

## MARK SCHEME for the March 2015 series

# 0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

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0680/22

Paper 22, maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

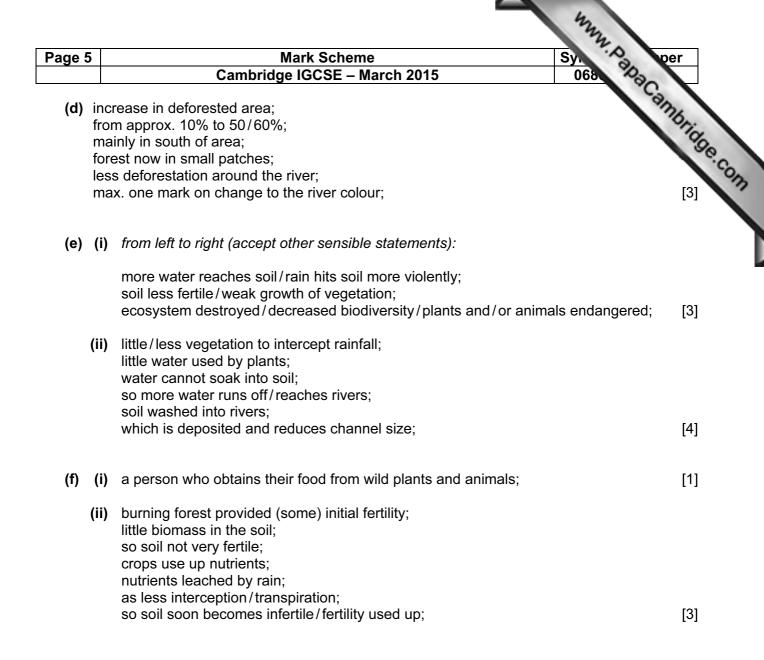
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age	2	Mark Scheme Syl Syl Syle	r
		Cambridge IGCSE – March 2015 068	
(a)	) (i)	one mark per correct label;	6
	(ii)	Mark Scheme Sylin oe   Cambridge IGCSE – March 2015 068   one mark per correct label; 068   both arrows correct; 0   convergent/destructive; 0	ida
	(iii)	convergent/destructive;	[1]
	(iv)		[4]
	(v)	nowhere else to move to; think 'it won't happen to them'; fertile/good soils from volcanic eruptions; jobs in tourism; geothermal energy; tradition;	[3]
(b)	) (i)	North and South America;	[1]
	(ii)	Asia;	[1]
	(iii)	3412 (thousand tonnes);	[1]
	(iv)	to reduce the cost of transport; easier to transport;	[1]
	(v)	<pre>less energy needed; so less pollution – <u>must be named;</u> less ore needs to be mined; so less waste of old copper; or from mining; less damage to the landscape; less damage to environment – <u>must be specified;</u> reduced transport needed; less cost; copper reserves last longer/for future generations/finite resource/more sustainable/ etc.;</pre>	[4]
(c)	sulf sulf the	oper ore contains sulfur; fur dioxide is a gas; fur dioxide dissolves in atmospheric water/water droplets/in the clouds; on it rains; edit names of acids – sulfurous acid/H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> ; – sulfuric/H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ;	[3]

