

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

DUTCH

Paper 2 Reading MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 45 0515/02 May/June 2017

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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1 General Marking Principles

1.1 Please note that it is not possible to list all acceptable alternatives in the Detailed Mark Scheme provided in Section 2. You will need to consider all alternative answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts, make a decision on whether they communicate the required elements, in consultation with your Team Leader if necessary (or with your Product Manager if you are a single Examiner), and award marks accordingly.

The following marking principles underpin the detailed instructions provided in Section 2 of the Mark Scheme. Where a decision is taken to deviate from these principles for a particular question, this will be specified in the Mark Scheme.

1.2 Crossing out:

- (a) If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
- (b) If a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

1.3 More than the stipulated number of boxes ticked/crossed by the candidate:

- (a) If more than one attempt is visible, but the candidate has clearly indicated which attempt is his/her final answer (e.g. by crossing out other attempts or by annotating the script in some way), mark in the usual way.
- (b) If two attempts are visible (e.g. two boxes ticked instead of the 1 box stipulated), and neither has been crossed out/discounted by the candidate, no mark can be awarded.
- (c) In questions where candidates are required to tick a number of boxes (eg tick the 6 true statements) the general rule to be applied is as follows: the number of 'extra' answers indicated by the candidate is deducted from the number of correct answers and the remaining number is the mark awarded, e.g. the candidate is required to tick 6 true statements, but instead ticks 8 statements. 5 of the 6 ticks are correctly placed, but 2 of the ticks are 'extras' (8 ticks placed by candidate minus 6 ticks required by rubric = 2). Therefore the candidate is awarded a mark of 3
 - 5 number of correct ticks
 - -2 minus number of extra ticks
 - = 3
- (d) Answers in pen do not take precedent over answers in pencil, eg if a candidate is asked to tick 1 box and ticks two, one in pen and the other in pencil, the mark cannot be awarded unless there is some explicit indication from the candidate as to which is his/her final answer.

1.4 For questions requiring more than one element for the answer, (i) and (ii), where the answers are interchangeable:

Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 blank = 2 Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 wrong = 1 (or vice-versa)

- **1.5** Answers requiring the use of Dutch (rather than a non-verbal response) should be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear.
 - (a) 'If in doubt, sound it out': if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like the correct answer?
 - (b) Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer?
 - (c) Accept incorrect gender or person unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
 - (d) Accept incorrect possessive adjectives e.g. *mijn*, *zijn* etc., unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise (in general, Section 2 accept, Section 3 consult Mark Scheme carefully).
 - (e) Tolerate incorrect auxiliary unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
 - (f) Tolerate incorrect use of infinitive as a finite verb (e.g. *hij gaan*) unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise (e.g. for questions where tense is important an infinitive may not be acceptable).
- **1.6** Unless the Mark Scheme specifies otherwise, **do not accept incorrect Dutch if the word given means something else in Dutch**. (Incorrect Dutch which constitutes a word in any language other than Dutch is marked (i) on the basis of whether it is accepted or refused in the Mark Scheme and (ii) if not mentioned in the Mark Scheme, on the basis of 1.5 above).
- **1.7** Annotation used in the Mark Scheme/Marking:
 - (a) INV = Invalidation and is used when additional material included by the candidate is judged to invalidate an otherwise correct answer thus preventing him/her from scoring the mark (INV = 0).
 - (b) INSUF = insufficient and means that on its own the material is not enough to score the mark.
 - (c) HA = harmless additional material which in conjunction with the correct answer does not prevent the candidate from scoring the mark.
 - (d) BOD = Benefit of the Doubt and is used to indicate material considered by the Examiner and judged to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.
- 1.8 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (No Response) option in **scoris**.

Award NR (No Response):

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (eg 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

Award 0:

• If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

1.9 Extra material: Section 2, Exercise 2

In **Section 2**, **Exercise 2**, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. Do not worry about lifting unless a lift is specifically rejected in the Mark Scheme.

Unless the Mark Scheme states otherwise, ignore extra material given in an answer.

1.10Extra material: Section 3

In **Section 3** it is the candidate's responsibility to answer questions in such a way as to demonstrate to the Examiner that s/he has understood the texts/questions. Where candidates introduce extra, irrelevant material to an otherwise correct answer the danger is that the Examiner is being forced to 'choose' the correct answer and s/he cannot be certain that the candidate has shown understanding. Where the Examiner is put in this position the mark cannot be awarded.

In **Section 3**, look for signs of genuine comprehension. Usually, candidates who lift **indiscriminately** fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, **careful** lifting of the details required to answer the question does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. The Detailed Mark Scheme (Section 3) provides specific guidance but in cases not covered, the following general rules apply:

(a)	Extra material, mentioned in the Mark Scheme, which reinforces the correct answer or in itself constitutes an alternative correct answer:	this is acceptable and is not penalized
(b)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer, but which is not explicitly mentioned in the Mark Scheme:	 the Examiner needs to decide, by consulting the text and the Team Leader if necessary whether the alternative answer constitutes: (i) an alternative correct answer, in which case this falls into category (a) and the answer should be rewarded (ii) or an answer which on its own would be refused, in which case this falls into category (c) and the answer should be refused be refused.
(c)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer specifically refused in the Mark Scheme:	this puts the Examiner in the position of having to 'choose' which is the candidate's 'final' answer – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded
(d)	Extra material which distorts or contradicts the correct answer:	this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded

