www.papacambridge.com MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

0420/11

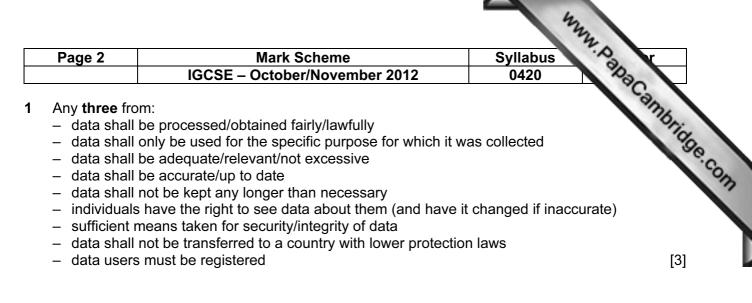
Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

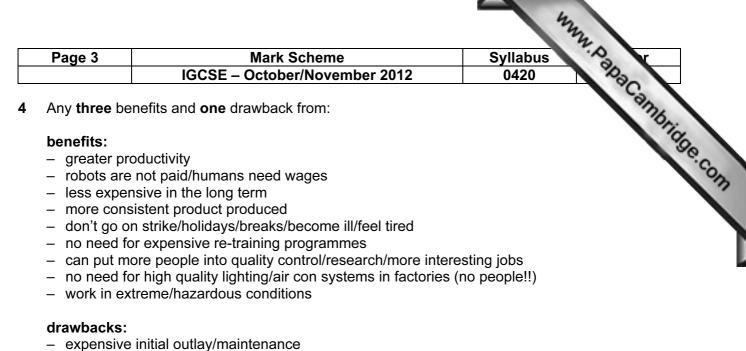
Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



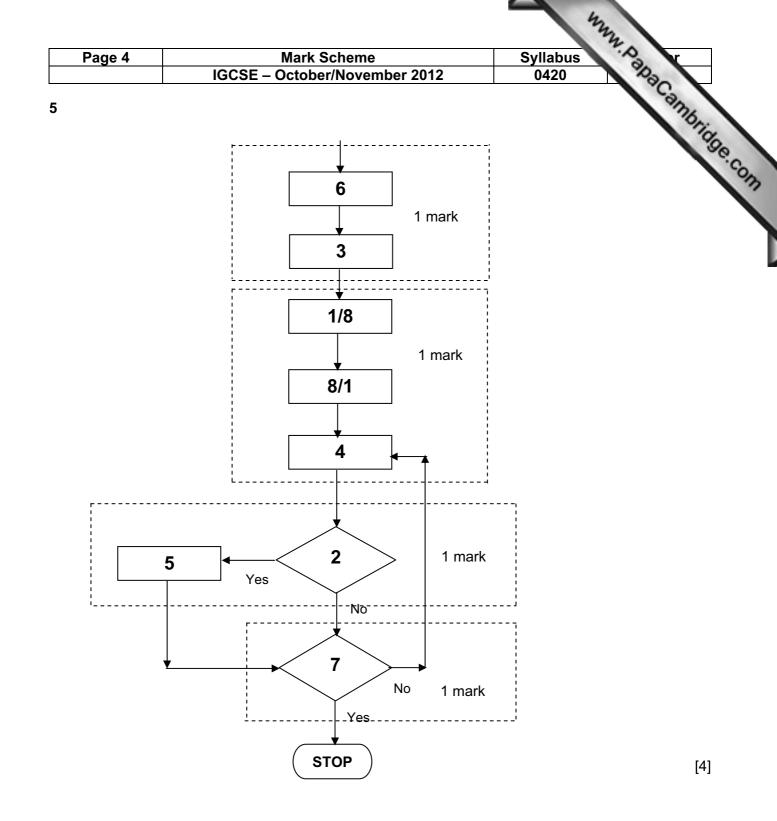
- 2 Any four from:
 - gather information from human experts
 - populate/create/design the knowledge base
 - create/design the inference engine
 - create/design the rules base
 - create/design the user interface
 - create/design output formats
 - create expert system shell
 - -- test system with data with known outcomes

3

List of hardware items	Application
webcam, microphone, speakers	 video conferencing/chat
barcode reader, POS terminal	e.g. – supermarket checkout – shop sales point – stock control system – library systems
pressure sensor, ADC, lights, siren	 <u>burglar/intruder</u> alarm
data gloves, data goggles	 virtual reality (applications) (NOT VR) simulation e.g. motor racing simulator
light pen, plotter, 3D printer	 CAD (applications) e.g. <u>designing</u> buildings/cars

