UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS



Paper 3 (Core)

0580/03 0581/03

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
Additional Materials: Electronic calculator

Geometrical instruments

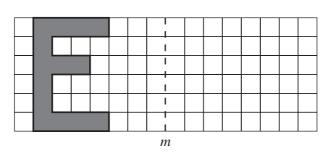
October/November 2005

Mathematical tables (optional)

Tracing paper (optional) 2 hours

| Candidate Name | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---|---------|---------|--------|--|
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| Centre Number | | | | | | Candidate Number | | | | |
| T CONTROL | | | | | | | | | | |
| READ THESE | INSTR | RUCTI | ONS | FIRS | Γ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | er and name on all the work you have | lin | | | |
| - | | | | | | er and name on all the work you hand provided on the Question Paper. | ג ווו. | | | |
| You may use a | | | | | | | | | | |
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| A | | | | | | | | | | |
| Answer all que | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | - | • | | | be shown below that question. | | | | |
| The number of | marks | is giv | en in | brack | ets[] | at the end of each question or part | | | | |
| | | | | | | | For Exa | miner's | Use | |
| The total numb | er of m | narks | for thi | s pape | er is 1 | 04. | | | | |
| Electronic calculators should be used. | | | | | | | | | | |
| If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is | | | | | | | | | | |
| not exact, give | the an | swer | to thre | e sigr | nifican | t figures. Given answers | | | | |
| in degrees to o | in degrees to one decimal place. | | | | | | | | | |
| For π , use either | er your | · calcu | ulator | value | or 3.1 | 42. | | | | |

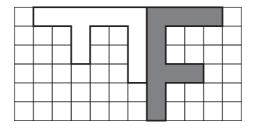
1 (a) Draw accurately the reflection of the letter E in the mirror line m.



[2]

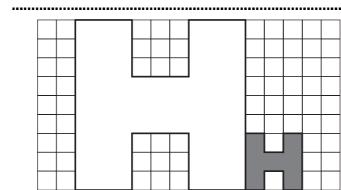
(b) Each diagram below shows a shaded letter and its image.
In each case describe fully the single transformation which maps the **shaded** figure onto its image.
Mark and label any points you need in your descriptions.

(i)



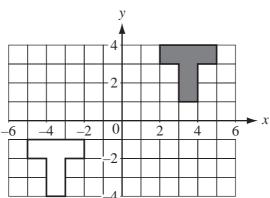
Answer(b)(i) [3]

(ii)



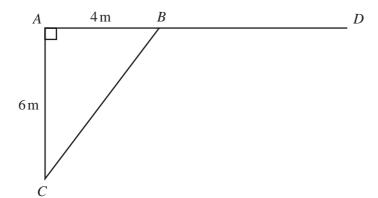
Answer(b)(ii) [3]

(iii)



Answer(b)(iii) ______[3

In the diagram below ABD is a straight line. AB = 4 m and AC = 6 m. Angle $BAC = 90^{\circ}$.



NOT TO SCALE

(a) (i) Use trigonometry to calculate angle ABC.

$$Answer(a)$$
(i) Angle $ABC =$ [2]

(ii) Find angle CBD.

$$Answer(a)$$
(ii) Angle $CBD =$ [1]

(b) Calculate the length of *BC*.

(c) Work out the perimeter and area of triangle *ABC*. Give the correct units for each.

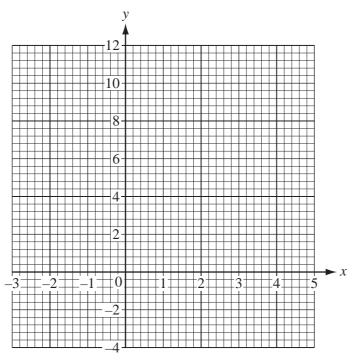
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(a) (i) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$. 3

| х | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|----|----|----|---|----|----|---|---|---|
| у | 12 | | 0 | | -4 | -3 | 0 | 5 | |

[3]

(ii) Draw the graph of $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$ on the grid below.



[4]

(iii) Use your graph to find the solutions to $x^2 - 2x - 3 = -1$. Give your answers to 1 decimal place.

