

1387143

| | _ | ERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INT ational General Certificate of S | | www.papacambridge.com | |
|--------------------|-----------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| CANDIDATE NAME | | | | | |
| CENTRE NUMBER | | | CANDIDATE NUMBER | | |
| MATHEMATIC | S | | | 0581/41 | |
| Paper 4 (Extended) | | | October/November 2013 | | |
| | | | | 2 hours 30 minutes | |
| Candidates ans | swer on t | he Question Paper. | | | |
| Additional Mate | erials: | Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional) | Geometrical instrume | nts | |

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES. Answer all questions.

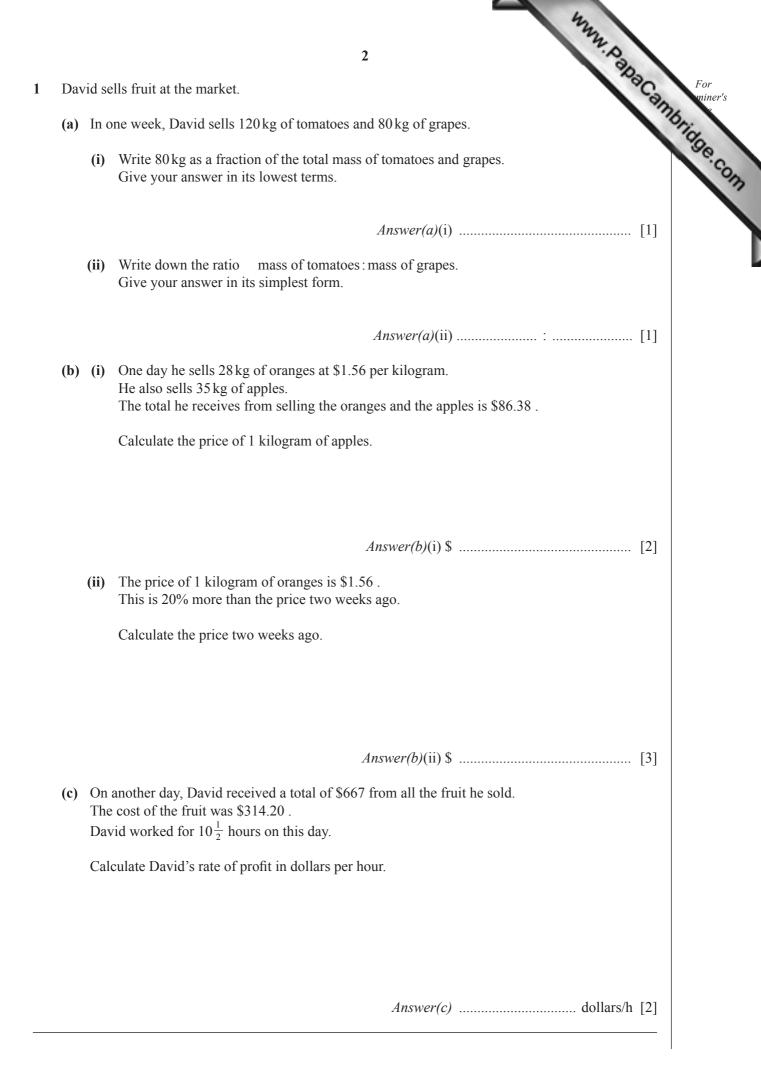
If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question. Electronic calculators should be used.

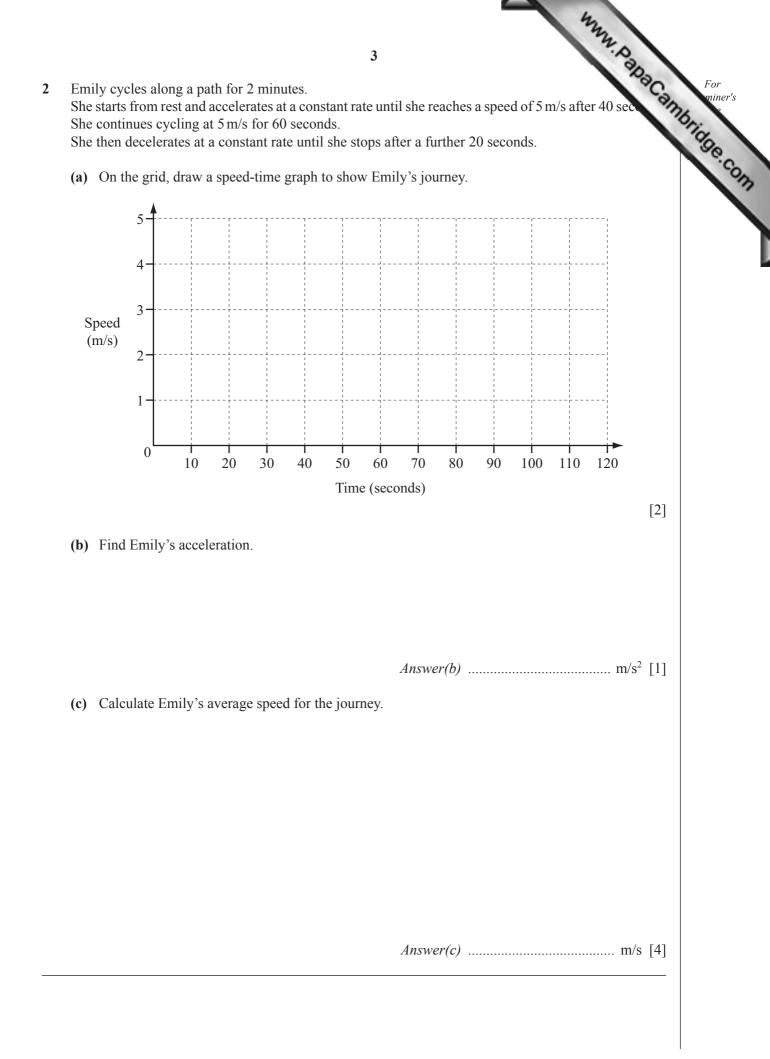
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

