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As part of CIE's continual commitment to maintaining best practice in assessment, CIE has begun to use different variants of some question papers for our most popular assessments with extremely large and widespread candidature, The question papers are closely related and the relationships between them have been thoroughly established using our assessment expertise. All versions of the paper give assessment of equal standard.

The content assessed by the examination papers and the type of questions are unchanged.

This change means that for this component there are now two variant Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports where previously there was only one. For any individual country, it is intended that only one variant is used. This document contains both variants which will give all Centres access to even more past examination material than is usually the case.

The diagram shows the relationship between the Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports.

#### **Question Paper**

# Introduction First variant Question Paper Second variant Question Paper

## Mark Scheme

Introduction
First variant Mark Scheme
Second variant Mark Scheme

#### **Principal Examiner's Report**

Introduction
First variant Principal Examiner's Report
Second variant Principal Examiner's Report

### Who can I contact for further information on these changes?

Please direct any questions about this to CIE's Customer Services team at: international@cie.org.uk

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#### **UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0510 ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

0510/21

Paper 2 (Reading and Writing – Extended), maximum raw mark 84

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

## **Exercise 1 Fantastic Leaves**

t vari	ant Mark	Scheme	May 1
Pa	ge 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
		IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510
ercis	e 1 Fant	tastic Leaves	Canal
(a)	rice, whe	eat and maize	Syllabus Partia er 0510 Proposition of the Control
(b)	<b>(i)</b> (mor	re) hygienic	[1]
	(ii) (can	be disposed of in a more) environmentally-friendly	(way)/environmental [1]
(c)	oil		[1]
(d)	(adds a d	distinct) flavour (to the food)	[1]
(e)	they prov	vide shade	[1]
(f)		e freshness of the fruit/eco-friendly/stop them from betails for ONE mark]	peing squashed [1]
(g)	they bring	g (good) luck/prosperity (to the couple getting marri	ed) [1]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	

## Exercise 2 Soon we may live for 200 years

(a) it has almost doubled

(b) (i) growing new teeth from stem cells

(ii) developing drugs to imitate the effects of eating less [1]

(c) longest recorded life span/lived to be (more than) 122 years old/lived from 1875 to 1997 [1]

(d) (i) cleaner living conditions [1]

(ii) discovery of life-saving medicines [1]

(e) they (slowly) stop repairing (themselves)

[1] (f) five years

(g) cancer, heart disease, major health problems/complete removal of major diseases is slow [1]

(h) do something more with our lives/achieve more of our dreams/achieve more of our potential [1]

(j) Tick and number the points:

## **Predictions:**

- √1 average life expectancy to 200 years/living to 200 years (of age)
- ✓2 start middle age on 100<sup>th</sup> birthday
- √3 double life span [ANY TWO FROM THREE]

#### Effects of changes in eating habits:

- √4 reduce calorie intake
- √5 people stay healthier
- √6 fewer overweight [ANY TWO FROM THREE]

[Total: 14]

[1]

[4]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	100

## **Exercise 3 Financial Assistance Scheme Application Form**

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
. ugo <del>-</del>	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510 Page
Note: accurate sp	elling is essential for the form-filling exercise.  RSONAL DETAILS Smithson First name: Julian	Syllabus 0510 er 0510 er 0510 (1)
Address 75 G	Grangeholme Road, Bristol	· ·
	037652912	
	NIVERSITY AND ACCOMMODATION DETAILS Diploma in Education Septer	mber 2008 (1)
First year accomn	nodation: Hall of Residence, (near the Un	niversity) (1)
	Rent subsidised/paid 50% (of to	otal amount) (1)
SECTION C: EN	IPLOYMENT DETAILS	(4)
	e present time? YES/ <del>NO</del> (please delete as appropriate)	
Place and type of	work:Saveright Supermarket Ca	ashier (1)
Number of hours	per week: (please circle one) 0-8 hours 9-16 hours	s 17-24 hours (1)
Salary per week:	£60	(1)
	NANCIAL SCHEME It hear about the financial assistance scheme? (please ti	ick)
Student hand	book University personnel Finance offi	ice Other (1)
Name and contac	Margaret Thomson AND martho	om@planet.co.uk (1)

[12 divided by 2 = 6 marks]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	

#### **SECTION E**

In the sentence it is expected that the candidates will write a sentence that will contain the informathat he has to pay more for his rent/his travel expenses are greater/he has lost the subsidy.