(e)	Extra material introduced by the candidate and which does not feature in the text:	
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2 Detailed Mark Scheme

Deel 1

Oefening 1, vragen 1–5

Question	Answer	Marks	Not Allowed Responses
1	С	1	
2	D	1	
3	С	1	
4	A	1	
5	D	1	

[Total: 5]

Oefening 2, vragen 6-10

Question	Answer	Marks	Not Allowed Responses
6	С	1	
7	F	1	
8	A	1	
9	В	1	
10	D	1	

[Total: 5]

Oefening 3, vragen 11–15

Question	Answer	Marks	Not Allowed Responses
11	В	1	
12	С	1	
13	С	1	
14	A	1	
15	A	1	

[Total: 5]

Deel 2

Oefening 1, vragen 16-20

Question	Answer	Marks	Not Allowed Responses
16	jongeren	1	
17	dorp	1	
18	's ochtends	1	
19	krijgen	1	
20	maand	1	

[Total: 5]

Oefening 2, vragen 21–30

- In this exercise, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. Ignore extra material (whether Dutch is accurate or inaccurate).
- Accept lifting unless it is specifically refused in the Mark Scheme.
- Read Section 1: General Marking Principles.
- Accept mijn, jouw, zijn, haar etc. and ze/zij throughout for Lise and Lises mother.

Question	uestion Answer		Not Allowed Responses
21	KEY CONCEPT: aardrijkskunde		
22	KEY CONCEPT: projecten	1	
23	KEY CONCEPT: twee (les)uren	1	
24	KEY CONCEPT: uit welke landen het eten komt		
25 KEY CONCEPT: dat de meeste bonen uit Afrika komen		1	
26(a)	KEY CONCEPT: uit eigen/zijn/de tuin		
26(b)	KEY CONCEPT: je eet altijd hetzelfde	1	
27	KEY CONCEPT: welk eten uit de buurt komt	1	
28 KEY CONCEPT : niet goed ACCEPT: Ze is bang dat Lise geen eindexamen kan doen		1	
29	KEY CONCEPT: leuk/geen huiswerk!		

[Total: 10]

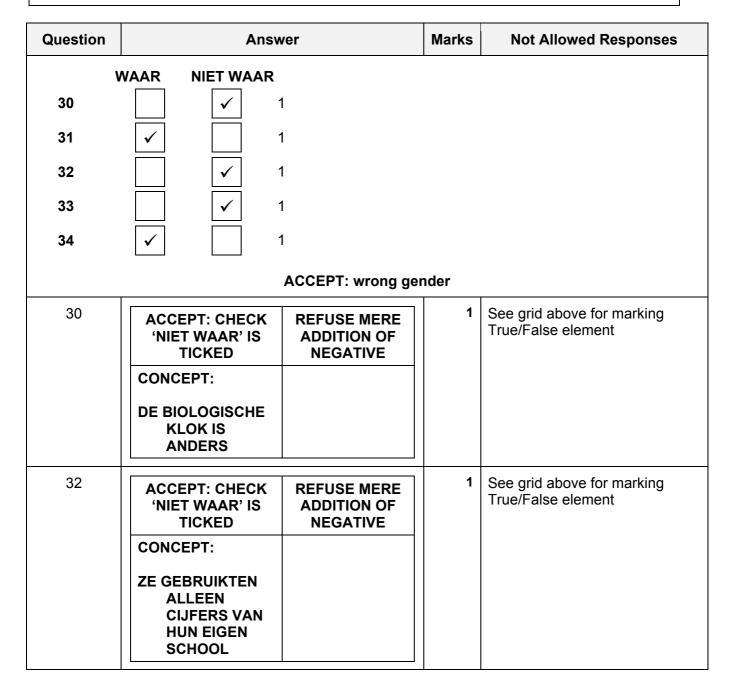
Deel 3

Look for signs of genuine comprehension. Usually, candidates who lift indiscriminately fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, **careful** lifting of the details required to answer the question does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. The Detailed Mark Scheme provides specific guidance but in cases not covered, see Section 1: General Marking Principles.

Oefening 1, vragen 30–34

1 Mark per question for True or False 1 Mark for correcting False statement (30, 32, 33)

First award marks for the True/False element and then award marks for the justification of the False statements



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Question	Answer		Marks	Not Allowed Responses
33	ACCEPT: CHECK 'NIET WAAR' IS TICKED CONCEPT: SCHOLIEREN MAAKTEN DE	REFUSE MERE ADDITION OF NEGATIVE	1	See grid above for marking True/False element
	TOETSEN VROEG IN DE OCHTEND SLECHTER			

[Total: 8]

Exercice 2 Questions 35–39

Question	Answer	Marks	Not Allowed Responses			
	ACCEPT: wrong gender					
35(i)	CONCEPT: MENSEN DIE DE TREIN GEMIST HEBBEN					
35(ii)	5(ii) CONCEPT: MENSEN DIE VERTRAGING HEBBEN					
36	CONCEPT: KLEUTERS	1				
37(i)	CONCEPT: ZE KOMEN EEN UURTJE EERDER	1				
37(ii)	CONCEPT : ZE BLIJVEN LANGER	1				
38	CONCEPT: OMDAT ZE DE TREIN (SOMS) MISSEN ALLOW: OMDAT ZE (SOMS) VERGETEN EEN KAARTJE TE KOPEN	1				
39	CONCEPT: ZE KOMEN SPELEN, MAAR GAAN NIET MET DE TREIN MEE.	1				

[Total: 7]