E3.6 Angles (Circles, Quadrilaterals, Polygons and Triangles)

Question Paper

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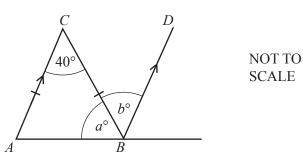
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- 1 Write down the mathematical name for
 - (a) an angle that is less than 90° ,
 - (b) a five-sided polygon.

.....[1]

.....[1]

2



Triangle ABC is isosceles and AC is parallel to BD.

Find the value of *a* and the value of *b*.

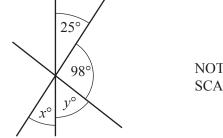
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3 A regular polygon has an interior angle of 172°.

Find the number of sides of this polygon.

......[3]

4 (a)



NOT TO SCALE

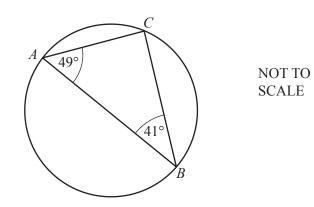
The diagram shows three straight lines crossing at a point.

Find the value of *x*. (i)

(ii) Work out the value of y.

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(b)

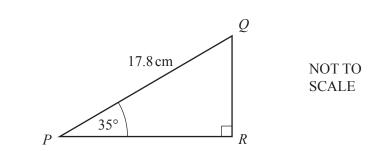


A, B and C are points on the circumference of a circle.

Explain why *AB* must be a diameter of the circle.

......[2]

15

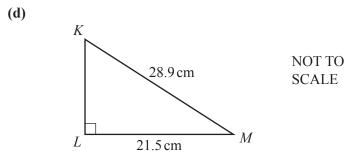


PQR is a right-angled triangle.

Use trigonometry to calculate PR.

PR = cm [2]

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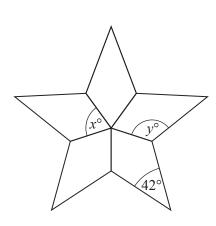


KLM is a right-angled triangle.

Calculate *KL*.



5



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The diagram is made from 5 congruent kites.

Work out the value of

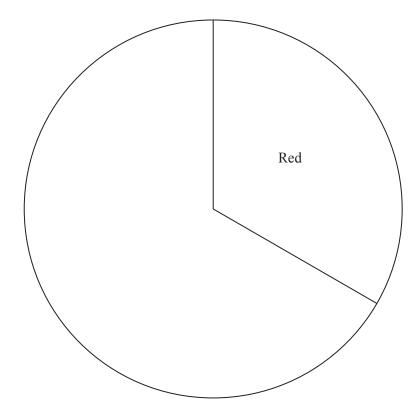
(a) *x*,

(b) *y*.

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6 45 members of an athletics club were asked to choose a colour for their club vests. The choices were red, blue and green.

The pie chart shows the sector for the number of members who chose red.



(a) (i) Measure the sector angle for red.

......[1]

(ii) Calculate the number of members who chose red.

......[2]

(b) 24 members chose blue.

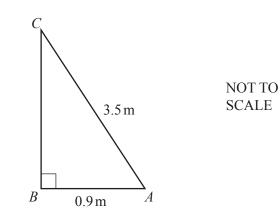
Calculate the sector angle for blue.

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- (c) Complete the pie chart.
- (d) What colour should the athletics club choose for their club vests? Give a reason for your answer. [1]

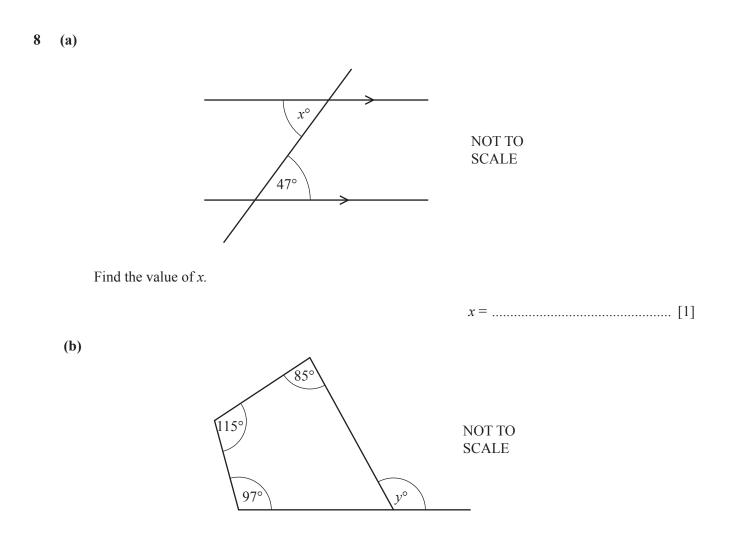


7



Calculate angle BAC.

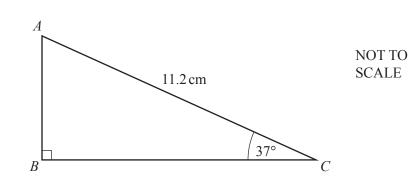
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Find the value of *y*.

y =[2]

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Calculate *AB*.

9

Answer AB = cm [2]