#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 0470 HISTORY

**0470/23** Paper 2, maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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# Option A: 19<sup>th</sup> Century topic

### HOW FAR DID WHITE AMERICANS IN THE SOUTH SUFFER FROM RECONSTRUCTION?

## 1 Study Sources A and B.

2

How fa	r do these two sources agree? Explain your answer using details of the so	ources. [7]
Level 0	No evidence submitted or does not address the question.	[0]
Level 1	Writes about the sources, no valid comparison.	[1]
Level 2	Identifies information that is in one source but not in the other or states that the sources are on the same topic.  OR	[2]
	Compares the provenance of the sources.	[2]
Level 3	Agreement of detail/sub message e.g. South initially lost control of states' government and/or disagreement e.g. in A Democrats controlled the South while in B Northern Carpetbaggers controlled the South	[3–4]
Level 4	Agreement and disagreement of detail or sub-message.	[5–6]
Level 5	Compares the Big Messages e.g. in A that Reconstruction was lenient and while in B, Reconstruction lead to constant conflict	d generous [7]
Study S	Source C.	
-	as this source published in 1866? Explain your answer using details of t ur knowledge.	the source [8]
Level 0	No evidence submitted or does not address the question.	[0]
Level 1	Surface description of the source.	[1]
Level 2	Misreading of the cartoon.	[2]
	OR Interprets the poster or describes the context – but not used as a reason for publication.	[2]
Level 3	Explains context only – fails to explain the message or purpose of the source. OR Explains a valid sub-message. e.g. Freedman's Bureau Helps ex-slaves	[3–4]
Level 4	Explains the Big Message. i.e. Freedman's Bureau allows black Americans to be idle while white work/pay taxes	Americans [5–6]
Level 5	Explains the purpose of the poster. e.g. to win the election and get rid of the Freedman's Bureau	[7]
Level 6	Explains purpose in the context of 1866.	[8]

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3	Study Source	ce D.		
	Are you sur	rprised by this source? Explain your answer edge.	using details of the	source and [8]
	Level 0 No	evidence submitted or does not address the questi	ion.	[0]
	Level 1 Write	es about the source but fails to address the questi	on.	[1]
	Level 2 Iden OR	tifies something to be surprised/not surprised by b	ut not explained.	[2]
	Valid	d analysis of the source but fails to state whether s	surprised or not.	
	Level 3 Asse	ertions based on everyday empathy.		[3]
	Level 4 Mate	ches or mismatches with other sources.		[4–5]
	Level 5 Use	s contextual knowledge to be surprised/not surpris	ed.	[6–7]
		surprised by Captain Poillon's concern as he is a ained through contextual knowledge of the Civil W		Army – this [8]
4	Study Source	ces E and F.		
	How similar your knowle	are these two sources? Explain your answer	using details of the	sources and [8]
	Level 0 No	evidence submitted or does not address the questi	ion.	[0]
	Level 1 Surf	ace comparisons.		[1]
	Level 2 Ansv	wers based on the use of undeveloped provenance	e.	[2]
	Level 3 Inter	rprets valid sub-message of one or both sources b	ut no valid comparisor	n. [3]
	e.g.	rprets the Big Message <i>E is anti-Democratic Party, pro-Reconstruction, I</i> no valid comparison	F is pro-South, White	Supremacist
	Level 5 Com	npares valid sub-messages.		[4–6]
	Level 6 Com	npares Big Messages.		[7]
		or Level 6 but qualifies answer with a difference	tu vatia a	

[8]

i.e. both deal with Reconstruction but E is pro-Reconstruction

while F is anti-Reconstruction

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#### 5 Study Source G.

What is the cartoonist's message? Explain your answer using details of the source and your knowledge. [7]

Level 0 No evidence submitted or does not address the question. [0]

Level 1 Surface description of the cartoon. [1]

Level 2 Misinterpretation of the cartoon. [2]

Level 3 Interprets the sub-message of the cartoon
e.g. the South was more prosperous under President Hayes [3–4]

Level 4 Interprets the Big Message of the cartoon

i.e. that Reconstruction did not work for the South

[5–7]

#### 6 Study all the sources.

How far do these sources provide convincing evidence that led to whites in the South losing their power? Use the sources to explain your answer. [12]

Level 0 No evidence submitted or does not address the question. [0]

Level 1 No valid source use. [1–3]

Level 2 Use sources to support OR reject the statement. [4–6]

Level 3 Uses sources to support AND reject the statement. [7–10]

- Up to 2 bonus marks for proper source evaluation (max.1 per source)
- Source use must include identification of a source by letter, provenance or direct quote. It must use examples from source content and explanations of how these support/do not support the statement.
- Indicate valid source use in the margin by writing 'Y' for 'improved' and 'N' for 'did not improve'.
- Where the candidate groups sources, award only one Y/N for the whole group and only if the explanation is valid for all the sources grouped.

