UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/12

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Ρ	age 2		Syllabus Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0680
(a) (i)	C.	APA.
\- -			Oni
	(ii)	A peat;	1
		B time and pressure;	13
		C time and pressure;	Syllabus 0680 I J J J J
(b) (j)	miners	
1	7 (-)	collapse of tunnel;	
		fire due to gases from coal;	
		poisoning from coal gases/silicosis;	
		breathing problems;	[m ev 0]
		flooding;	[max 2]
		environment	
		spoil pollutes ground and water around mine; carbon dioxide/owtte when burnt;	
		landscape destruction/visual pollution (open cast);	[max 2]
			L 7
(b) (ii)	wind;	
`	, , ,	hep;	
		geothermal;	
		nuclear;	
		tidal;	
		wave; biofuels;	[max 2]
			[1107 =]
(a) (i)	N and S of tropics/equator;	
		Africa;	
		S Asia;	
		W S America; AVP (relevant countries named);	
		AVP (relevant countries named),	[max 2]
	(ii)		
		vapour;	
		evaporation; condenses;	
		clouds;	
		rain;	
		snow (owtte);	
		sea/ocean; half each/round down	[max 4]
(b) (i)	Peru	[1]
	(ii)	Peru	[1]
	(iii)	quotas/seasons/net size; relevant explanation;	[2]
			[2]

Page 3			Syllabus	× ·
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0680	°C.
(a)) (i)	(abs = 18) + (reflection = 32) = 50%; earth abs = 100–50 % = 50% ;	Syllabus 0680	ambrid
	(ii)	carbon dioxide;		
		methane; water vapour;		[max 2]
				[]
(b)) (i)	diagram showing IR radiation leaving Earth surface; but being scattered or in some way not allowed to lea	ave by gh gases;	[2]
	(ii)	walk/cycle/reduce car use;		
		public transport/take more people for less money per car sharing;	head;	
		use biofuels in cars;		
		carbon neutral (idea);		[4]
(a)	\ /i\	A. ammania/ammaniumu		
(a)) (I)	A: ammonia/ammonium; B: nitrate;		[2]
	(ii)	carbon dioxide;		
	(,	water;		
		any relevant minerals other than N;;		[max 2]
(b [']) (i)	fertilisers – get into water/rivers/streams;		
(~)	/ (י/	cause algal growth;		
		algae die; rot and use up oxygen;		
		fish suffocate;		[
		eutrophication;		[max 2]
		pesticides – get into food chains;		
		get amplified (owtte); kill or harm those at top of chain;		
		kills harmless/valuable species;		Imay 2
		(idea of poisoning humans for ONE)		[max 2]
	(ii)	biological control; example given;		
		principle described (e.g. predator/parasite/disease in	troduced);	[max 2]

Pa	ge 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus r
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0680
(a)	(i)	500–600 million;	ambr
	(ii)	12000/300; = 40;	10
(b)	(i)	SOIL: loss/erosion/depletion of nutrients/fertility lost; WATER: polluted/named pollutant/increasing scarcity; VEGETATION: loss/removal/killing;	Syllabus 0680 Papacambrid [3]
	(ii)	better educated women; have less children; pension schemes; mean think do not need so many chil decreased infant mortality; means do not have more to i up to 2 for each	
(a)	(i)	C;	
		A; B;	[3]
	(ii)	weathering;	[1]
(b)	(i)	(water) erosion;	[1]
	(ii)	A: tree planting/afforestation; B: terracing; C: contour ploughing;	
		D: shelter belt; 1/2 each round down	[2]
	(iii)	removal of trees stops them taking in CO ₂ ; in photosynthesis; farm machinery;	
		gives out CO_2 burning fossil fuels;	[max 3]