**CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

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## 0581 MATHEMATICS

0581/22

Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70

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MMMM. Da per 058 abaCambridge.com

## Abbreviations

cao correct answer	only
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- dep dependent
- FT follow through after error
- isw ignore subsequent working
- oe or equivalent
- SC Special Case
- nfww not from wrong working
- soi seen or implied

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	$6 + 5 \times (10 - 8) = 16$	1	One pair of brackets only
2	20	1	
3	8	1	
4		1	
	ξ	1	
5	$v^3 - p$	2	<b>M1</b> for $v^3 = p + r$
6	95.5 96.5 in correct places cao	2	<b>B1</b> for 95.5 or 96.5 in correct place or for answers reversed
7 (a)	700	2	<b>M1</b> for 2800 × 0.325
(b)	0.28	1	
8	$\frac{7}{6}$ oe	B1	
	their $\frac{7}{6} \times \frac{8}{7}$ oe	M1	Or <b>M1</b> for $\frac{56}{\cancel{48}} \div \frac{42}{\cancel{48}}$ or equivalent division
	$\frac{4}{3}$ or $1\frac{1}{3}$ cao must see working	A1	with fractions with common denominator
	their $\frac{7}{6} \times \frac{8}{7}$ oe		· ·

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			Can	
)	9.13 or 9.127 to 9.1271	3	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
			or $\sqrt[3]{\frac{figs440}{figs1000}}$ or $\sqrt[3]{\frac{figs1000}{figs440}}$	
10	97.2[0]	3	<b>M1</b> for $C = kr^2$ <b>A1</b> for $k = 30$	
			or <b>M2</b> for $\frac{202.8}{2.6^2} = \frac{c}{1.8^2}$ oe	
11 (a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 \\ -8 & 38 \end{pmatrix}$	2	M1 for a 2 by 2 matrix with two correct elements SC1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 16 & -14 \\ -18 & 28 \end{pmatrix}$	
(b)	14	1		
12		3	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ \hline & & & \\ & & & \\ \hline & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$	
13	13.5 or 13.45[]	3	M2 for $\sqrt{\frac{2 \times 85}{\sin 110}}$ or M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times a^2 \times \sin 110 = 85$ or $\frac{2 \times 85}{\sin 110}$ oe [180.9]	
14 (a)	2.47 or 2.474 to 2.4744	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{56}{360} \times \pi \times 2.25^2$ oe	
(b)	0.742 or 0.7422 to 0.74232	1FT	FT <i>their</i> (a) $\times$ 0.3[0] correctly evaluated.	

Ρ	age 4	Mark Scheme Sy. 7. per			
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				Can	
15	(a)	$2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$	2	B1 for 2, 3, [3] and 5 identified as prime factors	
				Sy.oermber 2014058B1 for 2, 3, [3] and 5 identified as prime factorsor M1 for partial prime factorisation $6 \times 3 \times 5$ or $2 \times 9 \times 5$ or $3 \times 3 \times 10$ or $2 \times 3 \times 15$	
	(b)	630	2	M1 for $2 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$ oe or for listing multiples of 90 and 105 at least up to 630	
16	(a)	108	1		
		Angle at <b>centre</b> is <b>twice</b> angle at <b>circumference</b> oe	1		
	(b) (i)	$-\frac{4}{3}$ oe	1		
	(ii)	-1	1		
17		[0.]08	4	<b>M3</b> for $_{200} \times \left(1 + \frac{2}{100}\right)^2 - 200 - \frac{200 \times 2 \times 2}{100}$ oe or <b>M1</b> for $_{200} \times \left(1 + \frac{2}{100}\right)^2$	
				and M1 for $\frac{200 \times (1 + \frac{1}{100})}{100}$ [+200]	
18	(a)	56	2	<b>B1</b> for 16 soi or <b>M1</b> for 72 – <i>their</i> 16	
	(b) (i)	63 or 63 to 63.5	1		
	(ii)	22 or 21.6 to 23 nfww	2	<b>B1</b> for 49.8 to 50.2 seen or 71.8 to 72.8	
19	(a) (i)	c – a	1		
	(ii)	$-\frac{1}{3}$ <b>a</b> + $\frac{1}{3}$ <b>c</b>	3	<b>M2</b> for $-a + \frac{1}{3}(c + 2a)$ oe	
				e.g. $-a + c + 2a - \frac{2}{3}(c + 2a)$	
				Or <b>M1</b> for a correct route from $A$ to $X$	
	(b)	$\overrightarrow{AC}$ is a multiple of $\overrightarrow{AX}$ and	1	oe	
		they share a common point [A]	1	oe	

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		////	Se la construction de la constru
20 (a)	102 to 106	2	<b>B1</b> for 5.1 to 5.3 seen
(b)	Correct position of F with correct arcs for angle bisector	5	Sy. oer   ber 2014 058   B1 for 5.1 to 5.3 seen   B2 for Correct ruled angle bisector of A correct arcs or B1 for correct bisector with no/wrong are and   B2 for Arc centre C, radius 8 cm or B1 for arc centre C with incorrect radius or correct conversion to 8cm and   B1 for marking position of F on their bisector and 8cm from C or on their arc centre C
l (a)	$\frac{x+7}{(2x-1)(x+2)}$ Final answer	3	<b>B1</b> for $3(x+2)-1(2x-1)$ seen or better <b>B1</b> for denominator $(2x-1)(x+2)$ oe seen <b>SC2</b> for final answer $\frac{x+5}{(2x-1)(x+2)}$
(b)	$\frac{2x}{x+7}$ Final answer	4	M1 for $4x(x - 4)$ or partial factorisation of numerator and M2 for $[2](x + 7)(x - 4)$ oe
			or <b>M1</b> for $[2](x^2 + 3x - 28)$ or $[2](x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = -28$ or a + b = 3 <b>SC3</b> for answer $\frac{4x}{2x + 14}$ oe