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NAME

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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/43

Paper 4 (Extended)

October/November 2015

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments
 Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions.

Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate.

Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.

This document consists of **16** printed pages.

Formula List

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Curved surface area, A , of cylinder of radius r , height h . $A = 2\pi rh$

Curved surface area, A , of cone of radius r , sloping edge l . $A = \pi rl$

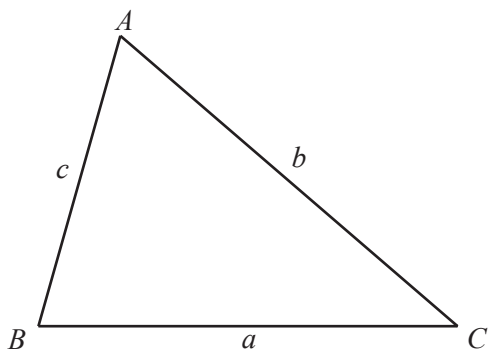
Curved surface area, A , of sphere of radius r . $A = 4\pi r^2$

Volume, V , of pyramid, base area A , height h . $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$

Volume, V , of cylinder of radius r , height h . $V = \pi r^2 h$

Volume, V , of cone of radius r , height h . $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Volume, V , of sphere of radius r . $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$



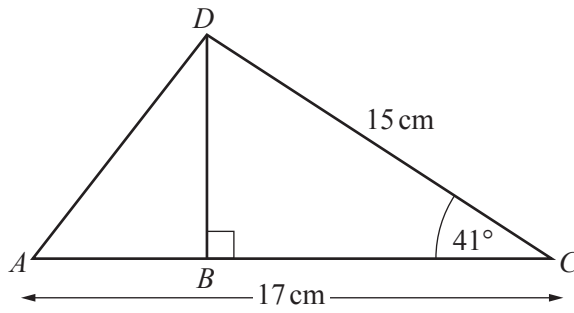
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

Answer **all** the questions.

1



NOT TO
SCALE

- (a) Calculate the length of BD .

Answer(a) cm [2]

- (b) Calculate the area of triangle ACD .

Answer(b) cm^2 [2]

- (c) Use the cosine rule to find the length of AD .

Answer(c) cm [3]

- 2 (a) Jay buys a bicycle for \$220.
He later sells it for \$160.

Calculate his percentage loss.

Answer(a) % [3]

- (b) A television has a sale price of \$216 after a reduction of 10%.

Calculate the original price of the television.

Answer(b) \$ [3]

- (c) The population of a village is 2180.
The population decreases by 3% each year.

- (i) Calculate the population in 20 years time.

Answer(c)(i) [3]

- (ii) Calculate the number of whole years it takes for the population to decrease from 2180 to less than 1000.

Answer(c)(ii) [2]

- 3 (a) The speeds, v km/h, of 120 cars passing under a bridge are measured.
The table shows the results.

Speed (v km/h)	$30 < v \leq 50$	$50 < v \leq 60$	$60 < v \leq 70$	$70 < v \leq 75$	$75 < v \leq 90$
Frequency	2	25	46	41	6

- (i) Write down the interval that contains the lower quartile.

Answer(a)(i) [1]

- (ii) Calculate an estimate of the mean.

Answer(a)(ii) km/h [2]

- (iii) Complete the table of frequency densities.

Speed (v km/h)	$30 < v \leq 50$	$50 < v \leq 60$	$60 < v \leq 70$	$70 < v \leq 75$	$75 < v \leq 90$
Frequency density					

[3]

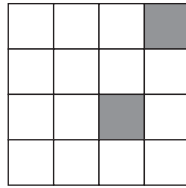
- (b) The table below shows the monthly rainfall and the average midday temperatures of a city.

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Rainfall (r mm)	15	20	20	35	70	90	75	70	50	30	12	8
Temperature (t °C)	35	25	22	15	10	10	15	20	27	30	38	36

Find the equation of the line of regression, giving t in terms of r .

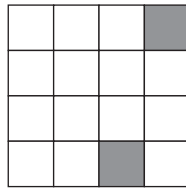
Answer(b) $t =$ [2]

- 4 (a) (i) Shade in one more square so that the diagram has one line of symmetry.