(ii) (iii)	more industry; more thermal power stations; large population (so more vehicles); more use of fossil fuels;	2]
(ii) (iii)	more industry; more thermal power stations; large population (so more vehicles); more use of fossil fuels; wind blows pollution to high risk areas; correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4]	2]
(iii)	more industry; more thermal power stations; large population (so more vehicles); more use of fossil fuels; wind blows pollution to high risk areas; correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4]	2]
(iii)	more industry; more thermal power stations; large population (so more vehicles); more use of fossil fuels; wind blows pollution to high risk areas; correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4]	2]
(iii)	more industry; more thermal power stations; large population (so more vehicles); more use of fossil fuels; wind blows pollution to high risk areas; correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4]	2]
(iii)	more industry; more thermal power stations; large population (so more vehicles); more use of fossil fuels; wind blows pollution to high risk areas; correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4]	2]
(iii)	more thermal power stations; large population (so more vehicles); more use of fossil fuels; wind blows pollution to high risk areas; correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4]	
	large population (so more vehicles);     more use of fossil fuels;     wind blows pollution to high risk areas;     correct scale of axes;     correct labelling of axes;     5/6/7 points plotted correctly;     points joined as a line graph;	
	more use of fossil fuels; wind blows pollution to high risk areas; [2 correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4]	
	wind blows pollution to high risk areas;[2correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph;[4	
	correct scale of axes; correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4	
	correct labelling of axes; 5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4	41
(iv)	5/6/7 points plotted correctly; points joined as a line graph; [4	41
(iv)	points joined as a line graph; [4	41
(iv)	wide range of possibilities concerned with:	4]
	effects	
	weathering / erosion of buildings	
	damage to vegetation – may damage leaves	
	- releases toxins in soil which damage plants	
	leaches minerals form the soil/washes nutrients from soil damage to water bodies – aluminium released into water which is toxic to fish	
	– below pH 5 fish eggs cannot hatch	
	– kills larvae which fish feed on	
	– damages fish gills	
	reducing effects	
	reduce emissions of SO <sub>2</sub> and NO <sub>2</sub>	
	by scrubbers / filter	
	using low sulfur fuels adding lime to water bodies	
	Do not expect every aspect to be covered, even for answers in the top level.	
	Level 3 5–6 marks	
	Good description of effects beyond basic kills fish/trees and suggestions for reducing	
	causes of acid rain and ways of overcoming symptoms.	
	Level 2 3–4 marks	
	Some detail of effects of acid rain with some basic suggestions on reduction of acid rain	۱.
	<b>OR</b> Basic effects of acid rain with some detail in suggestions on reduction.	
	Level 1 1–2 marks	
	Basic descriptive points with little or no ideas on reduction. May just be a list of effects.	
	No response or no creditable response scores zero marks. [6	6]

age 4	Mark Scheme Syn	per
	Cambridge IGCSE – March 2015 068 2	20
(a) (i)	name letter canopy Q emergent P ground layer S understory R	per Cambridg
	all correct = three marks 2 or 3 correct = two marks 1 correct = one mark	[3]
(ii)	hot and wet; to reach the light/competition for light; wind pollination/seed dispersal; rapid decomposition provides necessary nutrients;	[2]
all	ading/key correct; four sectors correct;; o or three sectors correct;	[3]
(c) (i)	year 1995; amount 29 000 (km²);	[2]
(ii)	overall trend is a decrease;	
	max two marks on details – 2002–2004 decrease then increase; – increase 2007–2008; – decrease 2004–2007;	
	max one mark for quoting relevant figures;	[3]
(iii)	5600 to 5900 (km <sup>2</sup> )	[1]
(iv)	Allow second mark for development of one reason, but must be more than one if for max. marks. to reduce greenhouse gas emissions; pressure from environmental organisations/activists;	reason
	pressure from other governments; to meet internationally agreed targets; to protect indigenous people; to protect animal/plant species/habitats/ecosystems/maintain biodiversity; to conserve a resource for future;	101
(v)	large area to protect/police; corruption/power of big companies; pressure from poor for land for farming;	[3]
	population pressures; food supplies;	



Page 6	Mark Scheme	Sy.
	Cambridge IGCSE – March 2015	068

### (g) wide range of possibilities concerned with:

www.papacambridge.com climate change – increased carbon dioxide in atmosphere; enhanced global warming; reduction in rainfall; etc. loss of species as these are ecosystems of great biodiversity; many plants might be lost which could provide useful medicines; nature conservation; damage to indigenous tribes;

Do not expect every aspect to be covered, even for answers in the top level.

Level 3 5–6 marks

Answers the question and provides at least two reasons fully described and explained or three in less detail; but still needing some explanation. Must cover at least one global/international concern.

### Level 2 3-4 marks

Some detail of at least two concerns. With a basic explanation will lift it to the top of the level. Must cover at least one global/international concern at least at a basic level.

### Level 1 1-2 marks

Basic descriptive points with little or no explanation. May just be a list or answers just on local concerns.

No response or no creditable response scores zero marks.

[6]

[Total: 80]