### Sample sentences

I no longer have a reduction in my rent this year and will have to pay a lot more.

I am living in a different house this year and the bus journey to the University is more expensive.

The sentence must be written in the first person.

For the sentence, award up to 2 marks as follows:

2 marks: proper sentence construction; correct spelling and punctuation; gives the information asked for.

**1 mark**: proper sentence construction; 1–3 errors of punctuation and/or spelling (without obscuring meaning); gives the information asked for.

**0 marks**: more than 3 errors of punctuation and/or spelling; and/or does not give the information asked for; and/or not a proper sentence; and/or meaning obscure; fewer than 12 words or more than 20 words.

[Total: 8]

## Exercise 4 Sports stars have a natural advantage

Tick and number the content points up to a maximum of 8 marks (up to 4 marks per heading).

# Factors for sports organisations when selecting sportspeople (MAX 4 MARKS FOR THIS SECTION)

- √ 1 aged between 16 and 18
- √ 2 biological make-up/genetic factors
- √ 3 height
- √ 4 strength
- √ 5 endurance
- √ 6 mental application/how individual reacts under pressure
- √ 7 medical evidence

## **Examples of sports star and his/her specific physical advantage** (MAX 4 MARKS FOR THIS SECTION)

√ 8 Andy Roddick arched back/increased arm rotation

√ 9 Michael Phelps over-size feet

√ 10 Mia Hamm sweats half human average/sweats less than one litre an hour

√ 11 Liz Halliday quicker reactions when making decisions

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	· Ag Per
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	133
Exercise 5 Telev	rision – a big turn off?		Canada
	f 6 marks for content and maximum of 4 marks fondicate when the 120 words limit has been reach	0 0	age
Do not award lang	uage marks if there is no content.		OM
Content (up to 6 i	marks)		

## Exercise 5 Television – a big turn off?

## Content (up to 6 marks)

Tick and number each point (up to a maximum of 6):

- √ 1 stunts the development of the brain
- √ 2 cause of depression
- √ 3 become overweight (due to inactivity)
- √ 4 sets a pattern for life
- √ 5 makes it difficult to concentrate (with sustained attention)
- √ 6 provides unnatural levels of excitement/(sensory) stimulation
- √ 7 lose ability to entertain themselves
- √ 8 lose ability to use imagination
- √ 9 don't talk to other children and adults

## Language (up to 4 marks)

0 marks: meaning obscure because of density of language errors and serious problems with expression/nothing of relevance.

1 mark: expression weak/reliance on lifting without discrimination.

2 marks: expression limited/some reliance on lifting from the original, but some sense of order.

3 marks: expression good, with attempts to group and sequence ideas in own words.

4 marks: expression very good; clear, orderly grouping and sequencing, largely in own words.

[Total: 10]