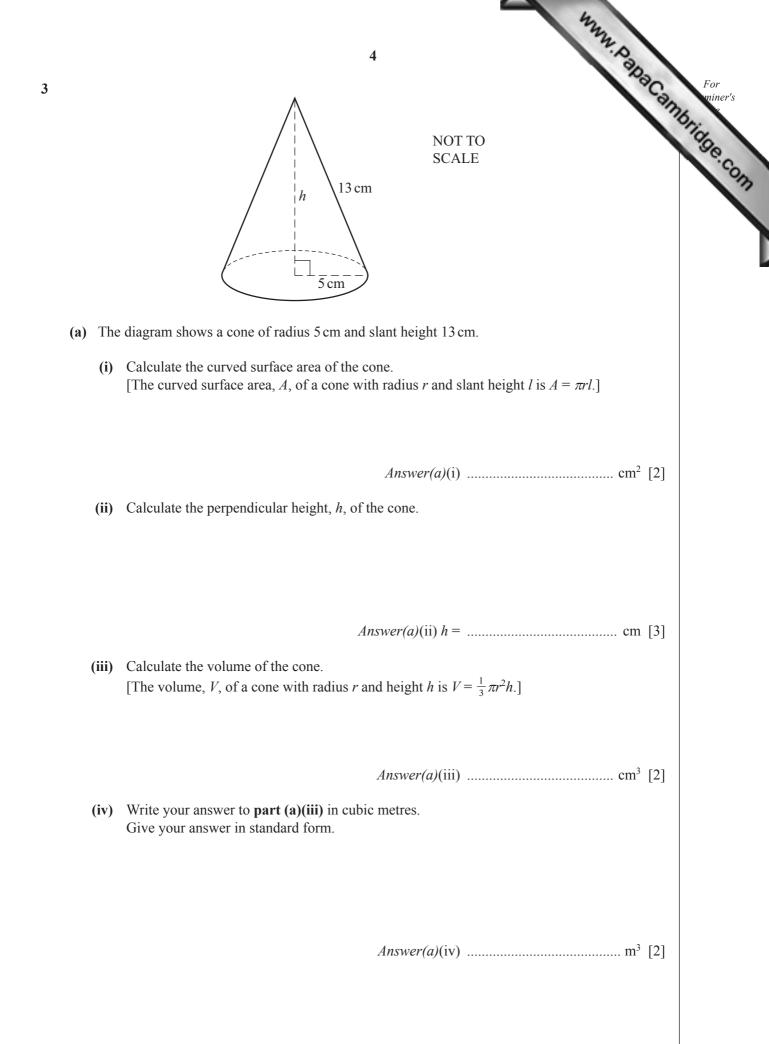
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

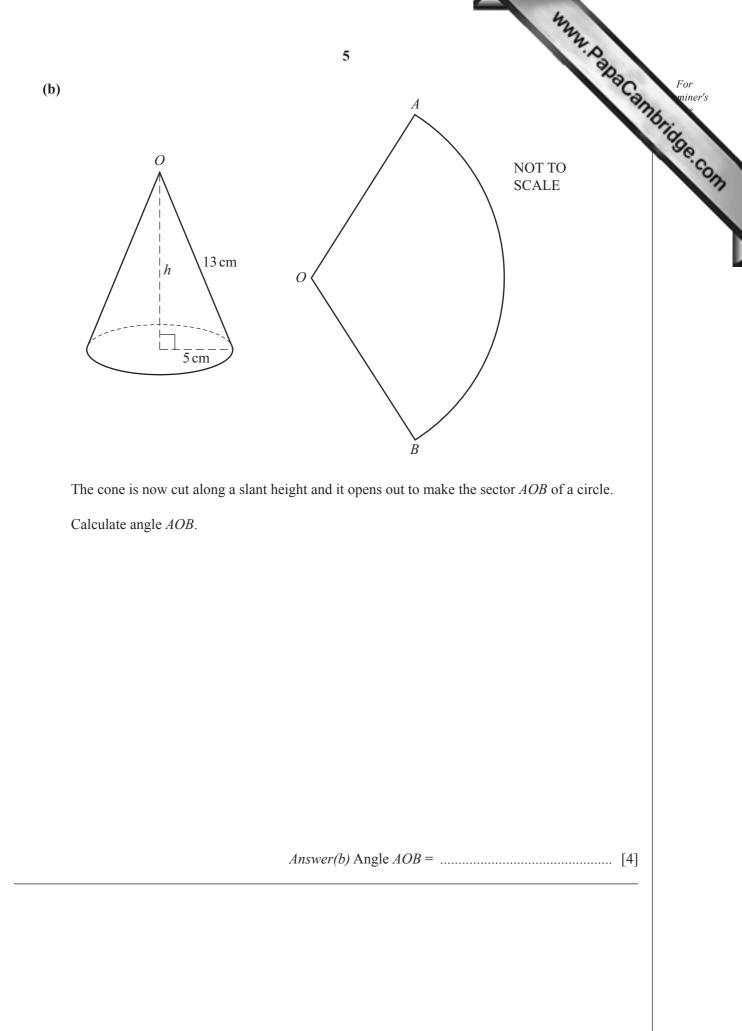
This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.

