

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 0581 MATHEMATICS

0581/23

Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

Р	age 2 Mark Scheme		Syllabus	· · · · ·
	IGCSE – May/June 201	3	0581	MM. Papac
bbre	viations			Cambridge.com
ao	correct answer only			24
so	correct solution only			20
lep	dependent			
t	follow through after error			-0
SW	ignore subsequent working			
e	or equivalent			
SC	Special Case			
VWW	without wrong working			
soi	seen or implied			

Qu	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	£ or pound[s] Correct working must be shown	2	<b>M1</b> for $425 \div 1.14$ or $365 \times 1.14$
2	$\frac{30}{300}$ oe www	2	<b>M1</b> for 30 seen or $\frac{k}{300}$ seen
3	1500 or 3 <u>pm</u>	2	<b>B1</b> for 1h50 or 2h[0]5 or <b>SC1</b> for 1255 + <i>their</i> 1h50 + 15mins correctly evaluated
4 (a)	[±] <b>2.28</b> or 2.282 to 2.2822	1	
(b)	<b>0.109</b> or 0.1094[3]	1	
5	$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{1.5} \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(1.5\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-1.5}$	2	M1 for at least 2 correct decimals seen 1.3[1] 0.5[4] 1.8[3] or 1.84 0.7[6]
6	6	3	M2 for $3 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{288\pi}{36\pi}}$ or M1 for $3 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{288\pi}{36\pi}}$ or $3 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{36\pi}{288\pi}}$
			or <b>M1</b> for $3 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{288\pi}{36\pi}}$ or $3 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{36\pi}{288\pi}}$
7	260	3	<b>M2</b> for $[2 \times ](4 \times 10 + 18 \times 5)$ oe
			or M1 for a correct area statement
8	2500	3	<b>M1</b> for $m = kr^3$ <b>A1</b> for $k = 20$
9 (a)	$1.1 \times 10^{5}$	2	<b>B1</b> for 110 000 oe e.g. $11 \times 10^4$
(b)	$5 \times 10^3$	2	<b>B1</b> for 5000 oe e.g. $0.5 \times 10^4$

Page 3 Mark Scheme			Scheme	Syllabus
		IGCSE – Ma	ay/June 2013	0581 7330
10	25		4	Syllabus0581M1 for correct method to eliminate variableA1 for $x = 11$ A1 for $y = 3$ B1 FT for $2 \times their x + their y$ correctly evaluated
11 (a) (b)		er 18 or 19 or both	2 2FT	<ul> <li>M1 for 11,13,17,19 clearly identified, ignore numbers less than 8 with no other numbers greater than or equal to 8 besides possibly an extra 17</li> <li>M1 for 11,13,17 clearly identified, ignore numbers less than 8 with no other numbers</li> </ul>
				greater than or equal to 8 besides possibly an extra $17$ or for <i>their</i> (a) – 58
2 (a)	25	oe	2	<b>B1</b> for answer $\frac{5}{k}$ or $\frac{k}{25}$
(b)	$\frac{4}{25}$	oe	2	<b>B1</b> for answer $\frac{4}{k}$ or $\frac{k}{25}$
13	<u>(x</u> -	$\frac{8x}{-3)(x+1)}$	4	<b>B1</b> for common denominator $(x - 3)(x + 1)$ seen <b>B1</b> for $(x + 3)(x + 1) - (x - 1)(x - 3)$ soi
4 (a)	n < 9	)	2	B1 for $x^2 + 3x + x + 3$ or $x^2 - 3x - x + 3$ soi         M1 for $2n < 18$ or $2n - 18 < 0$ oe         If 0 scored SC1 for 9 with incorrect inequality.
(b)	(b+	d)(a+c)	2	<b>B1</b> for $b(a + c) + d(a + c)$ or $a(b + d) + c (b + d)$
15 (a)	4		2	M1 for attempt at sum of all numeric and <i>x</i> terms equated to 74
(b)	26		1FT	$=18 + 2 \times \text{their}(a)$
(c)	8		1	
6 (a)	1.5		2	<b>B1</b> for [g(18) =] 4
(b)	2(x +	+ 5) or $2x + 10$	2	M1 for correct first step e.g. $x = \frac{y}{5} - 5$ or $\frac{x}{2} = y + 5$ or $2y = x - 10$

Page 4		1	Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2013		Syllabus 0581
17	(a)		$ \begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 16 \\ 45 & 27 \end{array} $	2	Syllabusr0581B1 for any one row or column correlation of the in a 2 by 3 matrixB1 for k $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -3 \\ -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\frac{1}{3}\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$
	(b)	$\frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -3\\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	2	<b>B1</b> for $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -3 \\ -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$
18		15.4 0	or 15.35 to 15.36	4	M1 for $\frac{120}{360} \times \pi \times 5^2$ oe
					M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 5^2 \times \sin 120$ oe
					<b>M1</b> for $\frac{120}{360} \times \pi \times 5^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 5^2 \times \sin 120$ oe
19	(a)	hexag	gon	1	
	(b) (i)	- <b>b</b> +	c	1	
		<b>b</b> $-\frac{1}{2}$		2	<b>B1</b> for <b>OB</b> + <b>BA</b> or any correct route
	(iii)	- <b>b</b> +	c	1FT	= <i>their</i> (b)(i)
20	(a)	[±]3	5.1623 cao	2	<b>M1</b> for $\sqrt{10}$ seen
	(b)	$\frac{4}{12}$	– oe final answer	4	M1 first move completed correctly
		<i>y</i> –	0		M1 second move completed correctly
					M1 third move completed correctly
					M1 final move completed correctly on answer line