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	200

Exercise 6: World Youth Groups Exercise 7: Computer games

- Award the answer a mark for content (C) [out of 9] and a mark for language (L) [out of 9]
   accordance with the General Criteria table that follows. Write C and the mark + L and the mark
   ringed total [out of 18].
- **Content** covers **relevance** (i.e. whether the piece fulfils the task and the awareness of purpose/audience/register) and the **development of ideas** (i.e. the detail/explanation provided and how enjoyable it is to read).
- Language covers style (i.e. complexity of vocabulary and sentence structure) and accuracy (of grammar, spelling, punctuation and use of paragraphs).
- When deciding on a mark for content or language, first of all decide which mark band is most appropriate. There will not necessarily be an exact fit. You then have to decide between 2 marks within that mark band. Use the lower mark if it only just makes it into the band and the upper mark if it fulfils all the requirements of the band but doesn't quite make it into the band above.
- When deciding on a mark for **content**, look at both **relevance** and **development of ideas**. First ask yourself whether the writing fulfils the task, in terms of points to be covered and the length. If it does, it will be in **at least** the 4-5 mark band.
- When deciding on a mark for language, look at both the style and the accuracy of the language.
   A useful starting point would be first to determine whether errors intrude. If they do not, it will be in at least the 4-5 mark band.
- The use of paragraphs should not be the primary basis of deciding which mark band the work is
  in. Look first at the language used and once you have decided on the appropriate mark band, you
  can use the paragraphing as a factor in helping you to decide whether the work warrants the
  upper or lower mark in the mark band.
- If the essay is considerably **less than the stated word length**, it is unlikely that the candidate will achieve a high content mark.
- If the essay is **totally irrelevant** and has nothing to do with the question asked, it should be given 0 marks for content and language, even if it is enjoyable to read and fluent.
- If the essay is **partly relevant** and therefore in mark band 2-3, the full range of marks for language are available.

[Total Exercise 6: 18] [Total Exercise 7: 18]

Page 8 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus
IGCSE – May/June 2009		0510

## **GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCISES 6 and 7 (EXTENDED TIER)**

Mark band	CONTENT: relevance and development of ideas (AO: W1, W2, W6)	Mark band	LANGUAGE: style and accuracy (AO: W1, W3, W4, W5)
8–9	<ul> <li>Relevance: Fulfils the task, with consistently appropriate register and excellent sense of purpose and audience.</li> <li>Development of ideas: Shows independence of thought. Ideas are well developed, at appropriate length and persuasive. Quality is sustained throughout. Enjoyable to read. The interest of the reader is aroused and sustained.</li> </ul>	8–9	<ul> <li>Style: Almost first language competence. Ease of style. Confident and wide-ranging use of language, idiom and tenses.</li> <li>Accuracy: No or very few errors. Well-constructed and linked paragraphs.</li> </ul>
6–7	<ul> <li>Relevance: Fulfils the task, with appropriate register and good sense of purpose and audience.</li> <li>Development of ideas: Ideas are well developed and at appropriate length. Engages reader's interest.</li> </ul>	6–7	<ul> <li>Style: Sentences show variety of structure and length. Some style and turn of phrase. Uses some idioms and is precise in use of vocabulary. However, there may be some awkwardness in style making reading less enjoyable.</li> <li>Accuracy: Generally accurate, apart from occasional frustrating minor errors. There are paragraphs showing some unity, although links may be absent or inappropriate.</li> </ul>
4–5	<ul> <li>Relevance: Fulfils the task, with reasonable attempt at appropriate register, and some sense of purpose and audience. A satisfactory attempt has been made to address the topic, but there may be digressions.</li> <li>Development of ideas: Material is satisfactorily developed at appropriate length.</li> </ul>	4–5	<ul> <li>Style: Mainly simple structures and vocabulary, sometimes attempting more sophisticated language.</li> <li>Accuracy: Meaning is clear, and work is of a safe, literate standard. Simple structures are generally sound, apart from infrequent spelling errors, which do not interfere with communication. Grammatical errors occur when more sophistication is attempted. Paragraphs are used but without coherence or unity.</li> </ul>

Syllabus O510 Add Reco Page 9 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2009

		0.0	- Car
2–3	Partly relevant:	2–3	Errors intrude:
	<ul> <li>Relevance: Partly relevant and some engagement with the task. Does not quite fulfil the task, although there are some positive qualities. Inappropriate register, showing insufficient awareness of purpose and/or audience.</li> <li>Development of ideas: Supplies some detail and explanation, but the effect is incomplete. Some repetition.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Style: Simple structures and vocabulary.</li> <li>Accuracy: Meaning is sometimes in doubt. Frequent, distracting errors hamper precision and slow down reading. However, these do not seriously impair communication. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent.</li> </ul>
0–1	Little relevance:	0–1	Hard to understand:
	<ul> <li>Limited engagement with task, but this is mostly hidden by density of error. Award 1 mark.</li> <li>No engagement with the task, or any engagement with task is completely hidden by density of error. Award 0 marks.</li> </ul>		Multiple types of error in grammar/ spelling/word usage/punctuation throughout, which mostly make it difficult to understand. Occasionally, sense can be deciphered. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 1 mark.
	If essay is completely irrelevant, no mark can be given for language.		Density of error completely obscures meaning. Whole sections impossible to recognise as pieces of English writing. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 0 marks.

