CANDIDATE NAME	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONAL EXAMIN	MANAN, Papacambridge.com
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CAMBRIDGE I	NTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS	0607/06
Paper 6 (Exten	ded)	May/June 2012
		1 hour 30 minutes
Candidates ans	swer on the Question Paper	
Additional Mate	rials: Graphics Calculator	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

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Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer both parts $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{A}}$ and $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{B}}.$

You must show all relevant working to gain full marks for correct methods, including sketches.

In this paper you will also be assessed on your ability to provide full reasons and communicate your mathematics clearly and precisely.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The total number of marks for this paper is 40.

This document consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page.



Answer both parts A and B.

A INVESTIGATION ADDITIONAL TRIPLES (20 marks)

You are advised to spend 45 minutes on part A.

An addition triple has three **different** numbers.

The numbers $(\bar{8}, 10, 18)$ form an addition triple because 8 + 10 = 18. Some other addition triples are (10, 11, 21) and (21, 24, 45).

This investigation explores patterns with addition triples.

1 Nine addition triples can be found from the list of integers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. One of these triples is (3, 4, 7).

Write down the other eight addition triples in the spaces provided. [Note that (3, 4, 7) and (4, 3, 7) are the same addition triple.]

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2

2	Complete the table, showing the addition triples for each list of integers.
	In the last column write the total number of triples.

Number of List of integers integers	Addition triples	Total number of addition triples
3 1, 2, 3	(1, 2, 3)	1
1, 2, 3, 4		2
5 1, 2, 3, 4, 5		
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6		
7 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Leave this blank – do not write your answer to question 1 again.	9
8 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8		12

3 Look at the pattern in the last column in the table on page 3. Use it to complete the following table.

Look at the pattern in Use it to complete th	n the la e follo	ust colu wing t	ımn in able.	the tal	4 ble on	page 3	i.				www	N. Pap.	Cant	For iner's
Number of integers	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	de.c.
Number of addition triples	1	2			9	12	16	20		30				911

Using Question 3, complete the following table when there is an odd number of integers in the list. 4

Number of integers	3	5	7	9	11	13	15
Number of addition triples	1		9	16			

5 For the table in Question 4, the same three arithmetic operations always take you from the number of integers in the list to the corresponding number of addition triples.

The first operation is **subtract 1**.

Find the other two operations.

Show that these three operations take you

from 7 integers in the list to 9 addition triples,

from 9 integers in the list to 16 addition triples. and

6 Using Question 5, find

(a) the number of addition triples when there are 101 integers in the list,

(b) the number of integers in the list when there are 11449 addition triples,

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(c) an expression for the number of addition triples when the list has n integers and n is odd.

5



(b) the number of integers in the list when there are 1332 addition triples,

.....

(c) an expression for the number of addition triples when the list has n integers and n is even.



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Regiomontanus stands 3 metres from the base of the column so AD = 3 m.

(a) (i) Use the right-angled triangle *ADB* to show that the length $AB = \sqrt{13}$.

(ii) Use this answer to write down sin *ABD* as a fraction.

(b) Show that the length $AC = \sqrt{10}$.



(c) Regiomontanus wrote that, in triangle ABC,

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$$

Show that $\sin BAC = \frac{3}{\sqrt{130}}$.

2 Using the method in **Question 1**, find $\sin BAC$ when AD = 1 m.

3 Model sin *BAC* by letting AD = x metres.



NOT TO SCALE





5 (a) Instead of one metre high, the statue is *h* metres high.The base of the statue is still one metre above the line of sight.

Modify the model in **Question 3**.

- (b) The one metre high statue is replaced by a statue that is 2 metres high. Use your model from **part (a)** to find the change (if any) in
 - (i) the largest angle of view,

(ii) the corresponding distance from the column.

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