

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MALAY (FOREIGN LANGUAGE)

0546/22

Paper 2 Reading May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 45

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0546	22

1 General Marking Notes

2 General Marking Principles

2.1 Please note that it is not possible to list all acceptable alternatives in the Detailed Mark Scheme provided in Section 3 You will need to consider all alternative answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts, make a decision on whether they communicate the required elements, in consultation with your Principal Examiner, and award marks accordingly.

2.2 Crossing out:

- (a) If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
- **(b)** If a candidate crosses out an answer <u>to a whole question</u> but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

2.3 More than the stipulated number of boxes ticked/crossed by the candidate:

- (a) If more than one attempt is visible, but the candidate has clearly indicated which attempt is his/her final answer (e.g. by crossing out other attempts or by annotating the script in some way), mark in the usual way.
- **(b)** If two attempts are visible (e.g. two boxes ticked instead of the 1 box stipulated), and neither has been crossed out/discounted by the candidate, no mark can be awarded.
- (c) Answers in pen do not take precedence over answers in pencil, e.g. if a candidate is asked to tick one box and ticks two, one in pen and the other in pencil, the mark cannot be awarded unless there is some explicit indication from the candidate as to which is his/her final answer.

2.4 Reading tasks: for questions requiring more than one element for the answer

Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 blank = 2 Both correct answers on line 1 and another, wrong answer on line 2 = 1 (or vice—versa)

- **2.5** Answers requiring the use of Malay (rather than a non–verbal response) should be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear.
 - (a) 'If in doubt, sound it out': if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like the correct answer?
 - (b) Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer?
- **2.6** Unless the Mark Scheme specifies otherwise, **do not accept incorrect Malay if the word given means something else in Malay**. (Incorrect Malay which constitutes a word in any language other than Malay is marked (i) on the basis of whether it is accepted or refused in the Mark Scheme and (ii) if not mentioned in the Mark Scheme, on the basis of 2.5 above).

Page 3	Page 3 Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0546	22

2.7 Annotation used in marking:

- (a) INVL = Invalidation and is used when additional material included by the candidate is judged to invalidate an otherwise correct answer thus preventing him / her from scoring the mark (INVL = 0)
- **(b) HA** = harmless additional material which in conjunction with the correct answer does not prevent the candidate from scoring the mark.
- (c) BOD = Benefit of the Doubt and is used to indicate material considered by the Examiner and judged to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.

2.8 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (No Response) option in online marking.

Award NR (No Response):

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

Award 0:

 If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

2.9 Extra material: Section 2

In **Section 2**, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. Do not worry about lifting unless this would cause the message to be seriously distorted – <u>in which case a lift will be specifically rejected in the Mark Scheme.</u>

Ignore extra material given in an answer providing that it does not invalidate an answer.

Page 4	Page 4 Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0546	22

2.10 Extra material: Section 3

In **Section 3** it is the candidate's responsibility to answer questions in such a way as to demonstrate to the Examiner that s/he has understood the texts/questions. Where candidates introduce extra, irrelevant material to an otherwise correct answer the danger is that the Examiner is being forced to 'choose' the correct answer and s/he cannot be certain that the candidate has shown understanding. Where the Examiner is put in this position the mark cannot be awarded.

In **Section 3**, look for signs of genuine comprehension. Usually, candidates who lift **indiscriminately** fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, **careful** lifting of the details required to answer the question does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. The Detailed Mark Scheme (Section 3) provides specific guidance but in cases not covered, the following general rules apply:

(a)	Extra material, mentioned in the Mark Scheme, which reinforces the correct answer or in itself constitutes an alternative correct answer:	this is acceptable and is not penalised
(b)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer, but which is not explicitly mentioned in the Mark Scheme:	the Examiner needs to decide, by consulting the text and the PE if necessary whether the alternative answer constitutes: (i) an alternative correct answer, in which case this falls into category (a) and the answer should be rewarded (ii) or an answer which on its own would be refused, in which case this falls into category (c) and the answer should be refused
(c)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer specifically refused in the Mark Scheme:	this puts the Examiner in the position of having to 'choose' which is the candidate's 'final' answer – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded
(d)	Extra material which distorts or contradicts the correct answer:	this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded
(e)	Extra material introduced by the candidate and which does not feature in the text:	this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded. It can sometimes be difficult to draw the line between what is a deduction made by an able candidate on the basis of what they have read and pure guesswork. Therefore where an answer of this sort occurs which is not covered in the Mark Scheme, Examiners should consult their Team Leader

Page 5	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016		22

3 Detailed Mark Scheme

Bahagian 1

Latihan 1 Soalan 1-5

AC	ACCEPT		REFUSE
1	D	[1]	
2	Α	[1]	
3	В	[1]	
4	D	[1]	
5	С	[1]	

[Total : 5]

Latihan 2 Soalan 6-10

Α	CCEP	T	REFUSE	
6	С	[1]		
7	В	[1]		

8 D [1] 9 E [1] 10 A [1]

[Total : 5]

Latihan 3 Soalan 11-15

ACCEPT	REFUSE
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11	В	[1]	
11 12 13	Α	[1]	
13	С	[1]	
14	Α	[1]	
15	Α	[1]	

[Total : 5]