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#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0510 ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

0510/22

Paper 2 (Reading and Writing – Extended), maximum raw mark 84

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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## **Exercise 1 Fantastic Leaves**

nd va	ariant Mar	rk Scheme	Way.	
Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	
		IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	
ercis	e 1 Fant	tastic Leaves	Calific	
(a)	rice, whe	eat and maize	Syllabus  O510  O5	1
(b)	<b>(i)</b> (mor	re) hygienic	[1]	3
	(ii) (can	be disposed of in a more) environmentally-friendly	(way)/environmental [1]	7
(c)	oil		[1]	L
(d)	(adds a d	distinct) flavour (to the food)	[1]	
(e)	they prov	vide shade	[1]	
(f)		e freshness of the fruit/eco-friendly/stop them from betails for ONE mark]	peing squashed [1]	
(g)	they bring	g (good) luck/prosperity (to the couple getting marrie	ied) [1]	

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510

## Exercise 2 Soon we may live for 200 years

(a) it has almost doubled

(b) (i) growing new teeth from stem cells

(ii) developing drugs to imitate the effects of eating less [1]

(c) longest recorded life span/lived to be (more than) 122 years old/lived from 1875 to 1997 [1]

(d) (i) cleaner living conditions [1]

(ii) discovery of life-saving medicines

(e) they (slowly) stop repairing (themselves) [1]

[1] (f) five years

(g) cancer, heart disease, major health problems/complete removal of major diseases is slow [1]

(h) do something more with our lives/achieve more of our dreams/achieve more of our potential [1]

(j) Tick and number the points:

## **Predictions:**

- √1 average life expectancy to 200 years/living to 200 years (of age)
- ✓2 start middle age on 100<sup>th</sup> birthday
- √3 double life span [ANY TWO FROM THREE]

#### Effects of changes in eating habits:

- √4 reduce calorie intake
- √5 people stay healthier
- √6 fewer overweight [ANY TWO FROM THREE]

[Total: 14]

[1]

[4]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	· Ag Per
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	120

## **Exercise 3 Financial Assistance Scheme Application Form**

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
<u> </u>	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510
	elling is essential for the form-filling exercise.	Syllabus  0510  At A B Cann Bhidge Con.  (1)
	ERSONAL DETAILS Smithson First name: Julian	(1)
Address:75 G	Grangeholme Road, Bristol	(1)
	037652912	
	NIVERSITY AND ACCOMMODATION DETAILS  Diploma in Education Septen	mber 2008 (1)
First year accomn	nodation: Hall of Residence, (near the Un	niversity) (1)
	Rent subsidised/paid 50% (of to	otal amount) (1)
SECTION C: EN	MPLOYMENT DETAILS	(4)
	e present time? YES/ <del>NO</del> (please delete as appropriate)	
Place and type of	work:Saveright Supermarket Ca	ashier (1)
Number of hours	per week: (please circle one) 0-8 hours 9-16 hours	17-24 hours (1)
Salary per week:	£60	(1)
SECTION D: FI	NANCIAL SCHEME	
Where did you firs	st hear about the financial assistance scheme? (please ti	ck)
Student hand	book V University personnel Finance offic	ce Other (1)
Name and contac	Margaret Thomson AND martho	<b>O</b> I

[12 divided by 2 = 6 marks]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	aps.

#### **SECTION E**

In the sentence it is expected that the candidates will write a sentence that will contain the informathat he has to pay more for his rent/his travel expenses are greater/he has lost the subsidy.

### Sample sentences

I no longer have a reduction in my rent this year and will have to pay a lot more.

I am living in a different house this year and the bus journey to the University is more expensive.

