

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTER NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
MATHEMATIC	CS (US)	0444/41
Paper 4 (Extend	ded)	May/June 2021
		2 hours 30 minutes
You must answe	er on the question paper.	

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

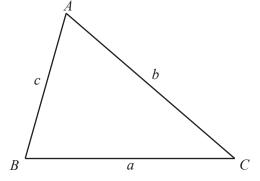
- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, center number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary work clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in parentheses [].

Formula List

For the equation	$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
Lateral surface area, A, of cylinder	of radius <i>r</i> , height <i>h</i> .	$A=2\pi rh$
Lateral surface area, A, of cone of a	radius <i>r</i> , sloping edge <i>l</i> .	$A = \pi r l$
Surface area, A, of sphere of radius	s <i>r</i> .	$A = 4\pi r^2$
Volume, V , of pyramid, base area A	1, height <i>h</i> .	$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
Volume, V , of cone of radius r , height	ght <i>h</i> .	$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
Volume, V , of sphere of radius r .		$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
4		



$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$
$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$
Area = $\frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$

0444/41/M/J/21

- 1 (a) The total cost of a taxi journey is calculated as
 - \$0.50 per kilometer

plus

.

- \$0.40 per minute.
- (i) Calculate the total cost of a journey of 32 km that takes 30 minutes.

\$.....[2]

(ii) The total cost of a journey of 100 km is \$98.

Show that the time taken is 2 hours.

[3]

(b) Three taxi drivers travel a total of 8190 km in the ratio 5:2:7.

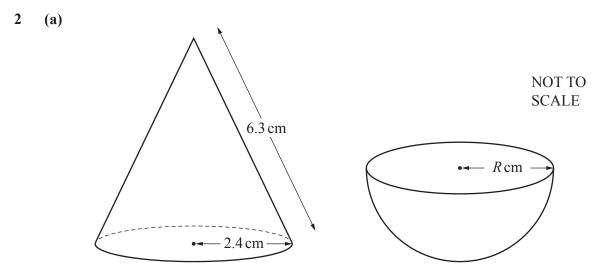
Calculate the distance each driver travels.

Driver 1	 km	
Driver 2	 km	
Driver 3	 km	[3]

(c) After midnight, the cost of any taxi journey increases by 45%. One journey costs \$84.10 after midnight.

Calculate the cost of the same journey before midnight.

\$.....[2]



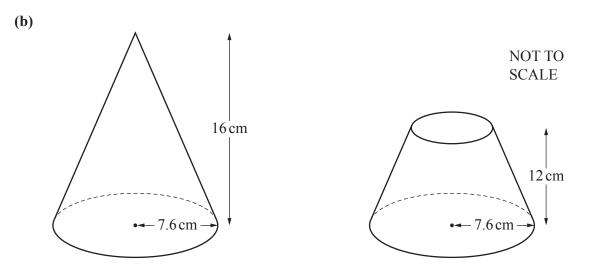
The diagram shows a solid cone and a solid hemisphere.

The cone has radius 2.4 cm and slant height 6.3 cm.

The hemisphere has radius $R \,\mathrm{cm}$.

The total surface area of the cone is equal to the total surface area of the hemisphere.

Calculate the value of *R*.



The diagram shows a solid cone with radius 7.6 cm and height 16 cm. A cut is made parallel to the base of the cone and the top section is removed. The remaining solid has height 12 cm, as shown in the diagram.

Calculate the volume of the remaining solid.

..... cm³ [4]

- 3 (a) The exchange rate is 1 euro = \$1.142.
 - (i) Johann changes \$500 into euros.

Calculate the number of euros Johann receives. Give your answer correct to the nearest euro.

..... euros [2]

(ii) Johann buys a computer for \$329. The same computer costs 275 euros.

Calculate the difference in cost in dollars.

\$.....[2]

(b) Lucy spends $\frac{3}{8}$ of the money she has saved this month on a book that costs \$5.25.

Calculate how much money Lucy has saved this month.

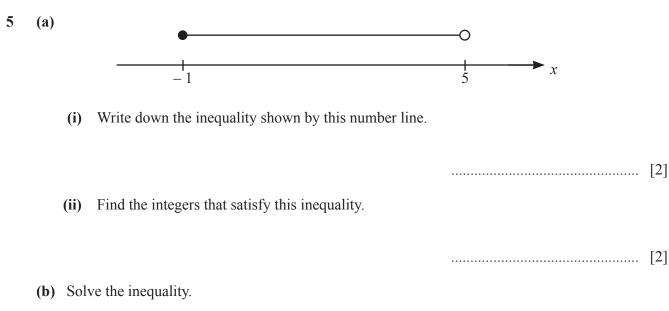
\$.....[2]

(c) Kamal invests \$6130 at a rate of r% per year compound interest. The value of his investment at the end of 5 years is \$6669.

Calculate the value of *r*.