Page 6	Page 6 Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0546	22

Bahagian 2

Latihan 1 Soalan 16-20

TOLERATE MIS-SPELLING AS LONG AS IT DOES NOT DISTORT THE MEANING OF THE WORD

ACCEPT		REFUSE
16 tambahan	[1]	
17 hampir	[1]	
18 menawarkan	[1]	
19 percuma	[1]	
20 berjanji	[1]	

[Total : 5]

Page 7	Mark Scheme S		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0546	22

Latihan 2 Soalan 21-28

- In this exercise, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage.
- Ignore extra material (whether Malay is accurate or inaccurate) unless the Mark Scheme specifies otherwise
- Accept lifting unless it is specifically refused in the Mark Scheme.
- READ SECTION 2: GENERAL MARKING PRINCIPLES
- Accept « saya » etc throughout

ACCEPT REFUSE

21	KEY CONCEPT: his birth place/ Pulau Pinang [1] tempat dia dilahirkan	
22	KEY CONCEPT: Looked at old photos [1] melihat kembali gambar-gambar lama melihat gambar-gambar semasa dia membesar di Pulau Pinang	just "gambar-gambar"
23	KEY CONCEPT: hotel [1] on the coast [1] hotel di tepi laut	
24	KEY CONCEPT: played with friends [1] bermain dengan kawan-kawannya	just "bermain"
25	KEY CONCEPT IS EITHER: a boy flying a kite / a boy named Salleh playing a kite [1] budak lelaki sedang bermain layang-layang/ budak lelaki bernama Salleh bermain layang-layang	Just 'seorang budak lelaki"
26	KEY CONCEPT: because he had a friend at school of that name [1] kerana dia ada kawan bernama Salleh di dalam kelasnya dahulu Budak lelaki bernama Salleh Dia berjumpa dengan kawan baiknya (bernama Salleh)	
27	KEY CONCEPT: five years [1] lima tahun	
28	KEY CONCEPT: parents [1] in the hotel restaurant [1] Ibu-bapanya/ ibu-bapa Maniam di restoran di hotel	ITotal : 10

[Total : 10]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0546	22

Bahagian 3

Look for signs of genuine comprehension. Usually, candidates who lift indiscriminately fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, <u>careful</u> lifting of the details required to answer the question does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. This Detailed Mark Scheme provides specific guidance but in cases not covered, see Section 2 General Marking Principles.

In this section, take into account the whole of the candidate's answer.

Latihan 1 Soalan 29-33

- 1 Mark per question for True or False
- 1 Mark for correcting False statement (30, 31, 33)

First award marks for the True/False element and then award marks for the justification of the False statements:

- (a) True/False element: all 5 statements appear on screen. Enter marks as appropriate for correct identification of each statement as True or False.
 - If neither True nor False is 'ticked' for a question, enter N/R (no response).
 - If both True and False are 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' answer), enter 0.
- **(b) Justification for False statements**: only the 3 False statements appear on screen.
 - If candidate has 'ticked' False, mark justification and enter mark
 - If True is 'ticked', award N/R (or 0 if justification IS provided do NOT reward justification if candidate has 'ticked' True)
 - If True and False are both 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' answer), award 0 (ignore any justification) (if no justification provided, award N/R)
 - If neither True nor False is 'ticked', mark justification and enter mark (no mark awarded for True/False element)

FOR ANSWERS NOT COVERED BY MARK SCHEME, ANNOTATION TOOL MAY BE USED, eg INV or BOD

READ SECTION 2: GENERAL MARKING PRINCIPLES, IN PARTICULAR 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.10

		Caml	oridge IGCSE – Ma	ıy/June 2016	0546	22
	BETUL	SALAH				
29	✓		[1]			
30		✓	[1]			
31		✓	[1]			
32	✓		[1]			
33		✓	[1]			
ACCEPT: CHECK SALAH IS TICKED REFUSE MERE AD				REFUSE MERE ADDITION	I OF NEGA	TIVE
30	He wants to see how the country solves its environmental problems [1] Dia ingin melihat cara negara ini menyelesaikan masalah alam sekitarnya.					
31	Without winning, he could not have afforded to go [1] Dia tidak mampu melawat negara ini kalau dia tidak menang.					
33	Selepas melaw	∕at negara ir	nis experience [1] ii dia akan menulis nya di Indonesia.			

Mark Scheme

Page 9

[Total : 8]

Syllabus

Paper

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0546	22

Latihan 2 Soalan 34-38

ACCEPT REFUSE

34	KEY CONCEPTS ARE: membership has increased [1] Activities have been well received [1] Jumlah ahli semakin meningkat sepanjang tahun dan kegiatan yang dijalankan mendapat sambutan baik.	
35	 ANY TWO OF: bengkel masak masakan 1Malaysia, menjemput Cef selebriti untuk memberi ceramah dan demonstrasi masak lawatan ke restoran-restoran terkenal untuk melihat cara mereka menyediakan makanan. acara MasterChef Sekolah Kemboja 	Hari Sukan Konsert (these were not organised by the society but the school in general)
36	KEY CONCEPT is: Selling food at (school) events [1] menerusi jualan makan yang dimasak oleh anggota kesatuan semasa Hari Sukan, Hari Ibu Bapa dan persembahan konsert. Menerusi jualan makanan dimasak semasa acara-acara di sekolah Menjual makanan	
37	KEY CONCEPT is: they give talks and demonstrations [1] cef jemputan (mereka) memberi ceramah dan demonstrasi	
38	KEY CONCEPT is: about culture [1] mempelajari Budaya	

[Total : 7]