The sentence must be written in the first person.

For the sentence, award up to 2 marks as follows:

2 marks: proper sentence construction; correct spelling and punctuation; gives the information asked for.

**1 mark**: proper sentence construction; 1–3 errors of punctuation and/or spelling (without obscuring meaning); gives the information asked for.

**0 marks**: more than 3 errors of punctuation and/or spelling; and/or does not give the information asked for; and/or not a proper sentence; and/or meaning obscure; fewer than 12 words or more than 20 words.

[Total: 8]

### Exercise 4 Sports stars have a natural advantage

Tick and number the content points up to a maximum of 8 marks (up to 4 marks per heading).

# Factors for sports organisations when selecting sportspeople (MAX 4 MARKS FOR THIS SECTION)

- √ 1 aged between 16 and 18
- √ 2 biological make-up/genetic factors
- √ 3 height
- √ 4 strength
- √ 5 endurance
- √ 6 mental application/how individual reacts under pressure
- √ 7 medical evidence

## **Examples of sports star and his/her specific physical advantage** (MAX 4 MARKS FOR THIS SECTION)

√ 8 Andy Roddick arched back/increased arm rotation

√ 9 Michael Phelps over-size feet

√ 10 Mia Hamm sweats half human average/sweats less than one litre an hour

√ 11 Liz Halliday quicker reactions when making decisions

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	S. Pr
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510	100

## Exercise 5 Television – a big turn off?

Award maximum of 6 marks for content and maximum of 4 marks for language. Count words and indicate when the 120 words limit has been reached. Do not award language marks if there is no content.

## Content (up to 6 marks)

Tick and number each point (up to a maximum of 6):

- √ 1 stunts the development of the brain
- √ 2 cause of depression
- √ 3 become overweight (due to inactivity)
- √ 4 sets a pattern for life
- √ 5 makes it difficult to concentrate (with sustained attention)
- √ 6 provides unnatural levels of excitement/(sensory) stimulation
- √ 7 lose ability to entertain themselves
- √ 8 lose ability to use imagination
- √ 9 don't talk to other children and adults

## Language (up to 4 marks)

**0 marks**: meaning obscure because of density of language errors and serious problems with expression/nothing of relevance.

1 mark: expression weak/reliance on lifting without discrimination.

2 marks: expression limited/some reliance on lifting from the original, but some sense of order.

3 marks: expression good, with attempts to group and sequence ideas in own words.

**4 marks**: expression very good; clear, orderly grouping and sequencing, largely in own words.

[Total: 10]

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Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0510

**Exercise 6: School festival** 

Exercise 7: Cinema

Award the answer a mark for content (C) [out of 9] and a mark for language (L) [out of 9]
 accordance with the General Criteria table that follows. Write C and the mark + L and the mark =
 ringed total [out of 18].

- **Content** covers **relevance** (i.e. whether the piece fulfils the task and the awareness of purpose/audience/register) and the **development of ideas** (i.e. the detail/explanation provided and how enjoyable it is to read).
- Language covers *style* (i.e. complexity of vocabulary and sentence structure) and *accuracy* (of grammar, spelling, punctuation and use of paragraphs).
- When deciding on a mark for content or language, first of all decide which mark band is most appropriate. There will not necessarily be an exact fit. You then have to decide between 2 marks within that mark band. Use the lower mark if it only just makes it into the band and the upper mark if it fulfils all the requirements of the band but doesn't quite make it into the band above.
- When deciding on a mark for **content**, look at both **relevance** and **development of ideas**. First ask yourself whether the writing fulfils the task, in terms of points to be covered and the length. If it does, it will be in **at least** the 4-5 mark band.
- When deciding on a mark for language, look at both the style and the accuracy of the language.
   A useful starting point would be first to determine whether errors intrude. If they do not, it will be in at least the 4-5 mark band.
- The **use of paragraphs** should **not** be the primary basis of deciding which mark band the work is in. Look first at the language used and once you have decided on the appropriate mark band, you can use the paragraphing as a factor in helping you to decide whether the work warrants the upper or lower mark in the mark band.
- If the essay is considerably **less than the stated word length**, it is unlikely that the candidate will achieve a high content mark.
- If the essay is **totally irrelevant** and has nothing to do with the question asked, it should be given 0 marks for content and language, even if it is enjoyable to read and fluent.
- If the essay is **partly relevant** and therefore in mark band 2-3, the full range of marks for language are available.