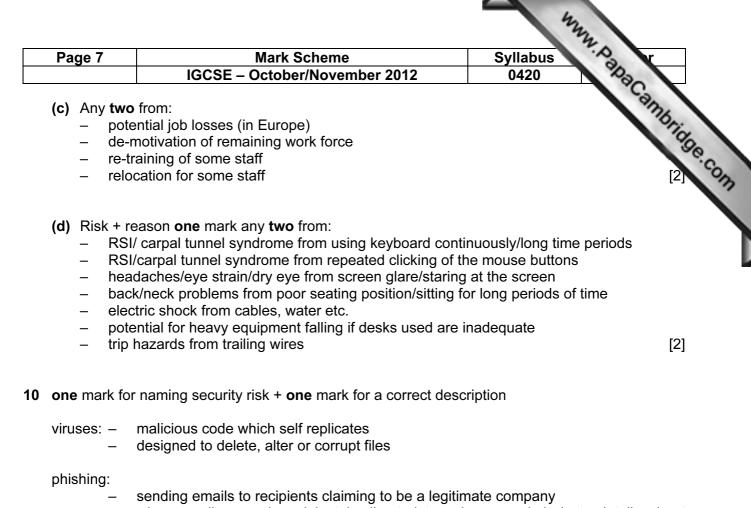


- introduces new hazards into work place
- programming/robot errors lead to faulty production runs
- cost of redundancies/retraining
- robot breaks down production is halted



Dogo 5	Mark Sahama	villahun ⁷ 2,0 v
Page 5	Mark Scheme Stream IGCSE – October/November 2012 Stream	yllabus 0420
one mark f	or name of method + one mark for corresponding benefit	Cant
emails:	fast delivery of messages (to recipient's mail box) able to send attachments can store messages for later use auto-translation no language problems	yllabus 0420 Raha Cambridge.ce
-	can open email at a convenient time	
video confe – – –	erencing/calling/chat: removes need to travel (saves time and money) allows face to face discussions works in real time (only allow once)	
VoIP: – – –	much cheaper than normal international calls direct communication between people works in real time (only allow once)	
chat rooms _ _	s/instant messaging: instantaneous reply anyone can join in	
social netw – – –	vorking: can ensure only your "friends" are in communication usually free to join and use talk to (multiple) friends at the same time	[6]
– da	vo from: he had actually described <i>verification</i> hata could be incorrect, therefore same incorrect data typed in ccept description of validation process e.g. range check	n twice [2]
(b) (i) Ar - - - -	ny one from: the computer appears to "freeze"/"hang" computer won't respond failure of hardware (stops computer normal functioning) failure of software (stops computer normal functioning)	[1]
(ii) Ar _ _ _	ny one from: back up her files (onto CD/DVD/memory stick) send files to a central database on the Internet cloud computing	[1]
– sh – th – pe – pa – er	ne from: e too large ne didn't have correct software on her computer to open the e file was somehow corrupted during transfer erson forgot to attach file assword protected norypted valid digital signature	attachment
	jected by virus checker	[1]

			1332	
	Page 6	Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2012	Syllabus 0420	×
	(d) Any one benefit:	e benefit and one drawback		Campbild
	– no t – no r	trailing wires restriction on movement of mouse work anywhere (as long as in range)		Cambridge.com
	– nee – pos	k: tricted range of operation eds batteries sible interference T WiFi security		[2]
8	– İow	o from: or/low resolution bit map image ufficient pixel density/picture has less pixels		[2]
		o from: picture is enlarged covers larger area so pixel density gets smaller and sharpness of els become too big	image is lost	[2]
	– tele	e from: iter (e.g. dot matrix) ivision/monitor/screen jector		[1]
		es up large amount of memory/ <u>storage</u> space vnload/upload takes longer		[1]
9	– lowe – bett – wor	o from: er costs in wages er rental costs (for office) ter coverage of time zones k can be done in the developing counties when ation of new jobs in the <u>developing counties</u>	there are strikes in Europe	[2]
	 diffe sticl long neg time cost 	o from: blems with dialects/accents/language erent cultures k to "scripts" so can be frustrating to the custom g distances may lead to poor reception gative public reaction to overseas call centres e e.g. to set up centres, train staff t of setting up new centres/training staff aware of European legislation (e.g. Data Protect		[2]



- when email opened, recipient is directed to a bogus website/gets details about customer

pharming:

- malicious code installed on PC or a server
- code misdirects user to a fraudulent website (without their knowledge)

hacking:

