

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/41

Paper 4 (Extended)

October/November 2019

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

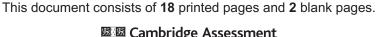
Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.





Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$$

Answer **all** the questions.

7

6

6

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11

1 12 students are each given a spelling test. Here is a list of the scores.

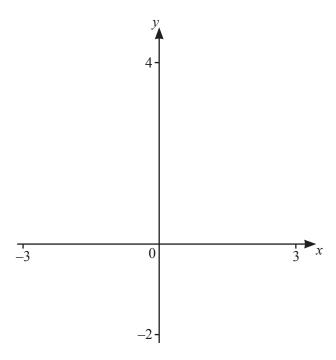
11 7

9

10

Fine	I	
(a)	the range,	 [1]
(b)	the mode,	
(c)	the median,	 [1]
(C)	the median,	 [1]
(d)	the upper quartile,	 [1]
(e)	the inter-quartile range,	 Г11
(f)	the mean.	[1]
		 [1]

2	(a)	Increase 4.5 kg by 16%.
	(b)	kg [2] Find the percentage profit when the cost price of a book is \$8.50 and the selling price is \$11.05.
	(c)	
		\$[2]



$$f(x) = \frac{1}{(1-x^3)}, \quad x \neq 1$$

- (a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x) for values of x between -3 and 3. [3]
- **(b)** Write down the range of f(x) for $-3 \le x \le 0$.

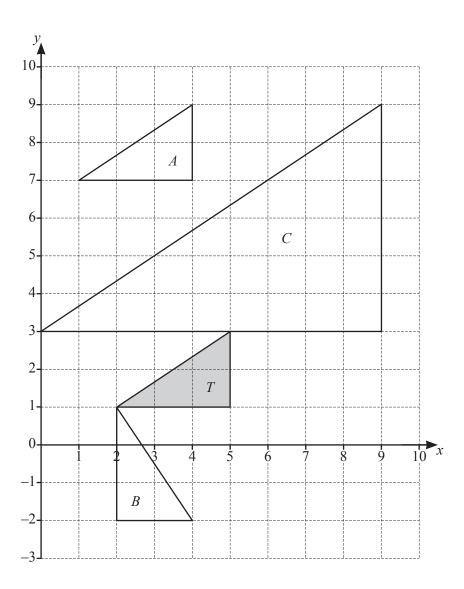
-[2]
- (c) On the same diagram, sketch the graph of $y = x^2$ for $-2 \le x \le 2$. [1]
- (d) (i) Solve the equation $\frac{1}{1-x^3} = x^2$.

$$x = \dots$$
 [1]

(ii) The equation $\frac{1}{1-x^3} = x^2$ can be written in the form $x^u - x^w + 1 = 0$.

Find the value of u and the value of w.

$$w = \dots$$
 [2]



(a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto

(i)	triangle A ,	
		[2]
(ii)	triangle B ,	
		[3]
(iii)	triangle C.	
		[3]

[2]

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(b) Stretch triangle T by a factor of 2 with the y-axis invariant.

	h year the value of a motor bike decreases by 10% of its value at the start of the year. the start of 2019, the value of the motor bike was \$2025.
(a)	Find the value at the end of 4 years. Give your answer correct to the nearest dollar.
(b)	\$
(c)	\$
	[4





The diagram shows a six-sided die and a coin.

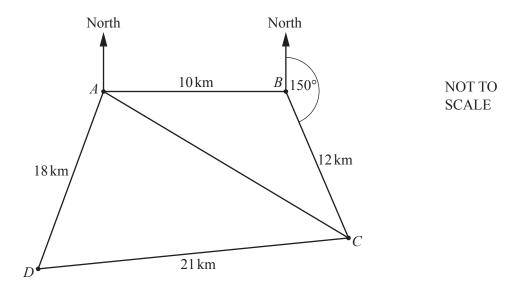
The numbers on the faces of the die are 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3.

When the die is rolled it is equally likely for any of the six faces to be on the top. When the coin is spun it is equally likely to land showing heads or tails.

Wh	en the	e coin is spun it is equally likely to land showing heads or tails.
(a)	Abi	rolls the die.
	Wri	te down the probability that it shows the number 3 on the top.
		[1]
(b)	Bea	trice rolls the die and spins the coin.
	(i)	Find the probability that the die shows the number 2 on the top and the coin shows heads.
		[2]
	(ii)	Find the probability that the die shows the number 2 on the top or the coin shows heads or both.
		[2]
(c)	Carl	spins the coin 3 times.
		If the probability that the coin shows heads at least once.

.....[2]

(d)	Drew rolls the die 3 times and records the numbers on the top.	
	Find the probability that the die shows each of the numbers, 1, 2 and 3, once.	
	[3	31
()		ر '
(e)	Eva spins the coin <i>n</i> times. The probability that the coin shows tails each time is $\frac{1}{64}$.	
	Find the value of n .	
	$n = \dots $	IJ
(f)	Frank rolls the die twice and records the two numbers.	
	The probability of these two numbers occurring is $\frac{1}{3}$.	
	Find these two numbers.	
	and [2	2]



The diagram shows four villages A, B, C and D and five straight roads connecting them.

B is 10 km due east of A.