[Total Exercise 6: 18] [Total Exercise 7: 18]

## **GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCISES 6 and 7 (EXTENDED TIER)**

Page 8 Mark Scheme: Teacher			rs' version S		Syllabus
IGCSE – May/June		2009		0510	
ENEF	RAL CRITI	ERIA FOR MARKING EXERCIS	SES 6 an	d 7 (EXTE	NDED TIER)
Mark band				Syllabus 0510  ENDED TIER)  GUAGE: style and accuracy (AO: W1, W3, W4, W5)	
8–9	Highly e		8–9	Fluent:	
	consi and e audie	vance: Fulfils the task, with stently appropriate register excellent sense of purpose and nce.		comp Confi langu	e: Almost first language petence. Ease of style. ident and wide-ranging use of page, idiom and tenses.
	indep well d length susta read.	endence of thought. Ideas are leveloped, at appropriate and persuasive. Quality is ined throughout. Enjoyable to The interest of the reader is sed and sustained.		Well-	constructed and linked graphs.
6–7	Effective	:	6–7	Precise:	
	<ul><li>approsense</li><li>Deve</li><li>well of</li></ul>	vance: Fulfils the task, with opriate register and good e of purpose and audience.  Iopment of ideas: Ideas are developed and at appropriate in. Engages reader's interest.		struct turn o and is Howe awkw	e: Sentences show variety of ture and length. Some style and properties of phrase. Uses some idioms is precise in use of vocabulary. Ever, there may be some wardness in style making reading enjoyable.
				from errors show	<b>iracy:</b> Generally accurate, apar occasional frustrating minor s. There are paragraphs ring some unity, although links be absent or inappropriate.
4–5	Satisfact	tory:	4–5	Safe:	
	reaso regist purpo satisf to ado	vance: Fulfils the task, with mable attempt at appropriate ter, and some sense of ose and audience. A actory attempt has been made dress the topic, but there may gressions.		vocak more • Accu work	e: Mainly simple structures and bulary, sometimes attempting sophisticated language.  **Tracy: Meaning is clear, and is of a safe, literate standard. le structures are generally
	satisf	<b>lopment of ideas:</b> Material is actorily developed at opriate length.		errors comn occur attem	d, apart from infrequent spelling s, which do not interfere with nunication. Grammatical errors r when more sophistication is npted. Paragraphs are used bu out coherence or unity.

Syllabus O510 PROCES Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2009 Page 9

0.0	I B. (1)	0.0	- Car
2–3	Partly relevant:	2–3	Errors intrude:
	<ul> <li>Relevance: Partly relevant and some engagement with the task. Does not quite fulfil the task, although there are some positive qualities. Inappropriate register, showing insufficient awareness of purpose and/or audience.</li> <li>Development of ideas: Supplies some detail and explanation, but the effect is incomplete. Some repetition.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Style: Simple structures and vocabulary.</li> <li>Accuracy: Meaning is sometimes in doubt. Frequent, distracting errors hamper precision and slow down reading. However, these do not seriously impair communication. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent.</li> </ul>
0–1	Little relevance:	0–1	Hard to understand:
	<ul> <li>Limited engagement with task, but this is mostly hidden by density of error. Award 1 mark.</li> <li>No engagement with the task, or any engagement with task is completely hidden by density of error. Award 0 marks.</li> </ul>		Multiple types of error in grammar/ spelling/word usage/punctuation throughout, which mostly make it difficult to understand. Occasionally, sense can be deciphered. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 1 mark.
	If essay is completely irrelevant, no mark can be given for language.		Density of error completely obscures meaning. Whole sections impossible to recognise as pieces of English writing. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 0 marks.