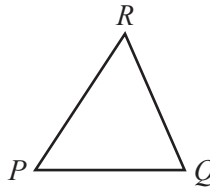
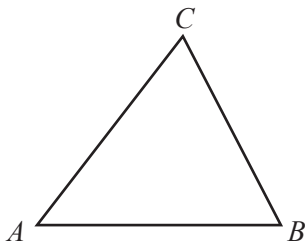
[1]

- (ii) Shade in two more squares so that the diagram has rotational symmetry of order 2 and no lines of symmetry.



[1]

(b)



NOT TO SCALE

Triangle ABC and triangle PQR are mathematically similar.
 $AB : PQ = 3 : 2$.

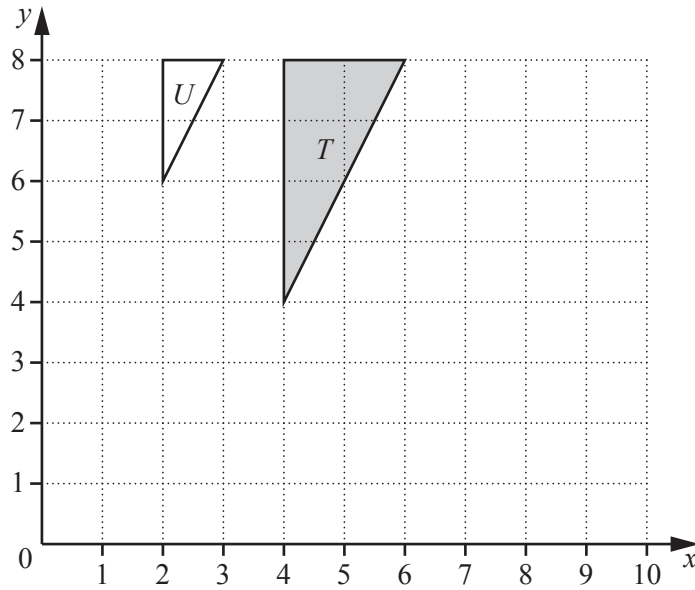
- (i) $CB = 10.5$ cm.
 Calculate the length of RQ .

Answer(b)(i) cm [2]

- (ii) The area of triangle ABC is 45 cm^2 .
 Calculate the area of triangle PQR .

Answer(b)(ii) cm^2 [2]

5



- (a) (i) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle *T* onto triangle *U*.

Answer(a)(i)
 [3]

- (ii) Describe fully the inverse of the transformation in **part(a)(i)**.

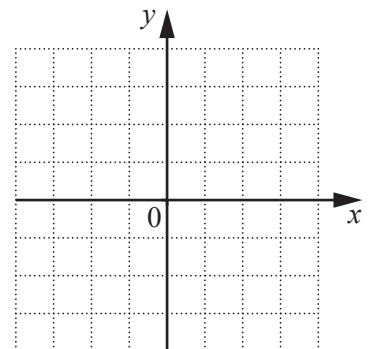
Answer(a)(ii)
 [2]

- (b) (i) Draw the image of triangle *T* under a reflection in the line $y = x$. [2]

- (ii) Draw the image of triangle *T* under a rotation of 90° anti-clockwise about the point (6, 8). [2]

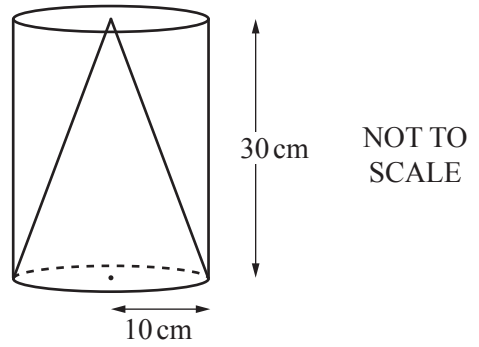
- (c) Describe fully the **single** transformation equivalent to a rotation 90° clockwise about (0, 0) followed by a reflection in the line $y = -x$.

You may use the grid to help you.



