

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS (US)

Paper 2 SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME 0459/02 For Examination from 2013

2 hours

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

This document consists of 9 printed pages and 1 blank page.

Mark Scheme Notes

- Marks are of the following three types:
- www.papacambridge.com Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost Μ for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark, and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
 - А Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
 - В Accuracy mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- ft implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
- Note. B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0. B2, 1, 0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2. -1 each error. A mark is deducted from the total mark available up to the maximum mark available for that question. The minimum mark awarded is zero e.g., if a candidate makes 3 errors in a question worth 2 marks they score zero.
- The following abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme.
 - AG 'Answer given' on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid).
 - 'Correct answer only' (emphasizing that no "follow through" from a previous error is cao allowed).
 - 'Ignore subsequent working'. isw
 - 'Or equivalent'. oe
 - 'Special case'. Awarded for some questions where e.g., the candidate has not used the \mathbf{sc} method specified but a different, correct, method leading to the correct answer.
 - soi 'Seen or implied'.

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	$\frac{x+1}{x^2-3x^3+x^2+4x+6}$		oriag
	$\frac{x^{3} - 3x}{x^{2} + 7x + 6}$ $\frac{x^{2} - 3}{x^{2} - 3}$	M1	for getting as far as $x^2 + 7x$ or for a reasonable attempt at a valid method
	7x + 9 a = 1, b = 7, c = 9	A2, 1, 0 [3]	-1 each error
2	$\overrightarrow{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} 9\\20 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 6\\7 \end{pmatrix}$	M1	
	$\overrightarrow{QR} = \begin{pmatrix} 12\\52 \end{pmatrix}$	A1	
	$\overrightarrow{OR} = \begin{pmatrix} 21\\72 \end{pmatrix}$	B1ft	
	$\left \overrightarrow{OR}\right = \sqrt{21^2 + 72^2} = 75$	M1	
	Unit vector = $\frac{1}{75} \begin{pmatrix} 21\\72 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	A1	$\begin{pmatrix} 21/_{75} \\ 72/_{75} \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \begin{pmatrix} 7/_{25} \\ 24/_{25} \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \begin{pmatrix} 0.28 \\ 0.96 \end{pmatrix}$
		[5]	
3	$\frac{(3-x)^{\frac{-2}{3}} + (3-x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\frac{1}{2}}$	B1	soi
	$(3-x)^3$ $(3-x)^{-1}+1$	B1+B1	
	their $(3-x)^{-1} = \frac{2}{3} - 1$ or better	M1	
	6	A1 [5]	

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	Γ	4	- Patter
4	$f(3) = \frac{1}{2}f(2) + f(1)$	B1	soi
	$28.5 = \frac{1}{2} \times 17 + f(1)$	M1	10
	b = 20	A1	
	$17 = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{their } 20 + \text{f}(0)$	M1	
	a = 7	A1	
		[5]	
5 (a) (i)	Accuracy of plots	B2, 1, 0	-1 each error, allow tolerance ± 1 mm
(ii)	$\overline{o} = 26$ $\overline{w} = 55$	B1 + B1	
	Reasonable line of best fit through their $(26, 55)$	D1 &	
	Linear equation with reasonable slope	B1 ft	
(iii)	Approximately 27	B1ft	ft their line provided line reasonable
()		[7]	
6 (a)	Express as powers of 2 or 4 or 8	M1	
	Applies rules of indices 7	DM1 A1	[2x - (5 - x) = 4x - 3(x - 3)]
(b)	$lg(2y + 10) + lg y = lg \{y(2y + 10)\}$ or 2 = lg 100	B1	
	$2y^2 + 10y = 100$ oe	B1	
	5 only	B1	
		נסן	