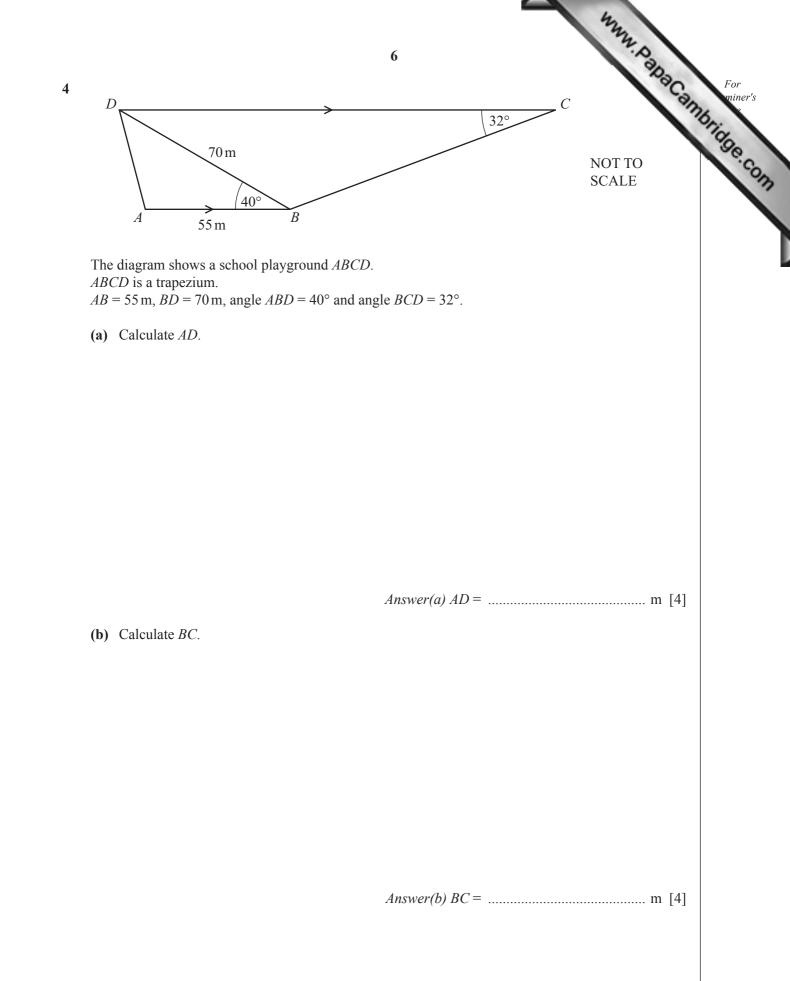


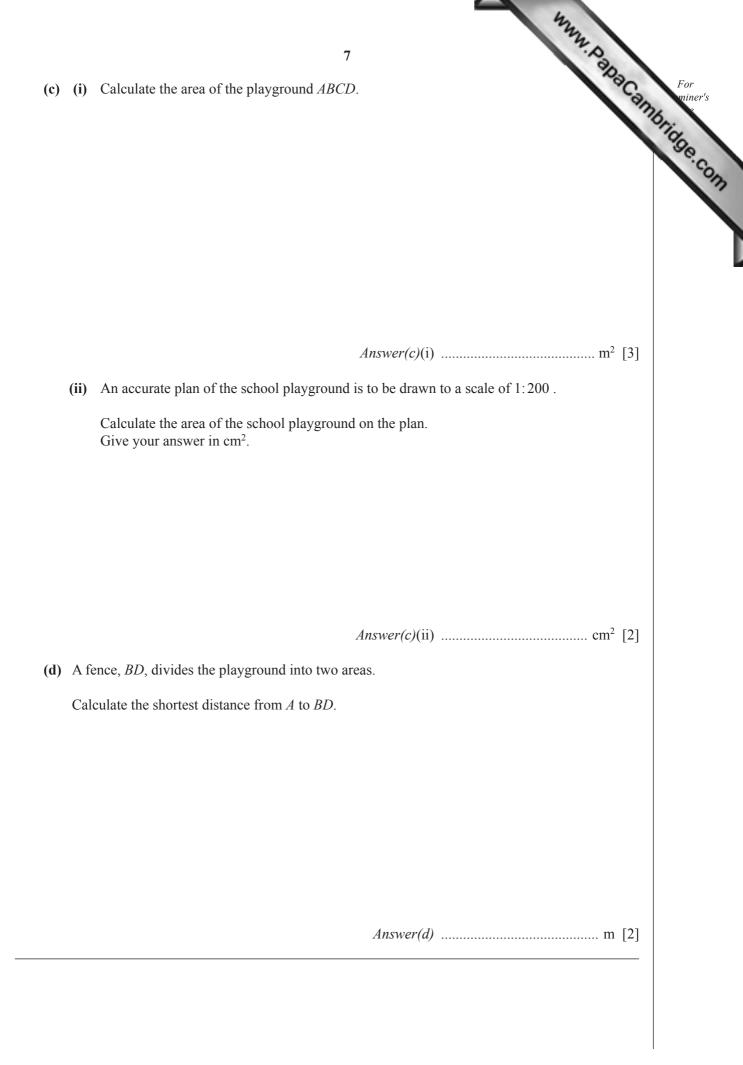


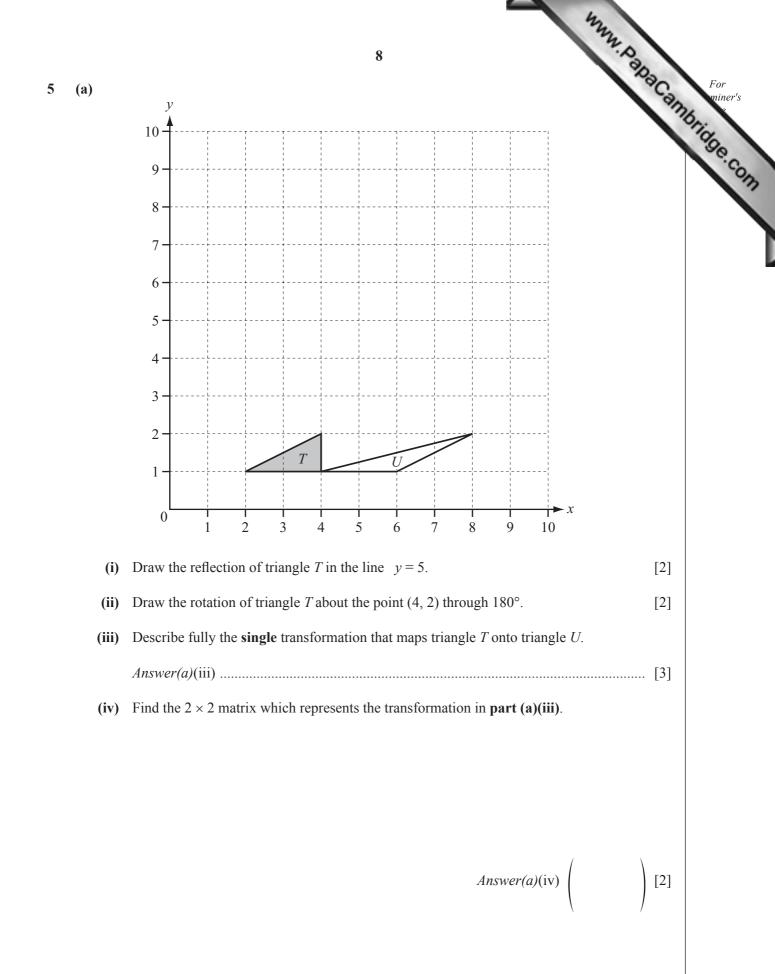


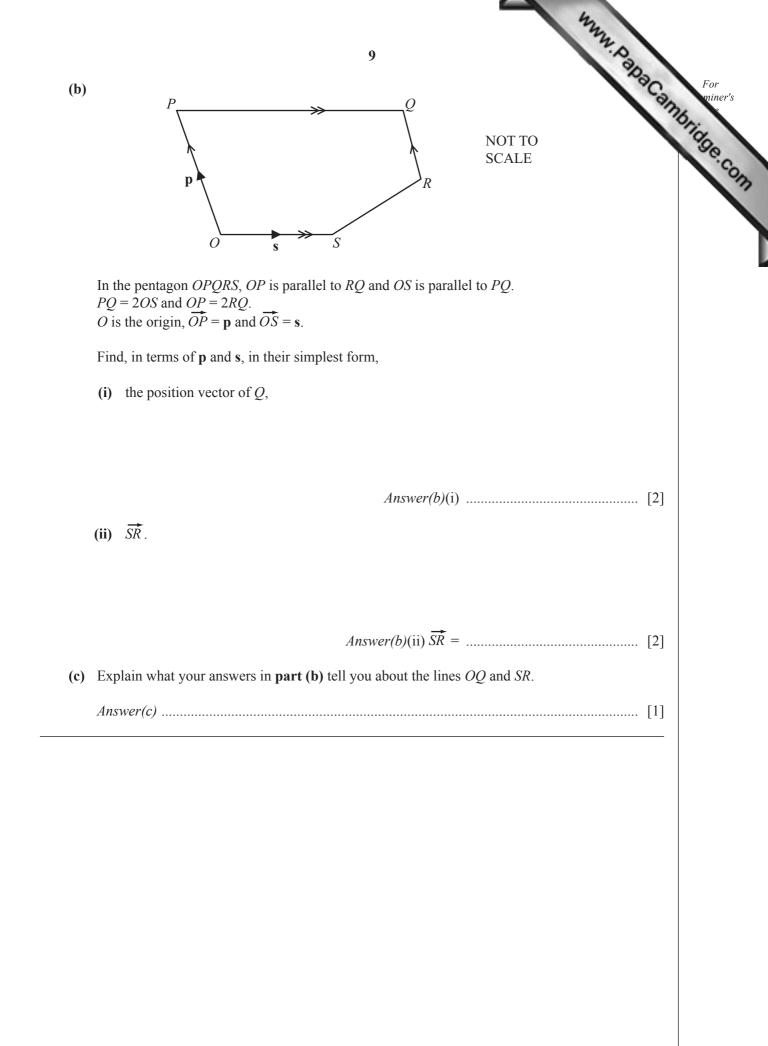


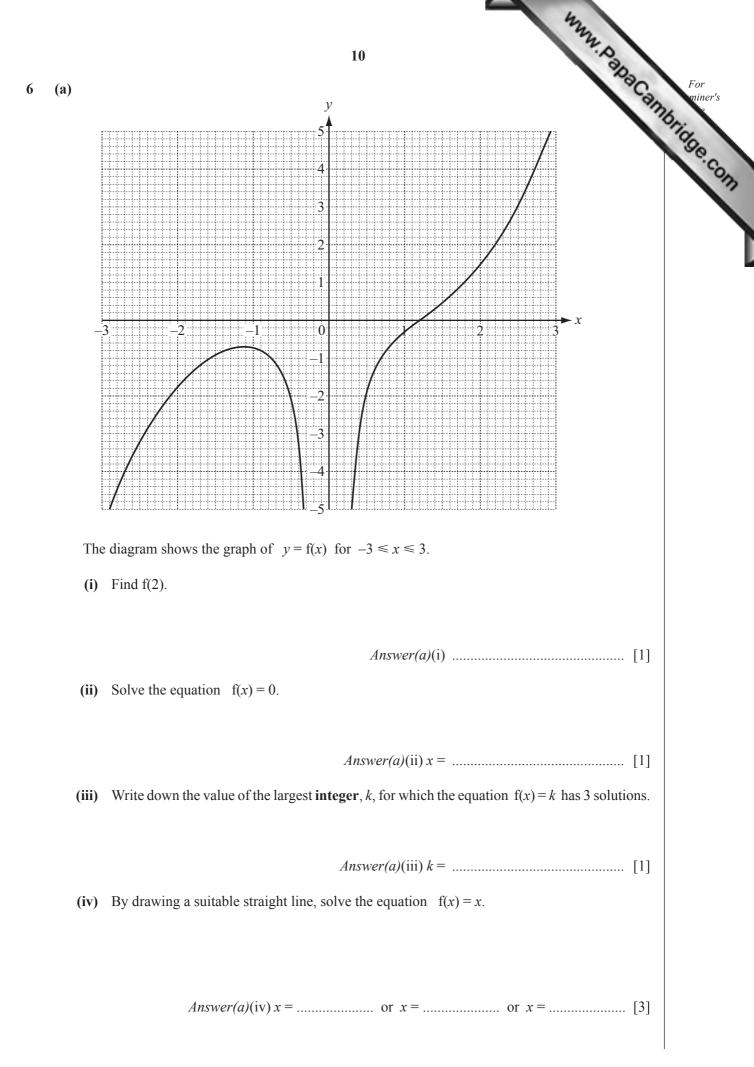


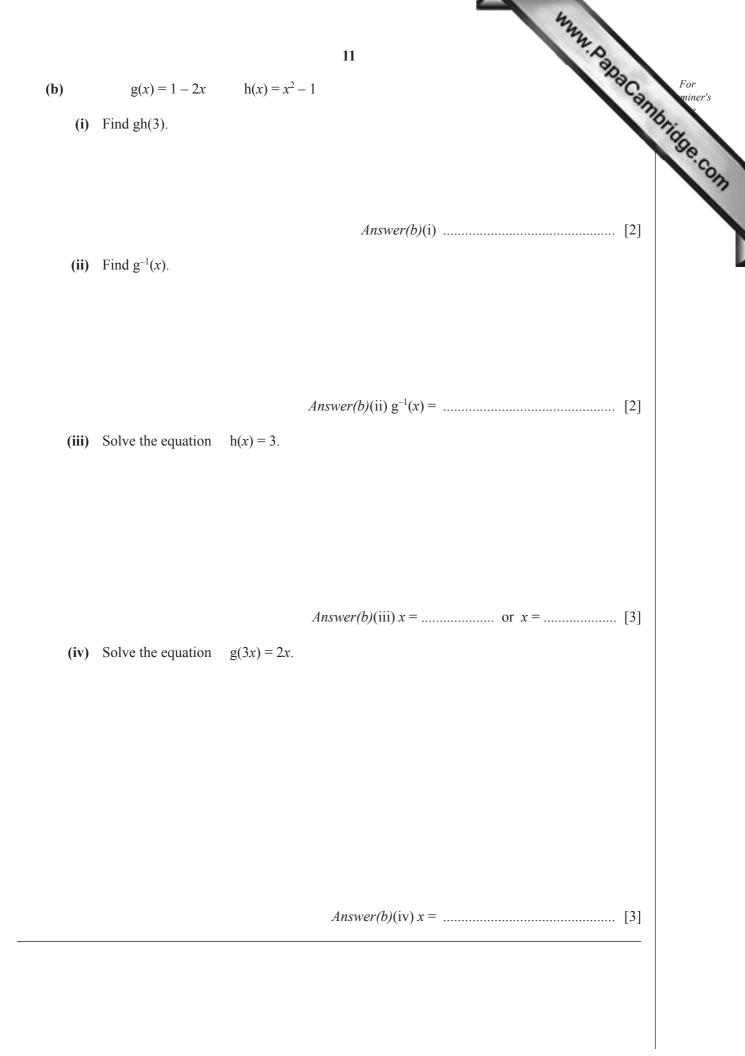












