CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/41

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

		Syllabus D r
Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0680
Mark schemes	will use these abbreviations:	enterio
• ;	separates marking points	30
• /	alternatives	Con
• R	reject	14

- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question)
- [I] ignore
- AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- AVP additional valid point (where there are a variety of possible additional valid answers)
- <u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
- D, L, T, Q quality of drawing / labelling / table / writing as indicated by mark scheme
- max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- eq equivalent
- ORA or reverse argument
- IDEA OF where candidates are expected to make an argument which expresses a particular idea, but the ways in which they will do this will be many and varied

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┣—	Pa	ige 3	<u>. </u>		llabus 0680	
				IGCSE – October/November 2012	1080 Tec	
1	(a)	(i)		elp people get jobs / more skilled jobs / eq / reduce unempl dard of living / example of raised standard of living such a	loyment / impro	
		(ii)		top loss of revenue / improve international standing / rule of AVP (e.g. to maintain biodiversity);	Ilabus 0680 loyment / improver s family planning; f law / reduce corruption [2]	e.com
	(b)	(i)	sam more sam	icates present / an average can be taken / not relying on or le number of seeds; e seeds; le quantity of water; is no marks, C = max 2 for replicates and same quantity of v	ne result;	
		(ii)	soil f parti drair	pH; type; texture; icle size(s); nage; eral / nutrient / organic content;	[max 2]	
	((iii)		stimulated by light (due to shading) / soil too dry /release cl nination / chemical from roots / chemical from leaves;	hemical to stop [1]	
	(c)	(i)	more to re redu redu	ain maximum yield; e profit / eq; educe competition with other plants; uce growth of alang alang / weeding; uce soil erosion; y to harvest;	[max 2]	
		(ii)	carb this rene not s fuels soil t enco	tainable: oon neutral; idea described; ewable / can regrow the oil palm. sustainable: s burnt in transport / describe example; fertility lost over time; ourages deforestation / reduces biodiversity; o (e.g. other land must be used to grow food crops);	[max 3]	
	I	(iii)		number / amount of (different) species (in an area / habitat) ogical groups; A other valid definition A types) or ref. to different [1]	

(iv) medicinal plants still available / genetic resource / genes kept for the future /rare / eq species help to promote ecotourism / maintain food webs / chains / balance of nature; [1]

	Mark Scheme Syllabus	2. 1
	IGCSE – October/November 2012 0680	Par
(d) (i)	orientation; both axes labelled (yield in tonnes per hectare and years); plots;; (allow one error on each plot)	error carried
(ii)	16 and 21; (A 15–17 and 21–22) (A other correct reading from graph as an forward)	error carried [1]
(iii)	IDEA OF the extra cost of the fertiliser must be less than the extra value of the	ne crop; [1]
(iv)	0.5, 2.5, 3.0, 3.0, 6.0, 4.0;; (6 correct = 2 marks, 4–5 correct = 1 mark, 0-3 correct = 0 mark)	[2]
(v)	6 / 13 × 100 = 46.1 (allow 46, 46.15, 46.2)	[1]
(vi)	earn more money / easier / cheaper to harvest / process / eq;	[1]
clor rice ref. ref. son hel soil soil goo so l AVI (ma	ular income; hes give more product / income / eq; a / other crops grown; to medicinal plants used; to shorter time to first harvest; <i>vironment:</i> ne forest grow back / eq; ps to maintain biodiversity / prevent further loss; s not likely to be eroded / lose fertility; s not damaged further; bd interception; less flooding risk; P (for either part, e.g. ref. ecotourism); ax 4 for either part)	[max 6] [Total: 32]
a) (i)	less interception; less root absorption; less infiltration / more surface run off; soil not held by roots; soil changes properties / e.g. becomes impermeable / eq; ref. to transpiration;	[may 2]
	rivers now silted up so flood more easily;	[max 3]
(ii)	soil erosion / loss of fertility / damage to infra-structure / described example;	[1]
(iii)	dust; (leads to weaker lungs / more infections) (A dirt)	[1]
. ,	note devided for children / any	
(iv)	rate doubled for children / eq; (<i>if answer given is 'change is greater in children' (no mark), then max 1 total qualification is given as below)</i> adults show smaller increase (however expressed);	if further

Page	5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0680
(b) (i)	sam sam sam sam all a both	sexes;	Syllabus 0680 Bacambrid
	sele	cted at random;	[max 2]
(ii)	so m	e (stagnant / standing) water; nore breeding mosquitoes / described; no valid answers possible so 0 marks	[2]
			[Total: 11]
(a) (i)) 19.7	; ([I] \$ sign)	[1]
(ii)		justified by working to support answer (e.g. 41 – 19) –19.7 =20.3	9.7 = 21.3); [1]
(iii)) June	e 2008;	[1]
(b) (i)	plan less fewe no p	er leaves on plants near road; ts shorter; (dense) vegetation; er species / types of plant / less biodiversity; lants next to the road; alm trees;	[max 2]
(ii)		three years any of the points in (b) (i) have improvents are for two reasons, only one reason = only 1 ma	
(iii)	trans each use reco reco	ple at stated distance from road; sect line; n side of the road sampled; of quadrat / defined area; rd species inside quadrat / eq; rd results in a notebook; to other sensible method;	[max 2]

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(c) (i) marks or for reasons in support of either mine – table shows reasons in support Mine one or Mine two – maximum marks can be obtained by a coherent argument either of the two mines as below

	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	.~	2
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	2	0680		Dec.
ine	ks or for reasons in support of either mine - e one or Mine two – maximum marks can b er of the two mines as below			in suppo ent argui	
E	ither	Or			
М	line one:	Mine two:			
	rger reserves so worth mining; (78 illion tonnes)	smaller reserves so mining over more quickly; (35 million tonnes)			
	nger life (15 yrs) of mine so jobs for nger;	worth mining even if it only lasts 10 years;			
in	vestment worthwhile;	enough worthwh	coal to make ile;	investm	ent
m	ore profit to government;	profit po	ssible for go	vernmen	t;
m	ore profit to mining company;	profit possible for mining company;			
	naller area (5000 hectares) so less nvironmental damage;	hectares	ightly larger s) so not muc nental dama	h more	00
	ng way (40 km) from the river so pollution ery unlikely;	close to river (5 km) for easy / cheap transport;			
_					

A any sensible comment about the nature reserve for either answer;

[max 6]

(ii) save rare / endangered species; stop or reduce poaching; protect biodiversity; saved for breeding / genetic resource; genes can be use to make GMO's; value to encourage tourism; moral argument; AVP (e.g. genes available for selective breeding);

[max 2]

[Total: 17]