	5	;	Man Dab	
7	Either (300 240), $\begin{pmatrix} 0.6 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\ 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$		The order of writing down is not important for B2, pro- matrices they have written down are conformable if the written in the correct order.	1800
	or $(5 \ 7 \ 10), \begin{pmatrix} 0.6 \ 0.5 \\ 0.3 \ 0.4 \\ 0.1 \ 0.1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 300 \\ 240 \end{pmatrix}$	B2, 1, 0	-1 each incorrect matrix.	S.CO.
	First product, either $(300 \ 240) \begin{pmatrix} 0.6 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\ 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \begin{pmatrix} 0.6 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\ 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } (5 \ 7 \ 10 \end{pmatrix}$			
	$10) \begin{pmatrix} 0.6 & 0.5 \\ 0.3 & 0.4 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \begin{pmatrix} 0.6 & 0.5 \\ 0.3 & 0.4 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 300 \\ 240 \end{pmatrix}$	M1	selection of pair of matrices conformable for multiplication and an attempt to multiply	
	(300 186 54) or $\begin{pmatrix} 6.1 \\ 6.3 \end{pmatrix}$ or (6.1 6.3) or $\begin{pmatrix} 300 \\ 186 \\ 54 \end{pmatrix}$	A1		
	Second product, either $(300 186 54) \begin{pmatrix} 5\\7\\10 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } (300 240) \begin{pmatrix} 6.1\\6.3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or }$			
	$(6.1 6.3) \begin{pmatrix} 300 \\ 240 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } (5 7 10) \begin{pmatrix} 300 \\ 186 \\ 54 \end{pmatrix}$	M1	selection of their first product and remaining matrix, conformable for multiplication and an attempt to multiply	
	3342	A1 [6]	if M0 then SC2 for correct arithmetic method leading to 3342	

www.papaCambridge.com 6 $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8} - \cos A \sin B$ 8 (i) **M1** $\frac{1}{4}$ oe A1 $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{5}{8} + \text{their} \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{7}{8} \end{vmatrix}$ (ii) **M1** A1 $\sin A$ or $\cos A = \text{their} \frac{1}{4\sin B}$ and $\sin A = \frac{5}{8\cos B}$ and an attempt at $\frac{\tan A}{\tan B} = \frac{\sin A}{\cos A}$ **M1** (iii) $\frac{\sin B}{\cos B}$ $\frac{\sin A}{\cos A}$ oe $=\frac{\sin A \cos B}{\cos A \sin B}$ or $\tan A = \frac{5}{8\cos B} \times 4\sin B$ oe A1 $=\frac{\frac{5}{8}}{1} = 2.5$ or $\tan A = \frac{5}{2} \tan B$ therefore $\frac{\tan A}{\tan B} = \frac{5}{2}$ oe A1 $\frac{1}{4}$ [7] 9 (i) & (ii) For correctly standardizing once in either (i) or (ii) **M1** $z = \frac{27 - 24}{4}$ or $z = \frac{20 - 24}{4}$ or $z = \frac{25 - 24}{4}$ 0.2266 A1 0.5987 A1 0.1587 A1 0.5987 - 0.1587 oe **M1** A1 0.44 [6]



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11	(i)	Amplitude 4, Period 180	B1 + B1	Cam
	(ii)	x = 90, y = -6 oe	B1 + B1	01
	(iii)	$2x = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{4}\right)$ or better	M1	
		$ \begin{array}{l} x = 30 \\ x = 150 \end{array} $	A1 A1	
	(iv)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B2 , 1, 0	2 and -6 marked on the <i>y</i> -axis 30 and 150 marked on the <i>x</i> -axis correct shape between 0 and 180 ignore any extra sections outside 0 to 180.
	(v)	Section between $(x =)$ 30 and 150 reflected in <i>x</i> -axis oe	B1 [10]	any portion of the graph below the <i>x</i> - axis will be reflected above.

[9		Anny Papac	
12 (a)	$x = -1$ or 7 or $-\frac{1}{2}$ seen	M1	for attempt to find a root	
	Either $(x + 1)(2x^2 - 13x - 7)$ or $(x - 7)(2x^2 + 3x + 1)$ or $(2x + 1)(x^2 - 6x - 7)$	M1 A1 M1	for attempt to find quadratic factor for correct quadratic factor for attempt to factorize their quadratic factor	Age com
	leading to $(x + 1)(x - 7)(2x + 1)$	A1	for correct factorization Must be 3 term	
(b)	Find $f(2)$ or $f(-3)$	M1	or long division as far as remainder	
	8 + 4a - 50 + b = 0 or $4a + b = 22$ -27 + 9a + 45 + b = 75	A1		
	or $9a + b = 57$	A1		
	Solve simultaneous equations $a = 7, b = -6$	M1 A1 [10]		
		[80]		



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