- unauthorised access to a computer system
- in an effort to use data illegally (e.g. fraud)
- to change/delete/corrupt data on a computer

key logging/spyware

- program installed on a computer to monitor all key presses
- each key press is relayed back to the program writer
- or spyware
 - scan files on hard drive
 - 'snoop' applications

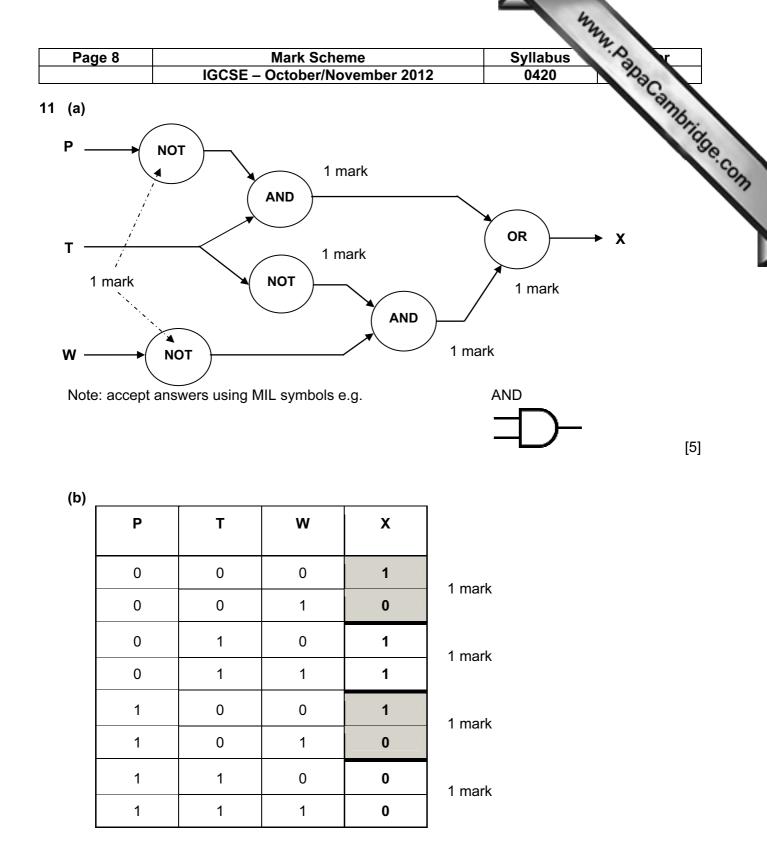
shoulder surfing:

- the act of watching a person key in secure data (e.g. PIN, password, etc.)
- stealing security data by using binoculars, CCTV near ATMs etc. to watch key presses etc.

war driving:

- locating a wireless network by touring round an area
- requires a laptop, special software and an antenna

[6]



(NOTE: 1 mark per pair of rows)

ļ	Page	e 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus 0420 Ratio	•
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0420 %	
			_	°C3	
2 (8	a) A	Any two			76.
	_		<u>uence</u> of digital signals/bits		na.
	_		r a communications path/the Internet sfer of data at a high speed		30
			so there appears to be no time lag		
	_		lires reliable/fast broadband		
	_		rence to buffering of data/complete file not required		[2]
/	L) (i) / m./	two from:		
(b) (two from: don't have to wait for whole file to be downloaded to	watch film	
			no need to store large files	o watch min	
			on demand playback/watch films at any time		[2]
					[-]
	(i	i) Any	two problems from:		
			Internet/broadband connection not very fast (then q	uality is poor)//requires high	
			speed internet connection		
			inadequate buffering of data stream		
			if website/Internet down, can't access film files		
			websites can withdraw film files without notice may require specific software to work		[0]
		_	may require specific software to work		[2]
(c) –	- web	cam sending images		
	_	- vide	oconferencing		
	_		ning to music		
	_		ne game playing		
	_	- rollir	ng news from a <u>website</u>		[1]
? ()	<u>~</u>) ^	how five	points from:		
5 (4	a) /	-	points from: sors send information to the computer		
	_		verted to a digital signal by an ADC		
	_		compared to stored data (sound level) in computer	memory	
	_		s identified as a drip in the outer pipe		
	_		a signal is sent out by the computer (to the actuator	rs)	
	_		of DAC to convert signal to analogue		
	-		ator/motor used to close valve in the inner pipe		
	_	- mes	sage sent to screen in control room/alarm sounds		[5]
/	h) ^	ny two	points from:		
(- (u	-	points from: puter response is much faster than a human		
	_		monitoring is possible/no breaks taken		
	_		iman may miss "signs of leakage"/computer doesn't	aet tired	
	_		emoves human errors (therefore safer)	<u> </u>	
	_		matic graph/generation of a spreadsheet		[2]

