UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/01

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2008 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

			Syllabus 0680 Bhacal	
Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus 🔗 e	r
		IGCSE – May/June 2008	0680	
(a) (i)	the N	<i>l</i> ary	29	76
(ii)	300,	no need for units, ignore if given and wrong		1990
(iii)	Tia;	highest flow/area figure		[2]
(b) (i)	not	of their home/move home/farm etc; loss of wildlife solve problem; environmental damage/destructior during construction; AVP		
		qualified flooding		[3]
(ii)		removed from sea water; using heating process/ne efore (energy) rich country; coastal/AW;	eeds much energy;	[3]
(a) (i)	16			[1]
(ii)	the p	oore spaces fill up with water; so no/little air/oxygen	for plants	[2]
(b) (i)		r dissolves salt crystals; which makes brine, comes ernatives to dissolves and salt; water evaporates, le		[2]
(ii)		vs penetration of more water; dissolves salts poration	; water table rises, incre	ased [2]
(iii)		r directed at roots; more efficient use; less water ; thus less evaporated;	· laying around (e.g. less ru	n-off, [3]
(a) (i)		aced owtte; quickly owtte; by natural processes; joing to run out		
	R us	ed again and again		[2]
(ii)	carb	on dioxide; NO _x ; SO ₂ ; CO		[2]
(111)	canc NO _x acid CO ₂ globa CO binds max NOT	rain; tree death; loss of soil minerals; fish dea er; breathing problems; buildings damage rain; as above al warming; floods; sea level rise; extreme weather; s with haemoglobin; reduces oxygen carriage, no th of two for each of People and Environment 'E: watch they do not switch chemicals betwee ronment, must be SAME	; and consequent human effe hird mark	ects

(b) fuel taxes/tolls etc (G); use bikes/walk (P); car share (P); use public transport (P); provide/subsidise public transport (G); use of catalytic converters (G or P); ref hybrid cars [3]

Pa	Page 3		Mark Scheme Syllabus er
			IGCSE – May/June 2008 0680
(a)	(i	•	Mark Scheme Syllabus IGCSE – May/June 2008 0680 animals/plants; and physical environment (with which they interact) 0680 biotic; abiotic change in vegetation; over time; by change of conditions for living DCBA from top half each [2]
			change in vegetation; over time; by change of conditions for living
	(ii	i)	DCBA from top half each [2
(b)	e	хра	ing;; building;; roads;; logging/AW expansion of each x 2 insion most likely reasons for increase in roads, buildings, etc. but population increas only in this context
(a)	(i	,	1955: 1100 – 1200 2000: 4700 – 4800 [2
	(ii	•	fertiliser; pesticides; herbicides; machinery; irrigation; feature of HYV (e.g. disease resistant, drought resistant ONCE) [3
	(iii	i)	1966-68 [1
(D)	b h h si fe le	uilc um erb imil ertil eac	cides: up along food chains; chains/bioamplification/magnification; kill predators; danger t ans (for one unless something specific and correct quoted);AVP icides: ar arguments to pesticides sers: ned; enrich water; kill fish; deplete O ₂ ; 2 x 2
(a)			ck/fossil fuel; d) vegetation/trees/etc; compressed by sediments/over long time [3
(b)) (i)	2,700,000,000 tonnes (no margin) [1
	(ii	i)	1,575,000,000 tonnes (for 2) (one for 2,700,000,000 –1,125,000,000) [2
	(iii		ncreased population in US/more electricity used, with reason/better methods c extraction/machines for extracting AVP [1
(c)	ir	riga	topsoil/overburden; ite/fertilise/other methods of soil improvement after added back; : trees, etc. or plants will be growing; [3