

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 1

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75

Published

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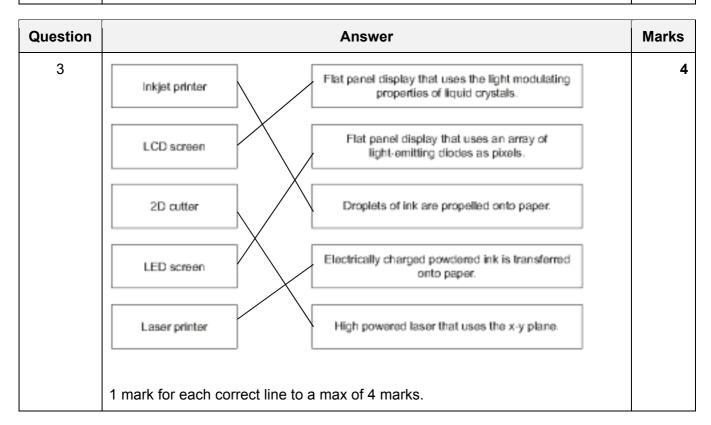
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Question	Answer	Marks
1	address (bus)control (bus)data (bus)	3

Question	Answer	Marks
2	2 marks for each type of storage	6
	Primary storage RAM ROM	
	Secondary storage • hard disk drive (HDD) • solid state drive (SSD)	
	Off-line storage e.g. CD DVD Blu-ray Flash memory // USB storage removable / external / portable hard disk drive (HDD/SSD) SD card	



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Question	Answer	Marks
4	Two marks for each correct description	8
	 Parity Check Checks a byte of data Check is performed when data is received A parity bit is added (to the parity byte) Counts / checks number of 1's // counts / checks to see if 1's are even // counts / checks to see if 1's are odd Can be even or odd If parity is incorrect, error is detected 	
	 Check digit A digit that is calculated from the data // uses modulo to calculate digit // valid description of modulo It is appended / added to the data Digit is recalculated when data is entered Digits are compared to check for error 	
	 Checksum A value is calculated from the data // Valid description of calculation It is transmitted with the data Value is recalculated after transmission Values are compared after transmission to check for error 	
	 Automatic Repeat reQuest Uses acknowledgement / request and time-out Error control protocol Check performed on receiving data // error is detected by e.g. parity check, check sum If error detected, request is sent to resend data // negative acknowledgement is used Resend request is repeated till data is sent correctly / requests time out / limit is reached Send acknowledgement that data is received // positive acknowledgement is used If acknowledgement not received in set time data is resent 	

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Question									Ansv	ver							Marks
5(a)	1 ma	rk fo	or co	orrect	t meth	nod,	1 m	ark 1	for co	rect a	answe	er					2
	32 + (00)1			+ 1													
5(b)	incor	rect	val	ue	ave le correc				allow	follov	v thro	ough f	rom (5(a) f	or an		2
	0	()	1	1	1		0	0	1							
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	
5(c)			data AS(nun part a s(CII vander t of in	nage . / soui	/ sma	all in	nage	ue / ch e small			k					2
5(d)	ЗА																1

Question	Answer	Marks
6	1 mark for correct name of code, up to a further 3 marks for appropriate explanation	4
	Quick response (QR) Code	
	 Three from: Barcode is captured / scanned / imaged, by a camera / scanner / barcode reader / QR code reader Read using a laser Processed by an app Light is reflected back Black squares reflect less light than white squares Modules are used for orientation / alignment Squares / data are decoded 	

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Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	1 mark for correct arrow(s), one mark for correct description	6
	Simplex data transmission	
	OR Computer B	
	(Direction of data is) one way only // unidirectional	
	Duplex data transmission	
	Computer A Computer B	
	(Direction of data is both ways) at same time / simultaneously / concurrently	
	Half-duplex data transmission	
	AND Computer A Computer B	
	(Direction of data is both ways) but at different times / not at the same time / not simultaneously / not concurrently	

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Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)	1 mark each use, must be different. Simplex e.g.:	2
	Microphone to computer	
	Sensor to computer Computer to printer	
	Computer to speaker	
	Computer to monitor Webcam to computer	
	Sending data to a device // sending data from a device	
	Duplex e.g.:	
	Telephone call Voice over IP	
	Computer to printer (only award once)	
	Instant messaging Broadband connections	
	Video conferencing	
	Sending data to and from devices e.g wireless technology Computer to modem	
7(c)	2 marks for IC, 2 marks for USB	4
	IC	
	parallel transmission // description of parallelfor sending data internally	
	USB	
	 serial transmission // description of serial for sending data externally (to and from peripherals / between devices) 	

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	2 marks for SSL, 2 marks for Firewall	4
	SSL protocol Two from: uses encryption encryption is asymmetric / symmetric / both makes use of (public and private) keys data is meaningless (without decryption key / if intercepted)	
	Firewall Two from: • helps prevent unauthorised access // helps prevent hacking • checks that data meets criteria // identifies when data does not meet criteria • acts as a filter for (incoming and outgoing) data // blocks any unacceptable data //allows acceptable data through	

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Question	Answer	Marks
8(b)	Six from:	6
	Encrypt the data so it cannot be understood by those not entitled to view it	
	Password protected / biometrics to help prevent unauthorised access	
	Virus checking software helps prevent data corruption or deletion identifies / removes a virus in the system scans a system for viruses	
	Spyware checking software helps prevent data being stolen/copied/logged scans a system for spyware	
	Drop-down input methods / selectable features to reduce risk of spyware / keylogging	
	Physical method e.g. locked doors / CCTV timeout / auto log off to help prevent unauthorised access	
	Network / company policies // training employees to educate users how to be vigilant	
	Access rights allows users access to data that they have permission to view prevents users from accessing data that they do not have permission to view	

Question	Answer	Marks
9	Six from: • temperature sensor • analogue data / temperature is converted to digital data (with an ADC) • sensor sends signal to the microprocessor • microprocessor compares input values with stored values/pre-set values • if the temperature value input is too high/low • a signal is sent from the microprocessor to turn on / off / up / down the cooling unit	6
	 if temperature matches the stored values no action is taken an actuator is used to turn the cooling unit on / off / up / down the process is a continuous loop 	

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Question			Answe	r		Marks
10(a)	1 mark for each	mark for each correct gate, with the correct input(s)				
	А В				X	
10(b)			0	V		4
	Α	В	С	X		
	0	0	0	0	_	
	0	0	1 0	1	_	
	0	1	1		_	
				0	_	
	1	0	0	0	_	
	1	1	0	1	_	
	1	1	1	1		
	4 marks for 8 3 marks for 6 2 marks for 4	correct outputs or 7 correct ou or 5 correct ou r 3 correct outp	tputs	ı		

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Question	Answer	Marks
11	Seven from:	7
	 a web browser is used user enters the URL / web address (into the address bar) // clicks a link containing the web address // clicks an element of the webpage the URL / web address specifies the protocol protocols used are Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) / Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) 	
	 the URL / web address contains the domain name the Internet Service Provider (ISP) looks up the IP address of the company the domain name is used to look up the IP address of the company the domain name server (DNS) stores an index of domain names and IP addresses web browser sends a request to the web server / IP address 	
	Peceived Data for the website is stored on the company's web server webserver sends the data for the website back to the web browser web server uses the customer's IP address to return the data the data is transferred into Hyper Text Mark-up Language (HTML) HTML is interpreted by the web browser (to display the website)	

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