

Cambridge IGCSE™ (9-1)

MATHEMATICS		0980/11
Paper 1 (Core)	Octob	oer/November 2023
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 56		
	Published	

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2023 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Mathematics-Specific Marking Principles

- 1 Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
- 2 Unless specified in the question, non-integer answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
- 3 Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
- 4 Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
- Where a candidate has misread a number or sign in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 A or B mark for the misread.
- 6 Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

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Abbreviations

cao – correct answer only

dep – dependent

FT – follow through after error

isw – ignore subsequent working

oe – or equivalent

SC – Special Case

nfww – not from wrong working

 $soi-seen\ or\ implied$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	Obtuse	1	
2	1000 or 8000	1	
3(a)	5	1	
3(b)	90	1	
4	18	1	
5	1984	1	
6(a)	8 10 15 16 17	3	B1 for 8 as lowest and 17 as highest B1 for 15 as the median of <i>their</i> integers
			B1 for two other integers such that the total of all 5 of <i>their</i> integers is 66 and there are no repeated integers.
6(b)	32	3	$\mathbf{M1}$ for 4×17 soi $\mathbf{M1}$ for 5×20 soi
7	15 05 or 3 05 pm	2	B1 for 15 05 or 3 05 pm incorrectly expressed or for 11 15 or 18 35 oe seen or M1 for [14 45 +] 3[h] 50 – 3[h] 30 oe
8	98	2	M1 for $x + 41 + 41 = 180$ oe or better
9(a)	27	1	
9(b)	15	1	
9(c)	25	1	
10	83	2	B1 for 45 marked in a correct place on diagram or 52 in the correct place on line <i>CD</i> or indicates the angle $(52 + x)$ is equal to 135 or M1 for $135 - 52$ or $180 - 45 - 52$ oe

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Question	Answer			Marks	Partial Marks
11	0.037 cao			1	
12	Fruit	Cost per kg	Cost	3	B1 for 7.52
	Oranges	[\$2.35]	\$7.52		B1 for 6.02 or B1FT for 13.54 – <i>their</i> 7.52 correctly
	Bananas	\$2.15	\$6.02		evaluated provided <i>their</i> 7.52 < 13.54
					B1FT for <i>their</i> 6.02 ÷ 2.8 correctly evaluated
13(a)	4800			1	
13(b)	Point plotte (54 000, 61			1	
13(c)	Positive			1	
14	7m(6k-5) final answer			2	B1 for $7(6mk - 5m)$ or $m(42k - 35)$ as final answer or $7m(6k - 5)$ seen and then spoiled
15	14		2	B1 for answer 2 or 7	
					or M1 for 2×7 as final answer or $[140 =] 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 7$ oe and $[126 =] 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$ oe or 2 correct factor trees or tables
16(a)	n^6 final answer			1	
16(b)	$4x^4$ final a	answer		2	B1 for kx^4 or $4x^h$ final answer or for correct answer seen then spoiled
17	9.39 nfwv or 9.388 to			2	M1 for $\frac{59}{2 \times \pi}$ or $59 \div 2\pi$ oe
18	$\frac{40+20}{4-1}$			M1	
	20			A1	If M0 scored, SC1 for three of 40, 20, 4 and 1 or for all correct but with trailing zeros e.g. 40.0

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
19	3.5 nfww	3	M2 for $\frac{6000 \times 4 \times r}{[100]} = 6840 - 6000$ oe or
			better
			or M1 for $\frac{6840 - 6000}{4}$ seen
			or $\frac{6000 \times 4 \times r}{[100]}$ seen
20	66	2	$\mathbf{M1} \text{ for } \frac{14+8}{2} \times 6$
21(a)(i)	4.5×10^4 cao	1	
21(a)(ii)	6.3×10^{-3} cao	1	
21(b)	1.23×10^5 cao	2	B1 for 123 000 oe seen
22	286.5 287.5 cao	2	B1 for one correct in correct place or both correct but reversed
23	$\frac{8400}{57000}$ oe	1	
24(a)	1 200 000	1	
24(b)	$\frac{1200 \times 60}{1000} \qquad \frac{80 \times 1000}{60}$	M1	
	72 1333[.3]	A1	If M0 scored, SC1 for [speed =] 72 or 1333[.3]
25	157 to 157.1 nfww	2	M1 for $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right] \times \pi \times 10^2$ oe

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