| 12 120 students are asked to answer a question. The time, <i>t</i> seconds, taken by each student to answer the question is measured. The frequency table shows the results. Time $0 \le t \le 10$ $10 \le t \le 20$ $20 \le t \le 30$ $30 \le t \le 40$ $40 \le t \le 50$ $50 \le t \le 60$ | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--|
| Time | $0 < t \le 10$ | $10 < t \le 20$ | $20 < t \le 30$ | $30 < t \le 40$ | $40 < t \le 50$ | $50 < t \le 60$ | CO. | |
| Frequency | 6 | 44 | 40 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 12 | |

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

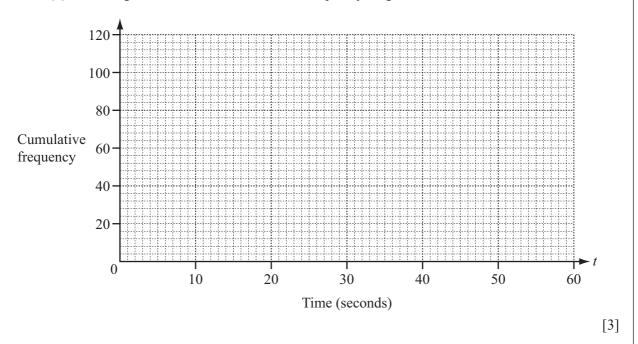
Answer(a) s [4]

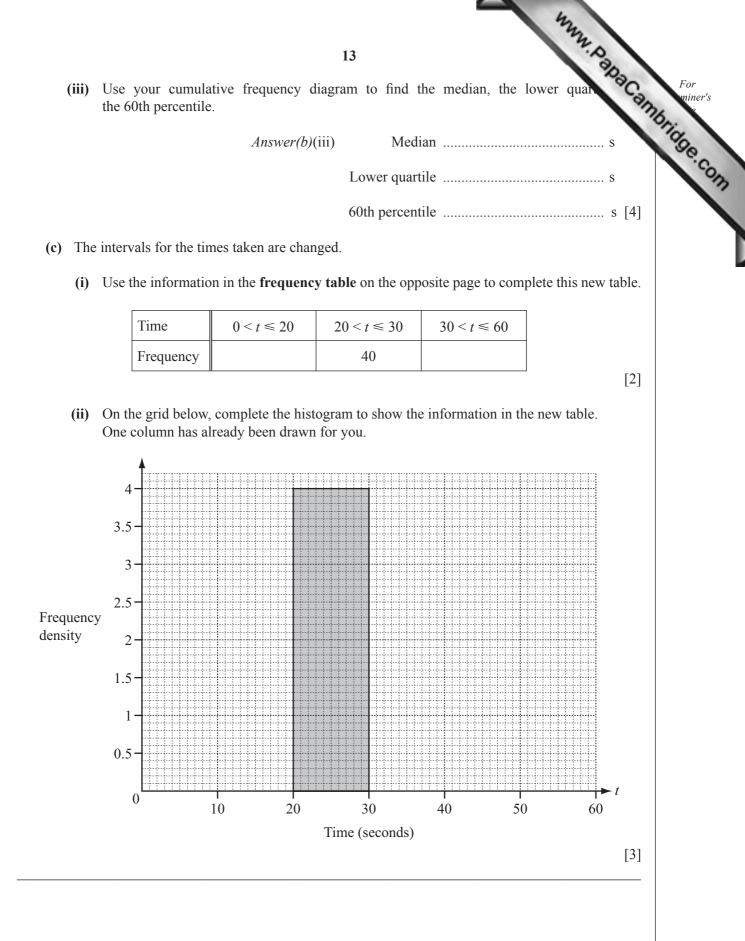
(b) (i) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