(b) (i) Complete the table of values for the equation $y = \frac{2}{x}$.

| х | 0.25 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|------|-----|---|---|-----|-----|-----|
| У | | 4 | | 1 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 |

[1]

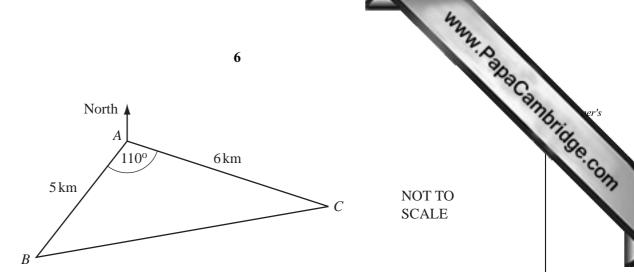
(ii) On the same grid draw the graph of
$$y = \frac{2}{x}$$
 for $0.25 \le x \le 5$. [3]

(iii) Write down the x co-ordinate of the point of intersection of your two graphs.

$$Answer(b)(iii) x =$$
 [1]

| | | | | | The state of | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|------------|---------------------|----------|
| | | 5 | | | eks. 6 10 | Day. |
| ane records the number of | telephone cal | ls she receive | es each day | for two we | eks. | AGC . |
| 5 6 1 | 0 0 15 | 6 12 2 | 13 16 | 0 16 | 6 10 | 13 |
| a) Calculate the mean. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Answe | er(a) | | | [3] |
|) Find the median. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Answe | er(b) | | | [2] |
| c) Write down the mode. | | | | | | |
| | | Answe | er(c) | | | [1] |
| d) Complete the frequence | y table below | | | | | |
| Number of calls | 0 – 4 | 5 – 9 | 10 – 14 | 15 – 1 | 9 | |
| Frequency | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | [2] |
| e) Find the probability that | at Jane receiv | es | | | | |
| (i) ten or more calls, | | | | | | |
| | | Answe | <i>er(e)</i> (i) | | | [1] |
| (ii) less than five calls | S. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Estimate the number of | f days in the r | next six week | s that Jane o | an expect | to receive $10 - 1$ | 4 calls. |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Answe | er(f)_ | | | davs [2] |

5



In triangle ABC, AB = 5 km, AC = 6 km and angle $BAC = 110^{\circ}$.

The bearing of C from A is 100° .

(a) Make a scale drawing of the triangle ABC. Use a scale of 1 centimetre to represent 1 kilometre. Start at the point A marked below, where a North line has been drawn.

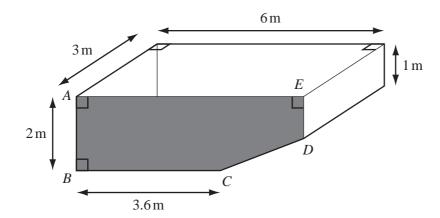


| - ag | SC. |
|------|-----------|
| • | TABA er's |
| | [1] 86 |

| (b) | Me | easure and write down | | d |
|-----|--------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | (i) | | (nowarch)(i) Angle APC - | [1] |
| | | A | $nswer(b)(i)$ Angle $ABC = \dots$ | [1] |
| | (ii) | the bearing of B from C . | | |
| | | A | nswer(b)(ii) | [1] |
| (c) | Fine | and the distance in kilometres between B as | nd C. | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | A | nswer(c) | km [1] |
| (d) | A w | well is 4 kilometres from A and 5 kilomet | cres from C. | |
| | (i) | Use your compasses to find two possib | le positions for the well. | |
| | | Label the two positions P and Q . | | [3] |
| | (**) | TTI 11: 1 4 (1:1 + C | D | |
| | (ii) | The well is less than 6 kilometres from Use a measurement from your drawing | | ement. |
| | A | Answer(d)(ii) The well is at position | and is | kilometres from <i>B</i> . [2] |

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The diagram shows a swimming pool with cross-section ABCDE. 6 The pool is 6 metres long and 3 metres wide. $AB = 2 \,\text{m}$, $ED = 1 \,\text{m}$ and $BC = 3.6 \,\text{m}$.



