UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/42

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page	2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllab	ous & r	
U	IGCSE – May/June 2012 046	0 20	
(a) (i) downstrea	Positioned two surveying poles along valley floor/along wadi or riv am (1)	ous 0 ver bed/one u	Sri
	Put poles vertically/at 90 degrees /perpendicular (1)		.0
	Measured 10m between the ranging poles/10m apart (1)		
	Used clinometer to: Measure angle (1)		
	Line up position on/at top of two poles (1)		
	Read off the angle (1)		
		[1 + 2]	[3]
(ii)	22.5 (°)		[1]
<i></i>			
(iii)	Check accuracy of measurements (1)		
	Reduce effect of anomaly at a site (1) Reduce effect of student error (1)		
	To be more reliable/make a fair test (1)		
	To calculate/work out an average (1)		[1]
(iv)	Hypothesis is correct/TRUE/gradient of valley floor does decreated <u>HA. (1)</u> No need to use degrees ° here.	ase downstream. <u>TI</u>	<u>CK</u>
	Evidence of average gradient variation at two different sites with t	wo comparative figu	res
	<u>e.g.</u>		
	From 27.5 at Upper course to 22.5 in Middle course (1)		
	From 27.5 in Upper course to 11.5 in Lower course (1)	(1)	
	Can use range e.g. 25/30 in Upper course to 7/17 in Lower course	e (1)	
		[1 HA + 1]	[2]

Weight: Weigh empty plastic bag (1) Put each rock in plastic bag (1) Attach to spring balance (1) Read off weight on scale/using pointer (1) Subtract weight of plastic bag (1)

Roundness: Put rock next to Roundness score chart (1) Compare shape with categories (1) Decide on the best description (1)

[2 max + 1 + 1] [4]

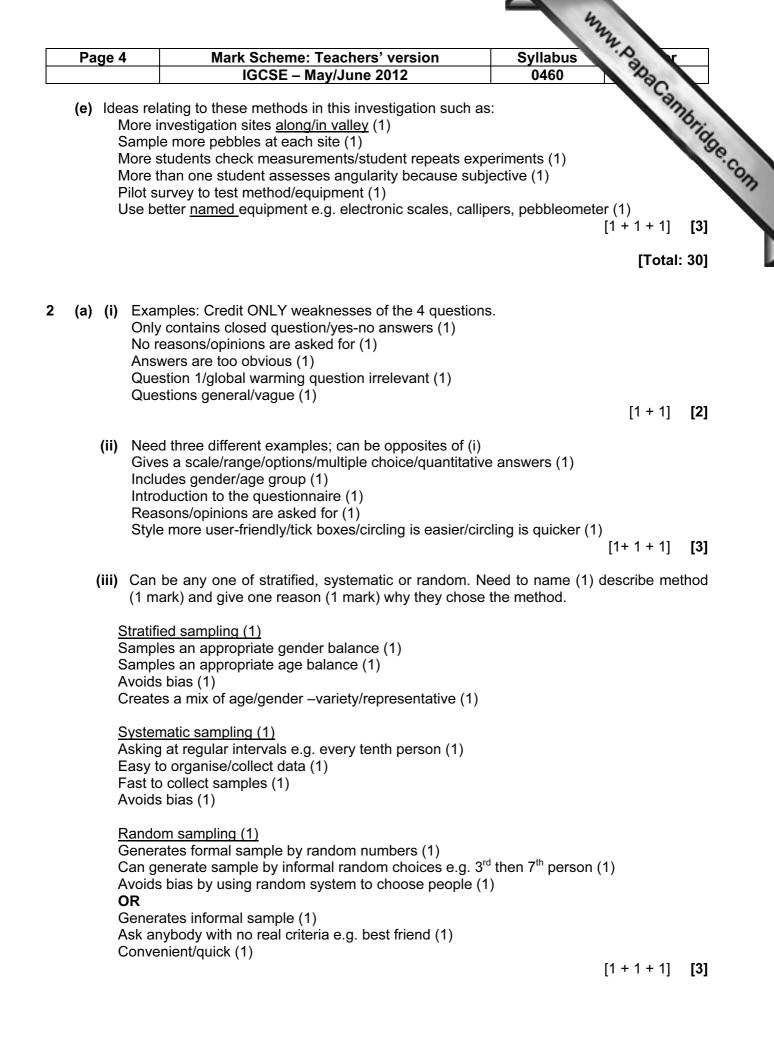
(c) (i) Two individual plots at 13 (above 1) & 9 (above 4) on dispersion graph.