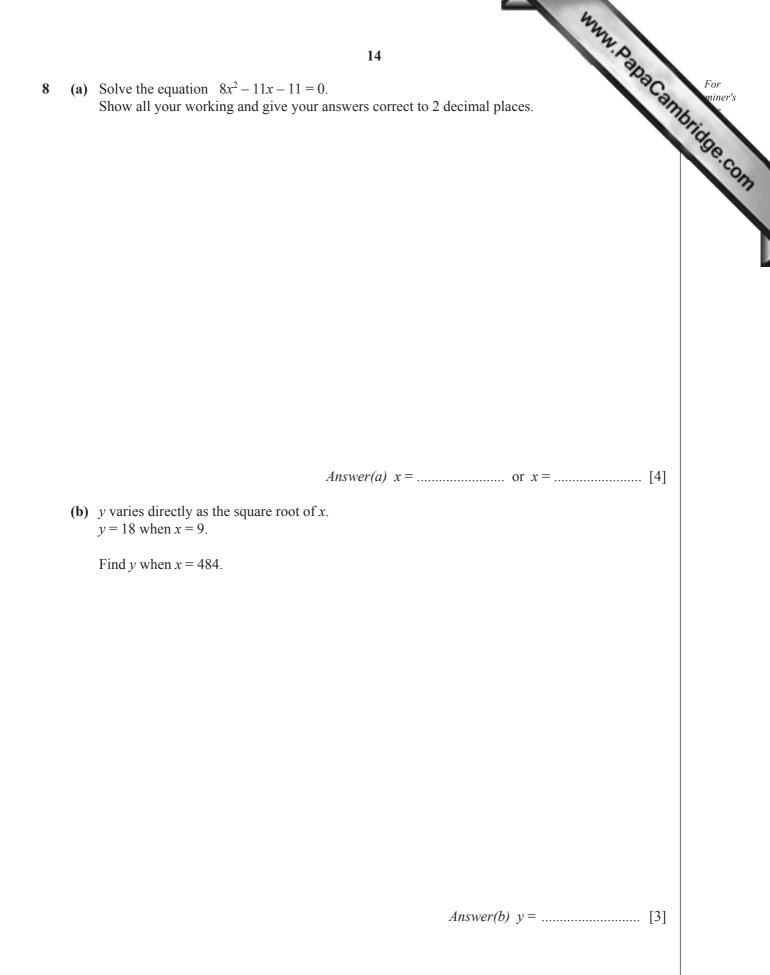
| Time | <i>t</i> ≤ 10 | <i>t</i> ≤ 20 | <i>t</i> ≤ 30 | <i>t</i> ≤ 40 | <i>t</i> ≤ 50 | $t \le 60$ |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| Cumulative frequency | 6 | | | 104 | | 120 |

[2]

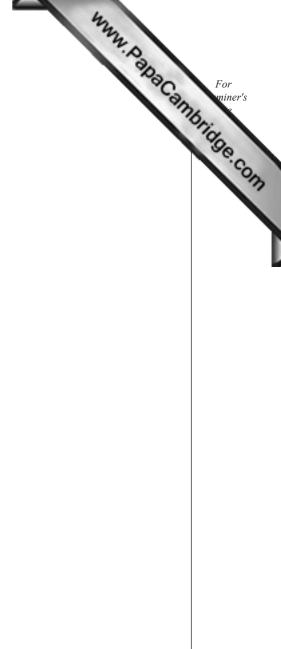
(ii) On the grid below, draw a cumulative frequency diagram to show this information.