C is 12 km from B on a bearing of 150° .

D is 21 km from C and 18 km from A.

(a) Calculate the distance AC and show that your answer rounds to 19.08 km, correct to 2 decimal places.

[4]

[3]

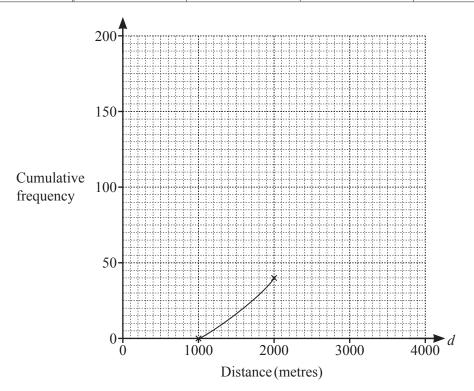
(b) Using the sine rule, calculate angle ACB and show that your answer rounds to 27.0° , correct to 1 decimal place.

(c)	Calculate the bearing of D from C .	
		[4]
(d)	A straight path, BP , connects B to the closest point, P , on AC .	
	Calculate the length of this path.	
		km [2]
(e)	The area within triangle <i>ABC</i> is grassland.	
	Calculate the area of this grassland.	
		km² [2]

8 (a) 200 people took part in a charity walk. They each recorded how far, *d* metres, they walked in one hour.

The table shows the results.

Distance (d metres)	$1000 < d \le 2000$	$2000 < d \le 2500$	$2500 < d \le 3000$	$3000 < d \le 4000$
Number of people	40	60	80	20



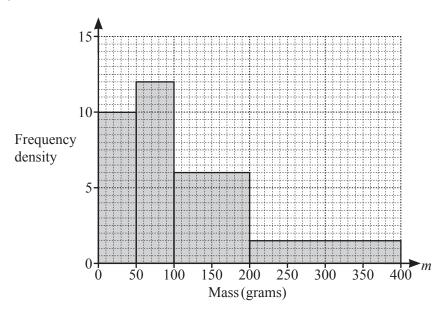
- (i) Complete the cumulative frequency curve. [3]
- (ii) Use your curve to find the inter-quartile range.

......m [2]

(iii) Use your curve to estimate the number of people who walked further than 3500 m.

.....[2]

(b) 2000 people took part in a "NO FOOD FOR 6 HOURS" day. They each recorded the reduction in their mass, *m* grams, at the end of the day. The histogram shows their results.



(i) Complete the frequency table.

Reduction in mass (<i>m</i> grams)	$0 < m \leqslant 50$	50 < m ≤ 100	100 < m ≤ 200	200 < m ≤ 400
Number of people	500			

П	2	1
L		_

(ii) Calculate an estimate of the mean.

	$\Gamma \cap T$
σ	171
g	14

9	(a)	Lionel runs 10.6km in 94 minutes.
		Calculate his average speed in km/h.
		km/h [2
	(b)	Monika walks 2 km at a speed of 4 km/h and then 3 km at a speed of 3 km/h.
		Calculate Monika's overall average speed.
		km/h [3
	(c)	A train is travelling at <i>v</i> metres per second.
	, ,	Find an expression, in terms of v , for the speed of the train in kilometres per hour. Give your answer in its simplest form.
		km/h [2]

(d)	(i)	A car travels 50 km at x km/h and then 80 km at $(x +$	10) km/h.		
		Find an expression, in terms of x , for the total time taken, T hours. Give your answer as a single fraction, in its simplest form.			
		cive year and we are a congression, in the compression			
			<i>T</i> =h [3]		
	(ii)	When $T = 2$, show that $x^2 - 55x - 250 = 0$.			
			[2]		
	(iii)	When $T = 2$, find the value of x .	[2]		
	()	2, 1114 416 (414) 024			
			$x = \dots [3]$		

10	f(x) = 2x + 3	$g(x) = \frac{1}{x}, \ x \neq 0$	$h(x) = 2^x$	$j(x) = \log_3 x$
(a)	Find			
	(i) f(-2),			
	(ii) $g\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$.			[1]
(b)	Find $g(f(1))$.			[1]
(c)	Find x when $h(x)$	$s(s) = \frac{1}{8}.$		[2]
(d)	Find j(81).			$x = \dots $ [1]
(e)	Find $f(f(x))$ in it	ts simplest form.		[1]

.....[2]

(f)	Find	$f(x) \times f(x) + f(x) + 1$	in its simplest form.	
			[3	3]
(g)	Find	$j^{-1}(x).$		

$$j^{-1}(x) = \dots$$
 [2]



 $f(x) = 3\sin(3x^{\circ})$

(a)	On the diagram.	sketch the graph of $v = f(x)$ for $0 \le x \le 180$.	[2]

(b) Write down the amplitude and the period of f(x).

(c) Solve the inequality f(x) < -1.5 for $0 \le x \le 180$.

 [2]

(d) $g(x) = 3\sin(x^{\circ})$

(i) On the same diagram, sketch the graph of
$$y = g(x)$$
 for $0 \le x \le 180$. [1]

(ii) On the diagram, shade the regions where $f(x) \ge g(x)$. [1]

(iii) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps the graph of y = g(x) onto the graph of y = f(x).



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