesel oil	kerosene
С	kerosene	naphtha	diesel oil
D	naphtha	kerosene	fuel oil

40 Which of the statements about ethanol are correct?

- 1 Ethanol can be formed by an addition reaction.
- 2 Ethanol can be formed by fermentation.
- 3 When ethanol burns in air, it forms carbon dioxide and water.

**A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 **C** 1 and 3 **D** 2 and 3

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		0	<sup>4</sup> He	Helium 2	20 Neon	10	Ar	Argon 18	84	Kreaton Kreaton	36	131	Xe	Xenon 54		Rn	Radon 86		175 Lu Lutetium 71	۲	Lawrencium 103	
		١١٨			Fluorine		CI	Chlorine 17	80	Br Brunine	35	127	н	lodine 53		At	Astatine 85		173 <b>Yb</b> Ytterbium 70		102	
		١٨			16 Oxvaen	8	S	Sulfur 16	79	Selenium	34	128	Te	Tellurium 52		Po	Polonium 84		169 <b>Tm</b> 69	Md	Mendelevium 101	
		>			14 <b>Z</b>	31	•	Phosphorus 15	75	As	33	122	Sb	Antimony 51	209	ö	Bismuth 83		167 <b>Er</b> Erbium 68	E	100	
		2			Carbon Carbon	6	Si	Silicon 14	73	Germanium	32	119	Sn	50 Tin	207	Pb	82 Lead		165 <b>Hol</b> Holmium 67	Es	99	(r.t.p.).
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DATA SHEET The Periodic Table of the Elements	Group								59	Nickel	28	106	Pd	Palladium 46	195	Ę	Platinum 78		152 <b>Eu</b> Europium 63	Am	Americium 95	n³ at roor
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					_				55	Mn	25		Ч	Technetium 43	186	Re	Rhenium 75		144 Neodymium 60	238 U	92 92	The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm <sup>3</sup> at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).
									52	Chromium Obromium	24	96	Мо	Molybdenum 42	184	8	Tungsten 74		141 <b>Pr</b> Praseodymium 59	Ра	91 B	olume of o
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