UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/21 Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Pag	e 2		Mark Scheme: Te	acher	rs' version Syllabus	
				IGCSE – May	/June	2012 0607 230	
1			(x) = 5, (y) = -1		2	B1 each, or M1 for attempt to eliminate <i>x</i> or <i>y</i> (allow 1 numerical slip)	
2			08 13	oe	3	Syllabus Syllabus 2012 B1 each, or M1 for attempt to eliminate x or y (allow 1 numerical slip) M1 for distance/speed seen (implied by 0.3) A1 for 18 minutes	[3]
3			$(\pm)\sqrt{-1}$	$\frac{2A}{\pi}$	3	M1 for \times 2 correctly M1 for $\div \pi$ correctly M1 for $$ correctly All independent, in any order	[3]
4	(a)		2√13	or $\sqrt{52}$ as final answer	2	$\mathbf{M1} \text{ for } 4^2 + 6^2$	[5]
	(b)		$4\sqrt{5}$	or $\frac{12\sqrt{5}}{3}$ or $\sqrt{80}$	2	M1 for $\cos\theta = \frac{g}{12}$ or better	[4]
5				2	B1 for parabola with vertex twice as high B1 for cutting <i>x</i> -axis in same places as $y = f(x)$ (Ignore curve below the <i>x</i> axis)		
							[2]
6	(a)		1,3		2	B1 each	
	(b)		5+2-	$\sqrt{2}$	2	M1 for $3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} - 1$ or better	[4]
7	(a)	(i)	6		1		
	((ii)	7		1		
	(b)		$\frac{7}{12}$ of		1		
	(c)		$\frac{2}{6}$ oe		1 ft	If $\frac{2}{6}$ not seen, then ft their part (a)(i)	[4]
8	(a)		(<i>x</i> + 8	(x-6)	2	SC1 for any pairs of brackets giving two correct ter when multiplied out.	rms
	(b)		(<i>y</i> + 2	z)(x-3)	2	M1 for $x(y + 2z) - 3(y + 2z)$ or $y(x - 3) + z(2x - 6)$ (or better)	[4]
9			(±)1.2	 2 oe	3	M2 for $y = \frac{6}{\sqrt{x}}$ or M2 for $\frac{y}{3} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{25}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4}}}$ or	
						(M1 for $y = \frac{k}{\sqrt{x}}$ oe, where $k \neq 1$, then dep M1 for	
						$y = \frac{\text{their } k}{\sqrt{25}})$	[3]

	Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teacher	rs' version	Syllabus y Syllabus		
	i age u	,	IGCSE – May/June		0607	20	
10	(a) (b)	33 $n^2 - 3$	1 3		cond differences same c (implies first M) $a \neq 0$	acambridge.com	
11		40	2	M1 for $\left(\frac{6}{3}\right)^3$ or $\left(\frac{6}{3}\right)^3$		[2]	
12	(a) (i)	4	1				
	(ii)	-3	1				
	(b)	288	3	(Implied by 3^2 or 2	$q = \log pq$ correctly used × 2 ⁵ but can be seen to be values of p, q .)	correctly [5]	