4	(a)	(i)	Write 0.00307 in scientific notation.	
		(ii)	Work out $7.8 \times 10^{200} + 7.8 \times 10^{201}$, giving your answer in scientific notation.	1]
	(b)	Fin	d the least common multiple (LCM) of 48 and 90.	2]
	(c)	Exp	band and simplify. $(a\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{2})^2$	2]
	(d)	Sirr You	nplify $\sqrt{175} + \sqrt{700}$. a must show all your work.	3]
			[2	2]

[Turn over



8

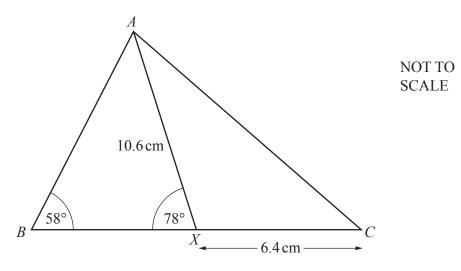
 $\frac{3x-2}{4} > 2x$

......[2]

y 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 x

On the grid, find and label the region, R, bounded by the following inequalities.

 $x \leqslant 5 \qquad y \ge 1 \qquad y \leqslant x \qquad x+y \ge 5$ [5]



The diagram shows triangle *ABC*. *X* is a point on *BC*. AX = 10.6 cm, XC = 6.4 cm, angle $ABC = 58^{\circ}$, and angle $AXB = 78^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate AC.

6

AC = cm [4]

(b) Calculate *BX*.

(c) Calculate the area of triangle *ABC*.

	1
cm^2 [3]	

7 (a) Factor. 3x - 1 - y + 3xy

(b) Simplify.

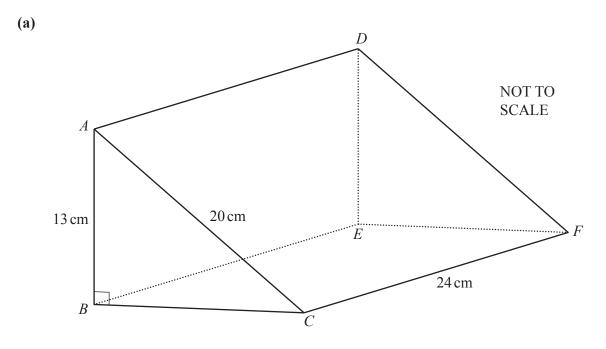
$$\frac{x^2-25}{x^2-x-20}$$

.....[3]

(c) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{x+5}{x} + \frac{x+8}{x-1}$$

.....[3]



11

The diagram shows a prism, *ABCDEF*. $AB = 13 \text{ cm}, AC = 20 \text{ cm}, CF = 24 \text{ cm}, \text{ and angle } ABC = 90^{\circ}.$

(i) Calculate the total surface area of the prism.

(ii) Calculate the volume of the prism.

..... cm³ [1]

(b) A sector of a circle with radius 6 cm has a sector angle of 50° .

Calculate the perimeter of the sector.

..... cm [3]

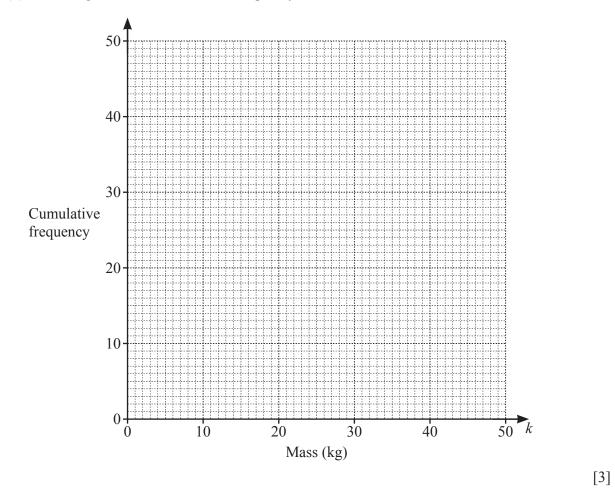
9 (a) The table shows information about the mass, in kilograms, of each of 50 children.

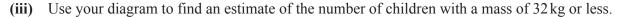
N	Aass (kkg)	$0 < k \le 10$	$10 \le k \le 25$	$25 < k \leq 35$	$35 < k \leq 40$	$40 < k \le 50$
F	requency	3	19	21	5	2

(i) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

Mass (kkg)	$k \leq 10$	<i>k</i> ≤ 25	<i>k</i> ≤ 35	$k \leq 40$	$k \leq 50$
Cumulative frequency					

(ii) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency curve to show this information.



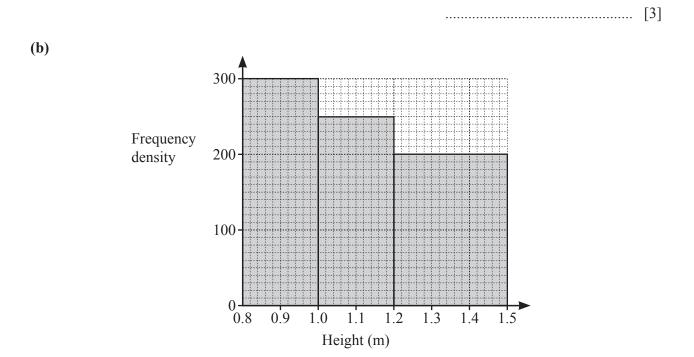


[2]

(iv) Two of the 50 children are chosen at random.