Answer(c)
 [3]

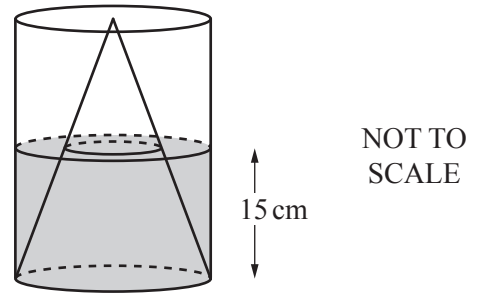
- 6 The diagram shows a solid cone inside a cylinder.
 The base radius of the cone and the radius of the cylinder are both 10 cm.
 The height of both the cone and the cylinder is 30 cm.



- (a) Find the volume of the cylinder **not** occupied by the cone.

Answer(a)cm³ [3]

- (b) Water is poured into the cylinder until it reaches a depth of 15 cm.



- (i) Calculate the volume of the part of the cone that is below the water level and show that it rounds to 2749 cm³, correct to the nearest cubic centimetre.

[4]

- (ii) Calculate the amount of water that has been poured into the cylinder.
 Give your answer in litres.

Answer(b)(ii) litres [3]

- 7 (a) Kim walks 10 km at 4 km/h and then a further 6 km at 3 km/h.

Calculate Kim's average speed.

Answer(a) km/h [3]

- (b) Chung runs at x km/h for 45 minutes and then at $(x - 2)$ km/h for 30 minutes.

Find an expression, in terms of x , for Chung's average speed in km/h.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

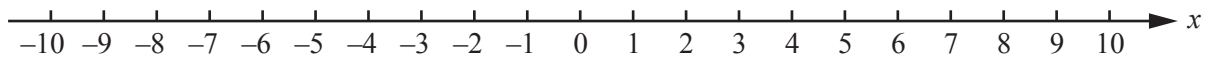
Answer(b) km/h [4]

- 8 (a) (i) Solve the inequality.

$$2(x - 3) < 5(x + 3)$$

Answer(a)(i) [3]

- (ii) Show your answer to **part(a)(i)** on the number line.



[1]

- (b) Solve the equation.

$$(x + 3)^2 + (x + 1)^2 = 25$$

Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

Answer(b) $x =$ or $x =$ [6]

(c) Solve the equations.

(i) $\log x = 5 - x$

Answer(c)(i) $x = \dots\dots\dots$ [3]

(ii) $\log x = |5 - x|$

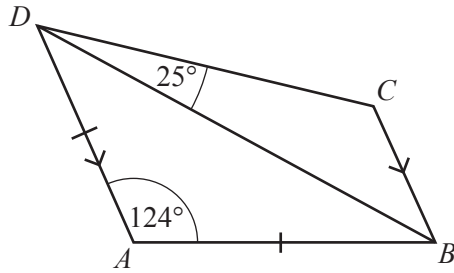
Answer(c)(ii) $x = \dots\dots\dots$ or $x = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(d) Simplify, giving your answer as a single fraction.

$$\frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+1}$$

Answer(d) $\dots\dots\dots$ [3]

9 (a)

NOT TO
SCALE

In the quadrilateral $ABCD$, $DA = AB$ and DA is parallel to CB .
Angle $DAB = 124^\circ$ and angle $BDC = 25^\circ$.

Calculate angle BCD .

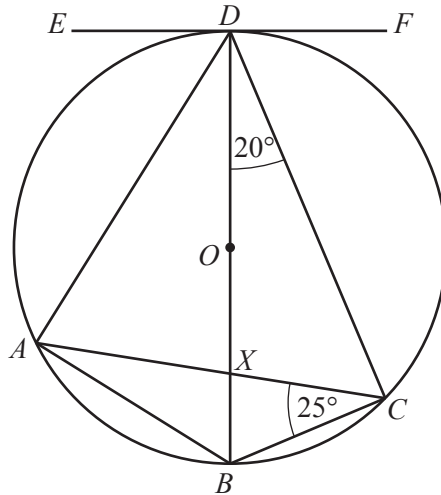
Answer(a) [3]

(b) Nine of the angles of a 10-sided polygon are each 142° .