[1+ 1] **[2]**

	3			chers' version	1	Syllabus	. A.	Y
		10	SCSE – May/J	une 2012		0460	Da.	1
(ii)	shadi	ng.	ee bars on h 450 = 3 , 451	istogram – 1 –600 = 1	mark for	each corr	ect plot; ly [1+1+	ambri 1]
(iii)	80 (n	o tolerance) a	nd 1 for corre	graph – class ct shading in ri 3 after Class :	ight order	(Same as i	bollom chart)	. 1003
(iv)			correct/TRU ref to Partially/	E/rocks or b /mostly	edload	become sr	naller and	rounde
	plus			s: 1 mark rese Weight, Rour				
	Mode <u>Weig</u> lower Up to <u>Roun</u>	in upper cour <u>ht:</u> most comr course 1-150 900gm in upp <u>dness:</u> most c	rse 12cm, lowe non category i lgm (1) per course but common class	ddle course 4- er course 5 cm in upper cours only up to 300 in upper cours resent in lower	i (1) e 451-60)gm in lov se 2, midd	Ogm, middle ver course (le course 3,	e course 151- 1)	-300gn
	<u>Size:</u> Mode <u>Weig</u>	in upper cour in upper cour <u>ht</u> : in upper co	se largest OR rse is highest (ourse heaviest	<u>ve words NOT</u> in lower cours OR in lower co / heavier OR ir e angular OR i	e smalles ourse lowe n lower co	t (1) est/lower (1) ourse lightes ourse less a	st/lighter (1)	ər] [4
(v)		-	sional process s of one erosio	es that will red onal type.	luce size,	weight or a	ngularity.	
	Smal	ler particles c	reated by attrit	other & break tion will weigh l les so reducing	less (1)		. ,	(1)
		•		asion/Abrasion d/or angularity.		on/Solution	or Hydraulic /	Action
							[1 +	1] [2

Hot conditions/daytime - rock surface expands (1) Cold conditions/night time - surface contracts (1) Large daily/diurnal temperature range causes expansion/contraction (1) Cycle of expansion/contraction continues (1) Creates stresses/pressures in the rock/outer layers expand more (1) Rock breaks up slowly in layers (1) Layers crumble away/peel off (1)

[1 + 1 + 1] **[3]**



 b) (i) Wind turbines only work when it is very windy (ii) Graph completion. 1 mark for each correct plot; ignore any shading. Wind power doesn't pollute the atmosphere = 46 Wind is free = 19 [1 + 1] (iii) Yes/agree with hypothesis/TRUE. Comparable data such as yes = 72/no = 28; 72% or 72/100 agree with it (1) [1HA + 1] (iv) <u>Reasons such as:</u> There are no waste materials (1) Land beneath/around the turbines can still be used for farming (1) Wind turbines can be a local scheme (1) Can be in a remote area/hilly/off shore (1) Cheap running costs/low maintenance (1) Noise is relatively low (1) No need to mine coal/gas/oil/fossil fuels (1) No need for expensive nuclear stations (1) 		0.	Syllabus		Mark Scheme: Teac	e 5	Page
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Allow max. of $\overline{2}$ marks for this response (1HA + 1 max = 2).	only	they can really o	ne hypothesis	cus on the "hilltop" in th	EPTION : If candidates focu	<u>EXC</u> say	
	[5]	± 1D ± 1D ± 21	= 2).	•		• •	
(d) (i) Examples each worth 1 mark each. HEP/Hydro/Water turbines Tidal Solar Geothermal Biogas	[5]	^τ ΙΚ τ ΙΚ τ 2]	י אחון	ach.	P/Hydro/Water turbines Il ar thermal	HEF Tida Sola Geo	(d) (
Wave [1 + 1]	[2]	[1 + 1]			/e	Wav	

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus D	K.
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0460	
(ii)	our processes at 1 mark each un's energy/short-wave radiation passes through th ome energy absorbed by the earth's surface (1) arth's surface heats up (1)	ne earth's atmosphere (1)	mbride