YES	NO
ABFGH	ABDEG

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# Option B: 20<sup>th</sup> Century topic

### WERE THE BIG THREE IN AGREEMENT OVER WHAT TO DO ABOUT GERMANY?

## 1 Study Sources A and B.

2

3

How far do these two sources agree? Explain your answer using details from the sources.	
Level 0 No evidence submitted or does not address the question. [0	)]
Level 1 Writes about the sources, but makes no valid comparison. [1	1]
Level 2 Identifies information that is in one source but not in the other or states that the sources are about the same subject.  OR  [2]	2]
Compares the provenance of the sources [2	2]
Level 3 Agreements OR disagreements of detail/sub-messages e.g. Agrees that the Peacemakers were divided/Disagreements over the aims of Clemenceau/France at Versailles	5]
Level 4 Agreements AND disagreements of detail/sub-messages. [6–7	7]
Study Source C.	
Why was this source published in May 1919? Explain your answer using details of the source and your knowledge. [8	
Level 0 No evidence submitted or does not address the question. [0	)]
Level 1 Surface descriptions of the source. [1	1]
Level 2 Misreadings of the cartoon [2	2]
Interprets the cartoon or describes the context but not used as a reason for publication [2	2]
Level 3 Explains general context only – fails to explain message or purpose of the source [3–4 OR	4]
Explains a valid sub-message e.g. Allies in control, Germany is weak [3–4]	4]
Level 4 Explains the Big Message e.g. Germany is being made to take the punishment it deserves [5–6	3]
Level 5 Explains the purpose of the cartoon e.g. to assure the British public that Germany will be dealt with severely [7]	7]
Level 6 Explains the purpose of the cartoon in the context of 1919 e.g. Germany made aware of the terms of the treaty and is protesting but has no choice  Study Sources D and E.	3]

	Source E prove Source D wrong? Explain your answer using details of our knowledge.	the sources [8]
Level 0	No evidence submitted or does not address the question.	[0]
Level 1	Writes about the sources but fails to answer the question.	[1]
Level 2	2 Undeveloped provenance.	[2–3]
Level 3	Compares the sources for differences e.g. Clemenceau sees Lloyd George as a threat in D, Clemenceau sees Willia threat in E; and/or agreements e.g. Clemenceau feels under threat in both sources	<i>lson as</i> [4–6]
Level 4	Evaluates Source D with no reference to Source E e.g. considers relationship between Poincare and Clemenceau, the purpose and likely veracity of Poincare's account	[7]
Level 5	Compares Sources D and E and evaluates one of them to say if Source D is	s wrong. [8]
Study	Sources F and G.	
-		
	ar would the two cartoonists have agreed with each other? Explain details of the sources and your knowledge.	your answer [8]
Level 0	No evidence submitted or does not address the question.	[0]
Level 1	Surface descriptions of the source.	[1]
Level 2	2 Answers are based on the use of undeveloped provenance.	[2]
Level 3	Interprets a valid sub-message of one or both sources but makes no vali e.g. the Allies are cruel	d comparison [3]
Level 4	Interprets the Big Message of one or both sources e.g. F regards the treaty as reasonable, G sees the treaty as harsh	[4]
Level 5	5 Compares valid sub-messages.	[4–6]
Level 6	Compares the Big Messages of the cartoons and the points of view of the cargonian in the cartoonist sees the treaty as reasonable while in G it is regarde unfair	

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Paper 23

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#### 5 Study Source H.

Do you trust what Lloyd George is saying in this source? Explain your answer using details of the source and your knowledge. [7]

- Level 0 No evidence submitted or does not address the question. [0]
- Level 1 Writes about the source but fails to answer the question. [1]
- Level 2 Valid analysis of source but fails to state whether or not Lloyd George can be trusted [2]

  OR

  Selects a valid part of source H and asserts it is correct or not correct [2]
- Level 3 Assertions based on everyday empathy, or the internal logic of Source H, or the secret nature or tone of Source H. [3]
- Level 4 Makes cross reference(s) to check whether Source H can be trusted or not e.g. considers whether Lloyd George can be trusted as in Source B it says he promised the electorate to squeeze the German lemon until the pips squeak [4–5]
- Level 5 Uses contextual knowledge to say whether Lloyd George can be trusted or not e.g. considers Lloyd George's aim of restoring trade with Germany as motivation for leniency [6–7]

#### 6 Study all the sources.

How far do these sources provide convincing evidence that the Big Three wanted to treat Germany harshly? Use the sources to explain your answer. [12]

The 'Big Three' are Lloyd George, Wilson and Clemenceau, along with the delegations at the peace conference, and NOT the general populations of the victorious countries.

Level 0 No evidence submitted or does not address the question. [0]

Level 1 No valid source use. [1–3]

Level 2 Use sources to support OR reject the statement. [4–6]

Level 3 Uses sources to support AND reject the statement. [7–10]

- Up to 2 bonus marks for proper source evaluation (max.1 per source)
- Source use must include identification of a source by letter, provenance or direct quote. It
  must use examples from source content and explanations of how these support/do not support
  the statement.
- Indicate valid source use in the margin by writing 'Y' for 'got what they wanted' and 'N' for 'did not get what they wanted'.
- Where the candidate groups sources, award only one Y/N for the whole group and only if the explanation is valid for all the sources grouped.

YES	NO
ABCDGH	ABDFH