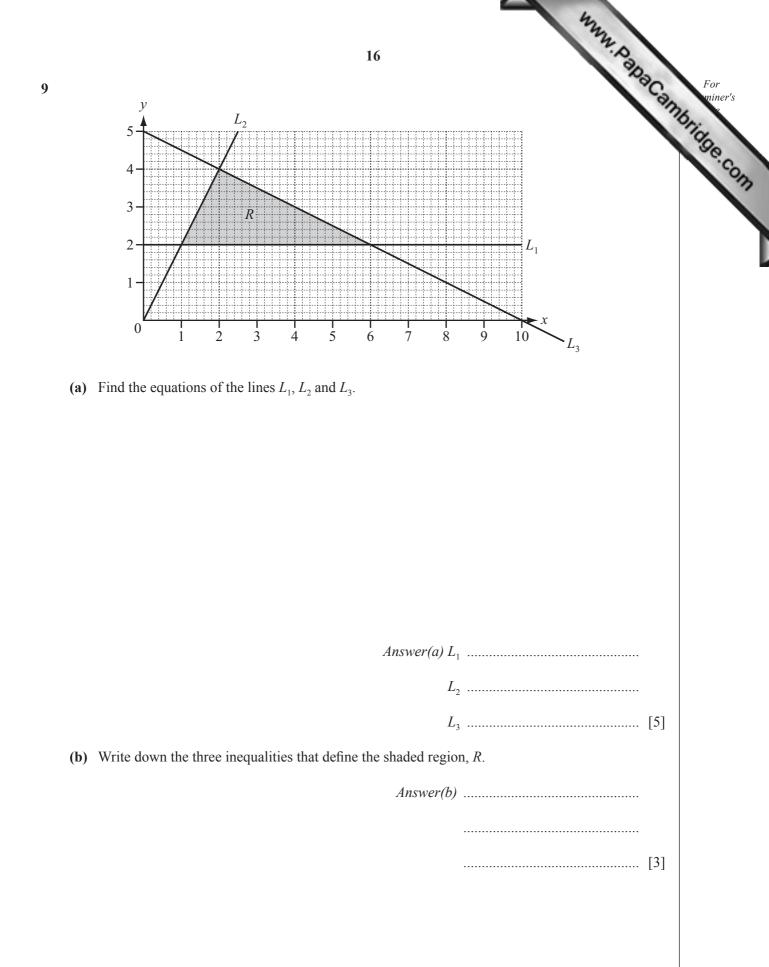


© UCLES 2013

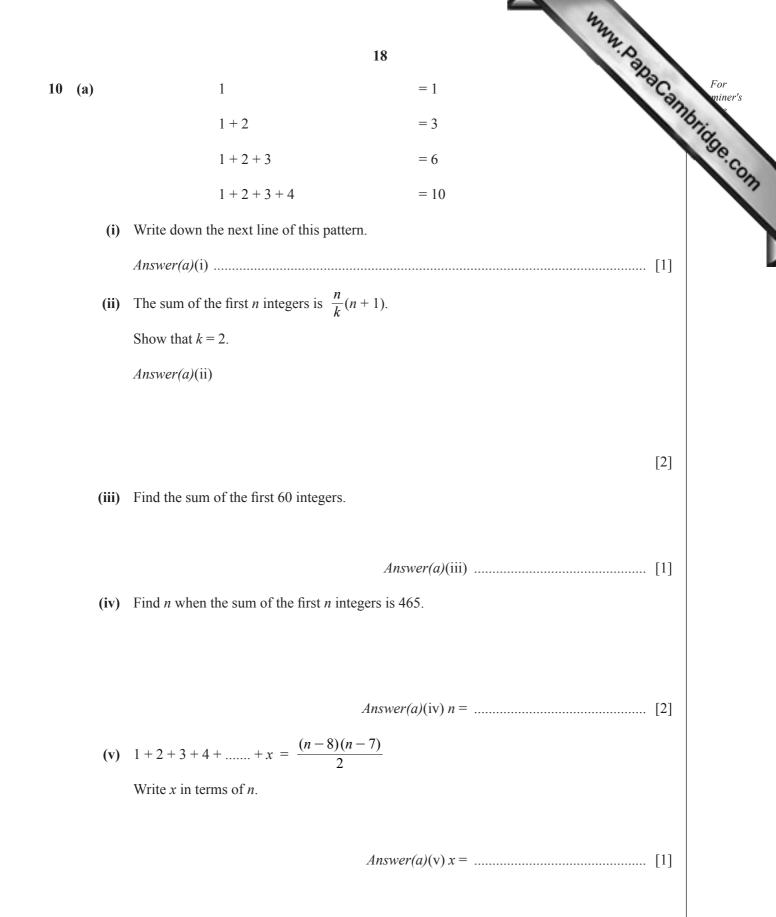


(c) Sara spends x on pens which cost 2.50 each. She also spends (x - 14.50) on pencils which cost 0.50 each. The **total** of the number of pens and the number of pencils is 19.

Write down and solve an equation in x.



| | 17 | |
|----|--|--------------|
| c) | 17 A gardener buys <i>x</i> bushes and <i>y</i> trees. The cost of a bush is \$30 and the cost of a tree is \$200. The shaded region <i>R</i> shows the only possible numbers of bushes and trees the gardener can buy (i) Find the number of bushes and the number of trees when the total cost is \$720. | For miner |
| | (i) Find the number of bushes and the number of trees when the total cost is \$720. | Se. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Answer(c)(i) bushes | |
| | (ii) Find the number of bushes and the number of trees which give the greatest possible total cost.Write down this greatest possible total cost. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Answer(c)(ii) bushes | |
| | trees | |
| | Greatest possible total cost = \$ | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |



| | | | www.papacar |
|-------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | | 19 | S. |
| (b) | 1 ³ | = 1 | ABC a |
| | $1^3 + 2^3$ | = 9 | |
| | $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3$ | = 36 | |
| | $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3$ | = 100 | |
| (i) | Complete the statement. | | |
| | $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3 + 5^3 = \dots$ | $\dots = (\dots)^2$ | [2] |
| (ii) | The sum of the first <i>n</i> integers is | $\frac{n}{2}(n+1).$ | |
| | Find an expression, in terms of n , f | for the sum of the first n cubes. | |
| | | | |
| | | Answer(b)(ii) | [1] |
| (iii) | Find the sum of the first 19 cubes. | Answer(0)(11) | [1] |
| (11) | The the sum of the hist 19 cubes. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Answer(b)(iii) | |



BLANK PAGE

20

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.