# E2.10 Constructing Graphs \& Solving Equations Graphically Question Paper 

| Level | IGCSE |
| :--- | :--- |
| Subject | Maths (0580) |
| Exam Board | Cambridge International Examinations (CIE) |
| Level | Core |
| Topic | E2. Algebra and Graphs |
| Sub-Topic | E2.10 Constructing Graphs \& Solving Equations |
|  | Graphically |
| Booklet | Question Paper |

## Time Allowed: $\quad 67$ minutes

Score: /56

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

| $A^{*}$ | A | B | C | D | E | U |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $>85 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $<25 \%$ |

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1 (a) Complete the table of values for $y=8+7 x-x^{2}$.

| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 8 |  | 18 |  |  | 18 |  | 8 |  |

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y=8+7 x-x^{2}$ for $0 \leqslant x \leqslant 8$.


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(c) Write down the co-ordinates of the highest point of the curve.
$\qquad$
(d) (i) On the grid, draw the line $y=16$.
(ii) Use your line to solve the equation $8+7 x-x^{2}=16$.

$$
x=\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ o r ~ x=
$$

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2 (a) (i) Complete the table of values for $y=\frac{16}{x}, x \neq 0$.

| $x$ | -16 | -8 | -4 | -2 | -1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | -1 | -2 |  | -8 |  | 16 |  | 4 | 2 |  |

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y=\frac{16}{x}$ for $-16 \leqslant x \leqslant-1$ and $1 \leqslant x \leqslant 16$.


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(b) Write down the order of rotational symmetry of your graph.
$\qquad$
(c) One line of symmetry crosses the graph twice.
(i) Draw this line of symmetry on the grid.
(ii) Write down the equation of this line of symmetry.
(d) By drawing a suitable line on the grid, solve the equation $\frac{16}{x}=7$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
x= \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

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3 (a) Complete the table of values for $y=x^{2}-3 x-1$.

| $x$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $y$ | 9 |  | -1 |  |  |  |  |  |

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y=x^{2}-3 x-1$ for $-2 \leqslant x \leqslant 5$.


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(c) Write down the co-ordinates of the lowest point of the graph.
( ................... , ...................) [1]
(d) (i) On the grid, draw the line of symmetry of the graph.
(ii) Write down the equation of the line of symmetry of the graph.

## Save My Exams! - The Home of Revision

 For more awesome GCSE and A level resources, visit us at www.savemyexams.co.uk4 (a) (i) Complete the table of values for $y=-x^{2}+5 x$.

| $x$ | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | -6 |  | 4 |  |  | 4 | 0 |  |

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y=-x^{2}+5 x$ for $-1 \leqslant x \leqslant 6$.


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(b) Write down the co-ordinates of the highest point on the graph.
$\qquad$
(c) Use your graph to solve the equation $-x^{2}+5 x=-3$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Answer(c) } x= \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

$\qquad$ or $x=$
(d) (i) On the grid, draw the line of symmetry for the graph.
(ii) Write down the equation of the line of symmetry for the graph.

Answer(d)(ii)
(iii) The curve passes through the points $(-10,-150)$ and $(k,-150)$.

Use the symmetry of the curve to find the value of $k$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Answer(d)(iii)} k= \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

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5

(a) On the grid,
(i) draw the line $y=3$,
(ii) draw the line that is perpendicular to the line $y=3$ that passes through the point $(1,-4)$.
(b) Complete the table of values for $y=2-3 x-x^{2}$.

| $x$ | -5 | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ |  | -2 | 2 |  |  | 2 | -2 |  |

(c) On the grid, draw the graph of $y=2-3 x-x^{2}$ for $-5 \leqslant x \leqslant 2$.
(d) Write down the co-ordinates of the highest point of the graph of $y=2-3 x-x^{2}$.
$\qquad$
(e) Use your graphs to solve the equation $2-3 x-x^{2}=3$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
x= \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

$\qquad$ or $x=$