Calculate the other angle.

Answer(b) [3]

(c)



NOT TO SCALE

A, B, C and D lie on the circle, centre O .
 BD is a diameter and EDF is a tangent at D .
 AC and BD intersect at X .

Angle $BCA = 25^\circ$ and angle $BDC = 20^\circ$.

Calculate

(i) angle ADE ,

Answer(c)(i) [2]

(ii) angle DAC ,

Answer(c)(ii) [2]

(iii) angle AXD .

Answer(c)(iii) [1]

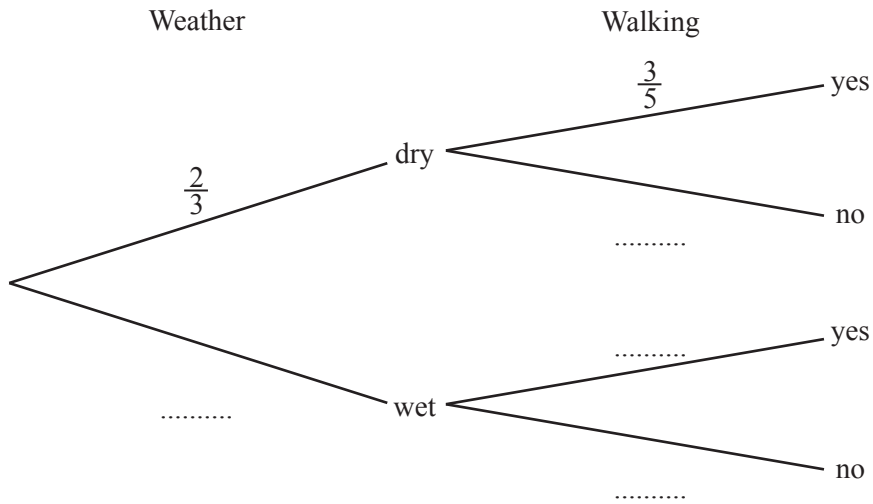
10 In this question, the weather is only considered to be either wet or dry.

When the weather is dry the probability that Sara will go walking is $\frac{3}{5}$.

When the weather is wet the probability that Sara will go walking is $\frac{1}{10}$.

The probability of a dry day is $\frac{2}{3}$.

(a) Complete the tree diagram.



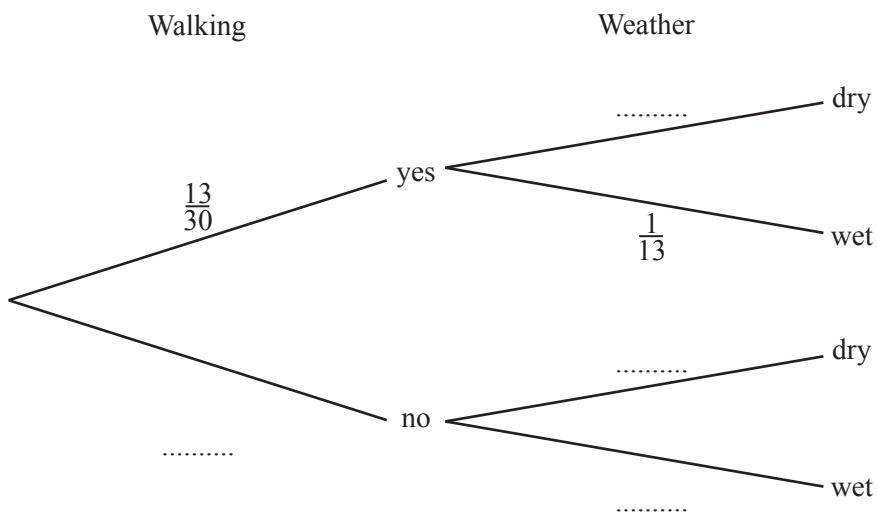
[3]

(b) Show that the probability that Sara goes walking is $\frac{13}{30}$.

[2]

(c) The probability that Sara does not go walking when the weather is wet is $\frac{9}{30}$.

