UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## www.papacambridge.com MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0445 DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY

0445/42 Paper 4 (Systems and Control), maximum raw mark 50

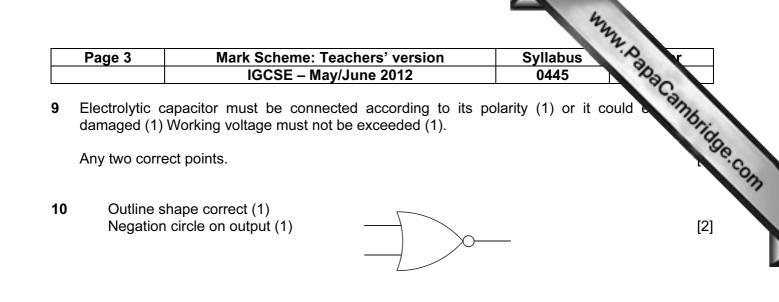
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

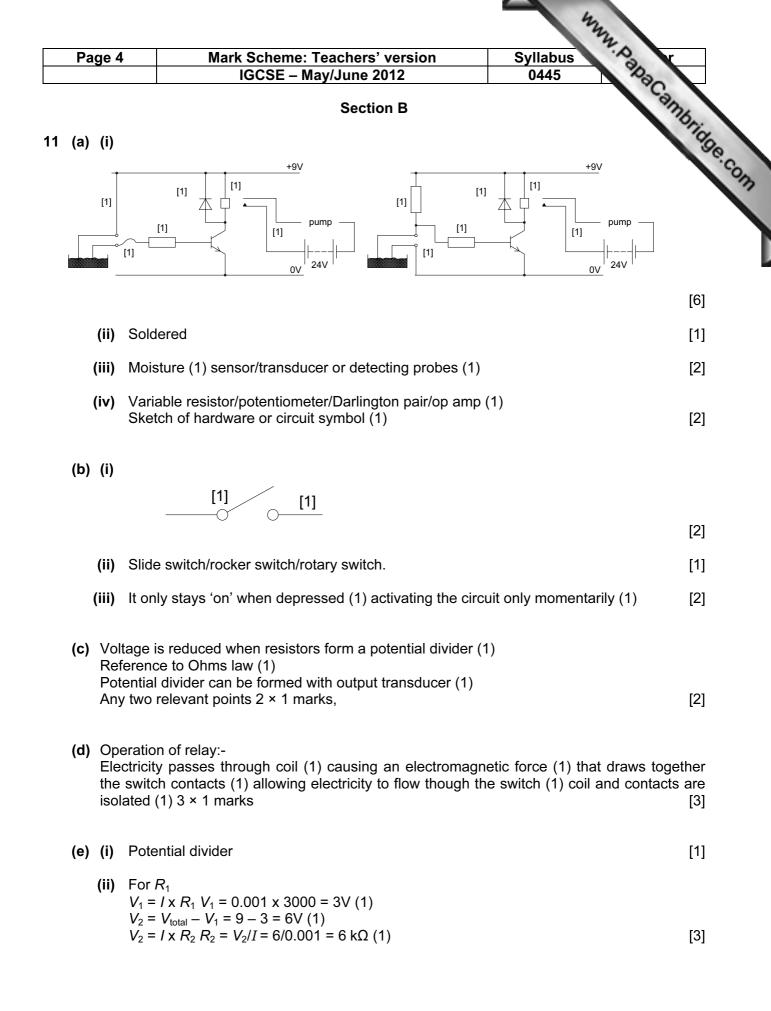
Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

	Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers IGCSE – May/June		Syllabus 0445	bar
-			tion A		Camp
	• •	d door would sag/drop (1) so that would not open/close properly (1)	•	shape to a parallelogr	abaCambrida am (1)
		onal braces correctly orientated I(s) unsuitable position (1)		000	[2]
	Gusset plate		STIM		[1]
	It will return to Extension pro	is behaving elastically (1) o its original shape when loading oportional to load (1) Reference to			
	Any two corre	ect points 2 × 1 marks.			[2]
	(a) Worm is	input; wormwheel is output			[1]
	<b>(b)</b> 32:1				[1]
		ferent sized spur gears (2) same s otary motion to reciprocating motio			[3]
	Therefore 1 m	m ACW Moments = CW moments m x 800 N = X × 200 N (1) n /200 N = X (1)	S		
	X = 4 m (1)				[3]
	First figure 7 Second figure Multiplier of 1	e 5 (1) 100 (1)			
	7500 (Ω) or 7 Allow 7.5 K o				[3]
				g 2 reeds (1)	[2]





Page \$	5 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus 🔪	2
	IGCSE – May/June 2012 0445	10an
2 (a) (i)	First class/first order.	anb.
(ii)	Labelled appropriately (1) x 3 load – fulcrum - effort	19
(iii)	By lengthening the arm (1) from pivot to ball holder (1) Reduce distance (1) from load to fulcrum (1) 2 x 1 marks. Allow raising fulcrum height, wrapping rubber band around twice using str	A. Papacannung
(b) (i)	1000 mm x E = 200 mm x 400 N (1) 200 x 400 N/1000 mm = E (1)	[0]
(::)	E = 80 N (1)	[3]
(ii)	The force acting in pin B is Shear	[1]
(c) (i)	Rotational/Rotary Oscillation (either way around)	[1] [1]
(ii)	P Pear (1) Cam (1)	[2]
	Q Lever (1) Follower(1)	[2]
(iii)	Two appropriate examples: Intermittent switching; moving parts on toys 2 x 1 marks	[2]
(d) (i)	Steering of vehicles, adjustment on pillar drill table or other suitable.	[1]
(ii)	Ratio = 1 : 10 (1) 1m/10 (1) = 100 mm (1)	[3]
(e) (i)	Movement is smoother (1) so less effort needed (1) Friction is reduced (1) easier to move (1) efficiency is increased (1). Any two points in the explanation.	[2]
		141

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	Page 6			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus		Q.	<b>r</b>			
		0			E – May/June			0445	202-	
13	(a) (i) Shackle: Te		kle: Tension					MMM. Papa	AMBA.	
	Bolt:		Bolt:	Double (1) Shear	<sup>.</sup> (1)					3
		(ii)	Elas	icity						[1] Com
	(b)		e curve of the shackle (1) allows stress to flow round the shackle (1) t incentration points (1) that cause failure.				1) this stops	stress [3]		
	(c)	(i)		les a rope/cable t / and quickly (1).	to be passed th	nrough the shac	ckle (1)			[2]
		(ii)		e: Welding pple: Joining men	nbers in a fram	ework for a trail	ler chas	ssis		[1] [1]
	(d)	Bra	ce or	riangulation (1) fo	or increasing ri	gidity/stability (´	1)			[2]
	(e)		nember that has no structural purpose (1) so that if it were removed the integrity acture would not be compromised (1) plus appropriate sketch (1).			of the [3]				
	(f)	(i)	250	s= compressive f J/mm² = C/4 mm² 50x4 N = 1000 N	<sup>2</sup> (1)	ctional area (1)				[3]
		(ii)		n is the change in ed by the length (				ernal force	(1)	[3]
		(iii)	0.06	ge in length = 30 30 (1) 1 = 0.002 (1).	-29.94 = 0.06 r	mm (1)				[3]