Find the probability that one child has a mass of 25 kg or less and the other child has a mass of more than 25 kg.

Give your answer correct to 3 decimal places.

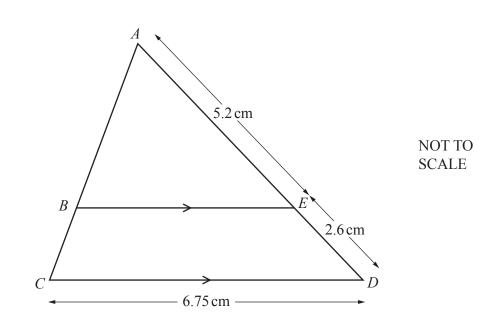


The histogram shows information about the heights, in meters, of 170 children. Calculate an estimate of the mean height.

..... m [5]

[Turn over





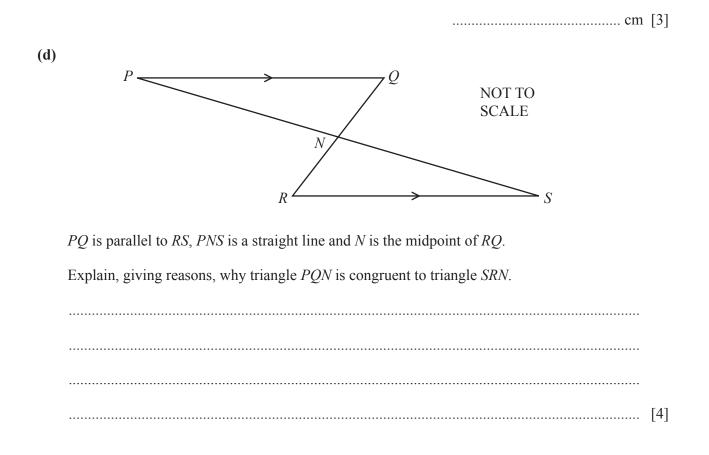
In triangle ACD, B lies on AC and E lies on AD such that BE is parallel to CD. AE = 5.2 cm and ED = 2.6 cm.

Calculate BE.

(b)

(c) Two solids are mathematically similar. The smaller solid has height 2 cm and volume 32 cm³. The larger solid has volume 780 cm³.

Calculate the height of the larger solid.



16

11		$\mathbf{f}(x) = 3 - 2x$	$g(x) = x^2 + 5$	$h(x) = x^3$	$\mathbf{j}(x) = 3^x$	
	(a)	Find $f(5)$.				
	(b)	Find $f(j(5))$.				[1]
	(c)	Find f(f(<i>x</i>)). Give your answer in it	s simplest form.			[2]

.....[2]

(d) Solve g(x) = f(x) + 7. Give your answers in the form $p \pm q\sqrt{6}$.

.....[4]

(e) (i) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots$$
 [2]

(ii) Find $h^{-1}(x)$.

 $h^{-1}(x) = \dots$ [1]

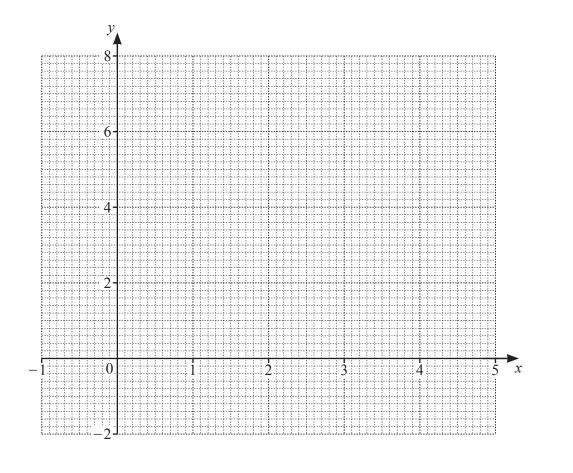
(f) Find x when $j^{-1}(x) = -2$.

12 The table shows some values of $y = 3 + 4x - x^2$ for $-1 \le x \le 5$.

x	-1	-0.5	0	1	2	3	4	4.5	5
У	-2			6		6			-2

(a) Complete the table.

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 3 + 4x - x^2$ for $-1 \le x \le 5$.



(c) Write down an integer value of k for which the equation $3+4x-x^2 = k$ has no solutions.

......[1]

[3]

[4]

- (d) By drawing a suitable tangent, estimate the slope of the curve when x = 3.
 -[2]

(e) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid, solve the equation $-1 + \frac{9}{2}x - x^2 = 0$.

 $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [4]

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