Complete this tree diagram.



[3]

11 $f(x) = x^2 - 16$ $g(x) = \frac{2}{x+1}, x \neq -1$ $h(x) = 2^x$

(a) Find $h(3)$.

Answer(a) [1]

(b) Find the range of $g(x)$ for the domain $\{0, 1\}$.

Answer(b) [1]

(c) $f(x - 2)$ can be written as $(x + a)(x + b)$.
Find the value of a and the value of b .

Answer(c) $a =$

$b =$ [4]

(d) Find the inverse of

(i) $g(x)$,

Answer(d)(i) [3]

(ii) $h(x)$.

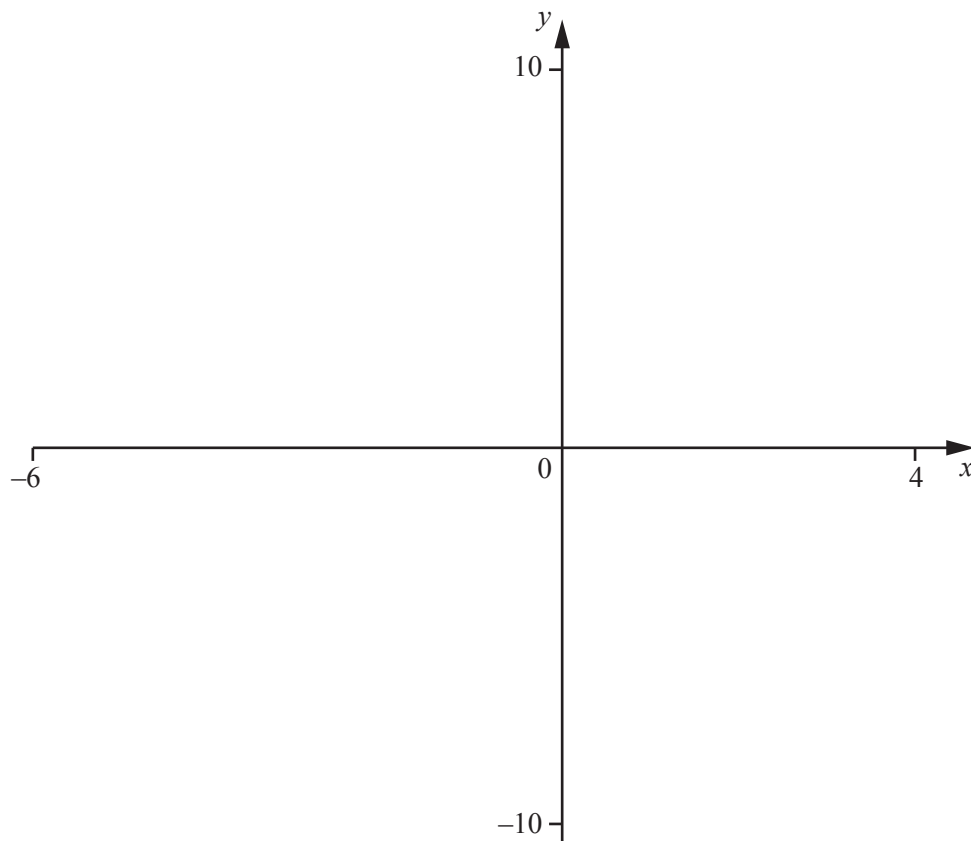
Answer(d)(ii) [2]

(e) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps the graph of $y = f(x)$ onto the graph of $y = 2x^2 - 32$.

.....

..... [2]

Question 12 is printed on the next page



(a) On the diagram, sketch the graphs of $y = \frac{12}{(x+2)}$ and $y = 2^x - 5$ for values of x between $x = -6$ and $x = 4$. [4]

(b) Write down the equation of each asymptote of the graph of

(i) $y = \frac{12}{x+2}$,

Answer(b)(i)

..... [2]

(ii) $y = 2^x - 5$.

Answer(b)(ii) [1]

(c) Solve the inequality.

$$2^x - 5 > \frac{12}{x+2} \text{ for } x > 0 .$$

Answer(c) [2]

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