UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0470 HISTORY

0470/22

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' versionSyllaIGCSE – October/November 2011047	bus Ada
	19th Century option	Canno
Study Source details of the	es A and B. How far do these two sources agree? Expl e sources.	bus 0 Papacambril ain your answer built on. [0
Level 0 No e	evidence submitted or response does not address the questic	on. [0
Level 1 Des	cribes sources, no valid comparison.	[1
OR Com OR Com	gree: one source contains information that the other does no parison of provenance parison of topic of what the sources are about.	t [2
e.g.	eement OR disagreement of detail They disagree because A says diplomatic humiliation forced ys Prussia was forced into war.	[3–4 France to war, and in E
	eement AND disagreement of detail [Level 3 plus] But they agree that France was hostile to Prus	[5–6 sia.
	pares the big messages for disagreement. big message is on planning: in A Bismarck is opportunistic, in	[7 n B he is the planner.
	ces C and D. Does Source C prove that Bismarck was bassador in Source D? Explain your answer using detaidge.	
Level 0 No e	evidence submitted or response does not address the questic	on. [0
Level 1 Des	cribes sources, no question focus.	[1
Level 2 Und	eveloped provenance.	[2–3
Level 3 Corr truth	npares Bismarck's attitude in both sources, uses similarities t	o say he was telling the [4–5]
Level 4 Eval	uates D with no reference to C to say whether he's telling the	e truth. [6
Level 5 Com	pares sources, evaluates one to decide whether he's telling	the truth in D. [7
	pares sources, evaluates both to decide whether he's telling	the truth in D. [8

Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	N.
		IGCSE – October/November 2011	0470	°C
		and F. How far does Source E make So ils of the sources and your knowledge.	Syllabus 0470 ource F surprising? Exs the question.	ambrid
Level 0	No evidenc	e submitted or response does not address	the question.	
Level 1	Describes s	sources, no surprise.		[1]
Level 2	Surprised/r	ot surprised: undeveloped provenance.		[2]
Level 3		xtual knowledge/cross-reference to judge v of Source E.	whether or not F is surpris	ing [3–4]
Level 4		content to judge surprised/not surprised.		[5–7]
	e.g. Not su	es include the provenance. rprised because Bismarck/William consiste ersists after the King has shown disapprova		rised that
Level 5	contextual	ot surprised by F (Bismarck persisting knowledge. e comparison with E, or will be Level 3.), explained by cross-	reference/ [8–9]
		Why did Gramont make this speech in . e source and your knowledge.	July 1870? Explain you	r answer
Level 0	No evidenc	e submitted or response does not address	the question.	[0]
Level 1	Unsupporte	ed assertions.		[1]
Level 2	Answers ba	ased on provenance.		[2]
Level 3	Answers ba	ased on context.		[3]
Level 4	Answers ba	ased on message.		[4–5]
Level 5	Answers ba	ased on purpose.		[6]

Level 6 Answers based on purpose and specific context of July 1870 [7] i.e. it's just a week before the Ems Telegram.

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	2
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0470	SC.
	ce H. How useful is this source as evidence abo	out the unification of	SIMB.
Explain you	ir answer using details of the source and your ki	nowledge.	19
Level 0 No	evidence submitted or response does not address t	he question.	apacambrides
Level 1 Des	scribes picture, no utility.		[1]
Level 2 Use	eful for surface information.		[2–3]
Level 3 Not	useful because of provenance OR purpose.		[3–4]
Level 4 Not	useful because of provenance AND purpose – deve	eloped.	[4–5]
	eful because of inferences that can be made from it about the power of Germany, Bismarck etc.		[6]
	eful because of what we can tell from it about the pur about how Bismarck/Germany wished to be perceiv		[7]

Level 0No evidence submitted or response does not address the question.[0]Level 1No valid source use.[1–3]Level 2Uses sources to support OR reject the statement.[4–6]

Level 3 Uses sources to support AND reject the statement. [7–10]

Up to 2 bonus marks for any evaluation of sources (no more than 1 per source).

Source use must be reference to a source by letter, provenance, or direct quote, and use examples of source content. There must be an explanation of how this does/does not support the statement.

Use 'Y' in the margin for each source in support of the statement, and 'N' for each source that rejects it.