						Syllabus 0420
	Page 10		Mark S			Syllabus
		IGCS	SE – October	/November	2012	0420
4	one mark pe	er correct colu	imn in the tab	le		_
	S	С	N	т	OUTPUT	
	0	1	15	0.15		
	1	2	8	0.08		
ŀ						-

S	С	N	т	OUTPUT
0	1	15	0.15	
1	2	8	0.08	
	3	251	2.51	
	4	35	0.35	
2	5	60	0.60	
3	6	3	0.03	
	7	2	0.02	
	8	1516	15.16	
	9	19	0.19	
4	10	55	0.55	
5	11			
				5

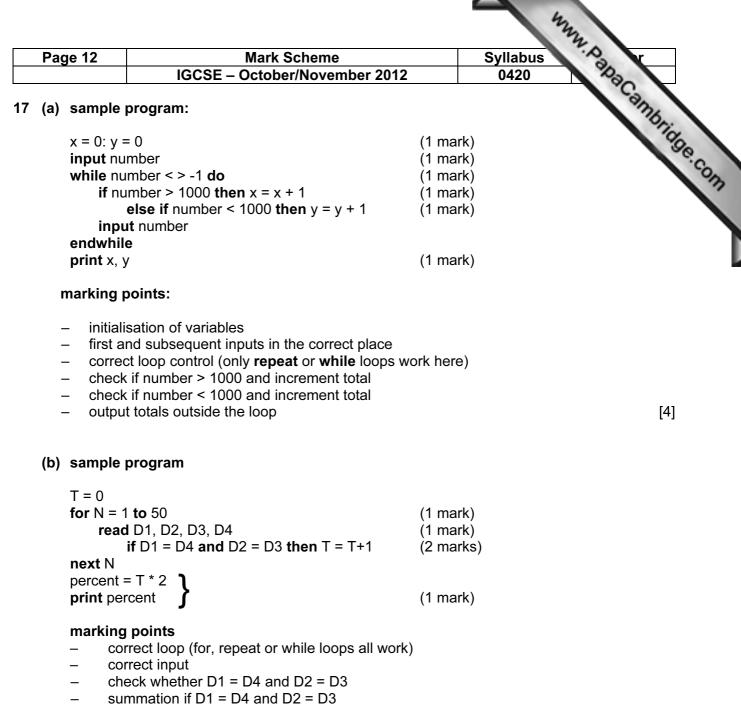
15 (a) Minus one mark for each different error

	E
1	Minimum number of nights
2	(=)(E2 =) B2/(C2 * D2)
3	(=)(E3 =) B3/(C3 * D3)
4	(=)(E4 =) B4/(C4 * D4)
5	(=)(E5 =) B5/(C5 * D5)
6	(=)(E6 =) B6/(C6 * D6)

[5]

											2		m				
	Pag	ge 11	1				Mark Sch	neme				Syllabu	IS	S	r		
			-		IGC		October/N		per 2012	2		0420		°D2			
	(b)	OR (=)(OR	C7 =)	AVE		E(C2:C	6) C5 + C6)/	/5							and	11098.001.	R
	(c)	- OR - OR - (on OR -	use t use t use l e mar use l	0.5 to forma the IN and a INT(E k for	t cell a T fund dd 1 2+0.9 correc	ction) ct term (E2, 0)	oose <i>num</i> INT and c	one mai	rk for co	rrect valu		in brack	ets)			[2]	
16	(a)		1 41 ⁻ (two atten 3 min 176 4 = 30 . (two	1 200 marl npt at nutes 400 × . 281 (mark	/8 = 1 (s for the ca = 180 180 = mega s for c	76 400 correct alculati secor 31 75 bytes) correct		: If ar es 1, 2 or f answe	nswer is more de er is inco	ecimal pla	aces	5)			atten	[2]	
	(b)	– – – Ic	o ne simila file is	from: ar to l s com s con		IP/Jpe	g files wor	_									

- using perceptual music shaping
- uses human ear characteristics to remove unneeded data//removes sounds that the human ear can't hear
- only keeps the sounds that the human ear hears better than others
- if 2 sounds played together, human ear can only hear louder one and not the softer one which is consequently discarded
 [2]



- _
- calculate percentage and output the value outside the loop _