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## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 0581 MATHEMATICS

0581/22

Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

				Syllabus O581		
Р	Page 2	M	ark Scheme	Syllabus	.0	
	_	IGCSE – Oc	tober/November 2012	0581	132	
<b>Abbre</b> cao	viations correct ansv	ver only			Cambridge Com	
cso	correct solu	•			8	
dep	dependent	,			S. C.	
ft	follow through after error				On	
isw	ignore subse	equent working			7	
oe	or equivaler	ıt				
SC	Special Case	2				
	*41 4	1 '				

## **Abbreviations**

without wrong working www

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	(a) 8000 cao	1	
	<b>(b)</b> 0.08 cao	1	
2	1.4 cao	2	M1 1.44() or 1.45
3	3 118.75 or 1184 cao	2	<b>M1</b> $3(20)^2 + 8(20)(-5) + 3(-5)^2$ or better
4	60	2	<b>M1</b> 360 ÷ 6
5	96	2	M1 $72 / 0.75$ oe or M1 $0.75x = 72$ oe
6	(a) 4	1	
	<b>(b)</b> 2	1	
	(c) 1 cao	1	
7	$2.119 \times 10^8$ cao	3	M1 81500 oe M1 their LB × 2600
8	113000 or 112795 to 112840	3	<b>B1</b> for 85000 <b>M1</b> for $\pi \times 0.65^2 \times \text{figs } 85$
9	(a) 5 30 pm	1	
	<b>(b)</b> 67	2	M1 for 10h45min and 3h 15min oe seen
10	$3.4 \text{ or } \frac{3\frac{2}{5}}{5}$	3	$\mathbf{M1} \ 22 - 6x$ $\mathbf{M1} \ 4x + 6x = 22 + 12$
11	11, 13, 17, 19, 23	3	<b>B2</b> 3 or 4 correct or <b>B1</b> 2 correct If <b>B0</b> then <b>M1</b> for <i>x</i> > 10.5 and <b>M1</b> for <i>x</i> < 26.5 or <b>M1</b> for 10.5 and 26.5 seen
12	12 by 30 by 42	3	<b>B1</b> for $10 \times 25 \times 35$ or $8750$ <b>M1</b> $\sqrt[3]{\frac{15120}{8750}}$ (= 1.2)

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	Г		- Si
13	686	3	M1 $m = k L^3$ A1 $k = 2$ B2 $p = \frac{9}{64}$ and $q = \frac{1}{4}$ or B1 $p = \frac{3}{9}$ $q \neq \frac{1}{2}$
14	(a) $p = \frac{3}{8}$ $q = \frac{1}{2}$	2	64 4 8 2
	<b>(b)</b> k = 6	2	M1 for a correct statement for k e.g. $\frac{5^{-3} + 5^{-4}}{5^{-4}}$ or for
			the factorisation $5^{-4} (5 + 1) = k \times 5^{-4}$ or
			$\frac{1}{625}(5+1) = \frac{k}{625}$
15	(a) 3	1	
	<b>(b)</b> 637.5	3	M1 finding area under graph M1dep all correct area statements
16	(a) Points plotted correctly	2	<b>B1</b> 6 or 7 points correct
	(b) Positive	1	
	(c) Line of best fit ruled	1	
17	(a) Shear x axis invariant sf 3	3	<b>B1</b> shear <b>B1</b> x axis invariant oe <b>B1</b> 3
	$(\mathbf{b})  \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$	2	$\mathbf{M1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix}  \mathbf{k} \neq 0 \text{ or } \mathbf{k} \neq 1$
18	trapezium at (-2, -1),( -4, -1), (-4, -2), ( -3, -2) www	5	SC4 for correct co-ordinates or vectors or matrix seen with no diagram or with an incorrect diagram.  SC3 for correct diagram with wrong working or one other incorrect trapezium which is not part of a correct method.  If 0 then B2 for $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ or  M1ft "BA" $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -4 & -4 & -3 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ A1ft
19	(a) 5	2	<b>M1</b> $f(2) = seen$
	<b>(b)</b> $3x^2 + 1$	3	<b>M1</b> $9x^2 + 1$ <b>M1</b> (" $9x^2 + 1$ " + 2)/3 seen
	(c) $3x-2$	2	<b>M1</b> for $3y = x + 2$ or $x = \frac{y+2}{3}$
20	<b>(a)</b> 10	2	<b>M1</b> $x = -4$ and $x = 6$ seen
	<b>(b)</b> $y = -4x + 5$ oe	2	<b>B1</b> $y = mx + 5 \ (m \neq 0) \text{ or } y = -4x + k \ (k \neq 0)$
	<b>(b)</b> $y = -4x + 5$ oe <b>(c)</b> $y = -4x + 24$ oe	3	or $y = -4x + 5$ M1 $m = -4$ or gradient = $-4$ or $y = -4x + c$ M1 $(5, 4)$ substituted into $y = mx + c$