YES	NO
(A) B E F	ACDG

Page 5		e: Teachers' version	Syllabus	
	IGCSE – Octo	ober/November 2011	0470	20
		20th Century option		amb.
	ources A and B. How fail of the sources.	r do these two sources ag	ree? Explain your ans	oa Cambridge wer tu
Level 0	No evidence submitted or	response does not address t	he question.	[0]
Level 1	Describes sources, no val	id comparison.		[1]
Level 2	Disagree: one source cont OR	tains information that the othe	er does not	[2]
	Comparison of provenanc OR	е		
	Comparison of topic i.e. of what the sources an	e about.		
Level 3	Agreement OR disagreem e.g. In both sources they a	nent of detail agree that the peacemakers h	nad little in common.	[3–4]
Level 4		ment of detail y disagree because in A it's t	he international situatior	[5–6] h that's the
	problem, and in B it's disp	utes between the peacemake		
	ources C and D. How wo		ers. ve reacted to Source C	
your ar	ources C and D. How wo swer using details of the	utes between the peacemake	ers. re reacted to Source C ge.	
your a r Level 0	ources C and D. How wo swer using details of the	utes between the peacemake ould Wilson (Source D) hav sources and your knowled response does not address t	ers. re reacted to Source C ge.	? Explain
your ar Level 0 Level 1	Sources C and D. How wo swer using details of the No evidence submitted or Describes sources OR un Everyday empathy	utes between the peacemake ould Wilson (Source D) hav sources and your knowled response does not address t	ers. re reacted to Source C ge. he question.	? Explain [0]
your ar Level 0 Level 1 Level 2	Sources C and D. How we swer using details of the No evidence submitted or Describes sources OR un Everyday empathy i.e. the reason given is con Undeveloped provenance i.e. the answer makes sen	utes between the peacemake ould Wilson (Source D) hav sources and your knowled response does not address t supported assertions.	ers. Te reacted to Source C ge. he question. bly to anyone.	? Explain [0] [1]
your ar Level 0 Level 1 Level 2	Sources C and D. How we swer using details of the No evidence submitted or Describes sources OR uns Everyday empathy i.e. the reason given is con Undeveloped provenance i.e. the answer makes sen OR	utes between the peacemake ould Wilson (Source D) hav sources and your knowled response does not address t supported assertions. mmonsensical and would app	ers. e reacted to Source C ge. he question. bly to anyone. ce content	;? Explain [0] [1] [2]
your ar Level 0 Level 1 Level 2 Level 3	Sources C and D. How we swer using details of the No evidence submitted or Describes sources OR un Everyday empathy i.e. the reason given is con Undeveloped provenance i.e. the answer makes sen OR Explains what Wilson's rea	utes between the peacemake ould Wilson (Source D) hav sources and your knowled response does not address t supported assertions. mmonsensical and would app	ers. Ye reacted to Source C Ige. he question. oly to anyone. ce content of Source C.	;? Explain [0] [1] [2] [3]

	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	N.
	IGCSE – October/November 2011 0470	
	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus IGCSE – October/November 2011 0470 ources E and F. How similar are the messages of these two cartoons ower using details of the sources and your knowledge. No evidence submitted or response does not address the question. Comparison of surface details or Different: Wilson is wearing a bat in E but not in E	ambrid
Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question.	
Level 1	Comparison of surface details e.g. Different: Wilson is wearing a hat in F but not in E.	[1]
Level 2	Comparison of undeveloped provenance.	[2]
Level 3	Similar: based on the misinterpretation that Wilson is in charge in both.	[3]
Level 4	Valid interpretations of sub-messages, but no comparison.	[4]
	Valid interpretation of the Big Message, but no comparison. The Big Message of both cartoons is the cartoonists' opinion that Wilson is deluc thinks he's in charge but he's not.	[5] led; he
Level 6	Valid comparisons of sub-message(s).	[6–7]
Level 7	Comparisons of the Big Message.	[8]
	ource G. Are you surprised by this source? Explain your answer using det ce and your knowledge.	ails of
Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question.	[0]
Level 1	Describes sources, no surprise.	[1]
Level 2	Valid analysis of the source, but no surprise OR	[2]
	Identifies what is/is not surprising, but no reason given for why.	
	Identifies what is/is not surprising, but no reason given for why. Surprised: identifies something surprising in the source, with common explanation.	sense [3]
Level 4	Surprised: identifies something surprising in the source, with common	
Level 4 Level 5	Surprised: identifies something surprising in the source, with common explanation. Not surprised: explanation internal to the source	[3] [4] [5]

Р	age 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2011	0470
		urce H. Why was this cartoon published in 1919 the source and your knowledge.	Syllabus 0470 9? Explain your anside the compared of the compa
Le	evel 0 N	o evidence submitted or response does not address th	e question.
Le	evel 1 D	escribes source, no reason given.	[
Le	i.e	easons based on misinterpretations of the cartoon e. thinks cartoon is anti-German R	[
	In	terprets the cartoon, but no reason given.	
Le	evel 3 C	ontext only.	[
Le	i.e	xplains sub-messages e. to say something, e.g. To tell people the treaty wa ot contained within the answer.	–4] s harsh, but cartoonist's opinic
Le		xplains the Big Message e. because <i>the cartoonist</i> wanted to criticise the Treaty	/the Allies.
Le	evel 6 P i.e	urpose e. to have an impact on the German people/peacemake	ers etc.
Le	i.e	urpose in context e. must show how purpose relates to the terms being h e.g. War Guilt, Diktat, reparations etc.] narsh/unfair by specific referenc
we	ere func	the sources. How far do these sources provide c lamental differences between the Allies during the o explain your answer.	
Le	evel 0 N	o evidence submitted or response does not address th	e question. [
Le	evel 1 N	o valid source use.	[1–

Level 2 Uses sources to support OR reject the statement. [4–6]

Level 3 Uses sources to support AND reject the statement. [7–10]

Up to 2 bonus marks for any evaluation of sources (no more than 1 per source).

Source use must be reference to a source by letter, provenance, or direct quote, and use examples of source content. There must be an explanation of how this does/does not support the statement.

Use 'Y' in the margin for each source in support of the statement, and 'N' for each source that rejects it.

YES	NO
A B C E* F*	(A) (B) G H

Note: * means do not allow 'No' based on misinterpretation of the source.