SCALE

(a) (i) Calculate the area of the cross-section ABCDE. Show your working.

 $Answer(a)(i) \qquad m^2[4]$

(ii) Calculate the volume of the water in the pool when it is full. Give your answer in litres. [1 cubic metre is 1000 litres.]

Answer(a)(ii) litres [2]

(iii) One litre of water evaporates every hour for each square metre of the water surface. How many litres of water will evaporate in 2 hours?

Answer(a)(iii) litres [2]

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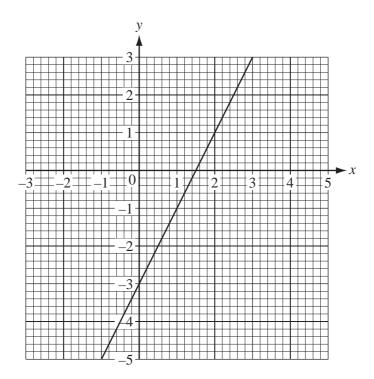
(b) Another pool holds 61 500 litres of water.

Jon uses a hosepipe to fill this pool.

Water flows through the hosepipe at 1000 litres per hour.

(i) Calculate how long it takes to fill the pool. Give your answer in hours and minutes.

| | A | nswer(b)(i) | hours minutes | [2] |
|-------|--|------------------------|---------------|-----|
| (ii) | Change 61 500 litres to gallons. [4.55 litres = 1 gallon.] | | | |
| (iii) | | .5 litres of purifier. | gallons | [1] |
| (iv) | | | litres | [2] |
| | A | nswer(b)(iv) | | [1] |



The simultaneous equations 2x - y = 3 and x + y = 2 can be solved graphically.

(i) Which of these equations is shown by the line on the grid above?

$$Answer(a)(i) \qquad [1]$$

(ii) Find the gradient of the line on the grid.

(iii) Complete the table below for the other equation.

| х | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|----|---|---|---|---|
| у | | | | | |

[2]

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(iv) Draw this line on the grid above.

[1]

(v) Use your graphs to write down the solution to the two equations.

Give your values correct to 1 decimal place.

$$Answer(a)(v) x =$$

$$y =$$
 [3]

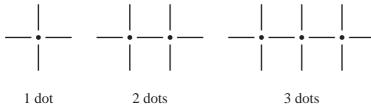
(b) Use algebra to solve the following simultaneous equations exactly. Show all your working.

$$2x - y = 3,$$
$$x + y = 2.$$

Answer(b) x =

$$y =$$
 [4]

8 The diagram below shows a sequence of patterns made from dots and lines.



1 dot

3 dots

4 dots

(a) Draw the next pattern in the sequence in the space above.

[1]

(b) Complete the table for the numbers of dots and lines.

| Dots | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-------|---|---|----|---|---|---|
| Lines | 4 | 7 | 10 | | | |

[2]

(c) How many lines are in the pattern with 99 dots?

Answer(c) [2]

(d) How many lines are in the pattern with *n* dots?

Answer(d)

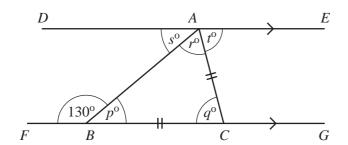
(e) Complete the following statement.

There are 85 lines in the pattern with [2] 9 (a) Calculate the size of one exterior angle of a regular heptagon (seven-sided polygon). Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

neptagon (seven-sided polygon).

Answer(a) [3]

(b)



NOT TO SCALE

In the diagram above, DAE and FBCG are parallel lines. AC = BC and angle $FBA = 130^{\circ}$.

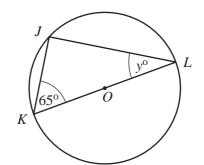
(i) What is the special name given to triangle ABC?

(ii) Work out the values of p, q, r, s and t.

Answer (b)(ii)
$$p = q = r = s = t = [5]$$

(c)

J, K and L lie on a circle centre O. KOL is a straight line and angle $JKL = 65^{\circ}$. Find the value of y.



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$$Answer(c) y = [2]$$

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