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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/22

Paper 2 (Extended)

February/March 2021

45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly and you will be given marks for correct methods even if your answer is incorrect.
- All answers should be given in their simplest form.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **8** pages.

Formula List

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Curved surface area, A , of cylinder of radius r , height h . $A = 2\pi rh$

Curved surface area, A , of cone of radius r , sloping edge l . $A = \pi rl$

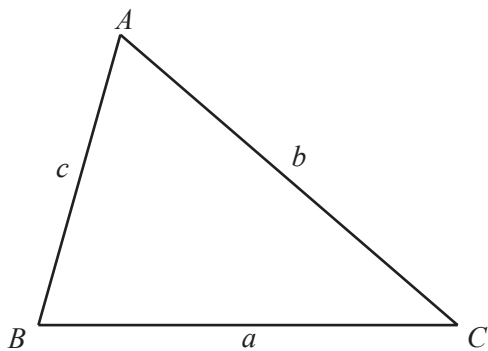
Curved surface area, A , of sphere of radius r . $A = 4\pi r^2$

Volume, V , of pyramid, base area A , height h . $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$

Volume, V , of cylinder of radius r , height h . $V = \pi r^2 h$

Volume, V , of cone of radius r , height h . $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Volume, V , of sphere of radius r . $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

Answer **all** the questions.

- 1 These are the test results for 14 students.

27 19 22 25 18 23 24
17 16 25 17 27 23 26

- (a) Construct an ordered stem-and-leaf diagram to show this information, including a key.



Key: | = [3]

- (b) Find the median.

..... [1]

- 2 Point $A(7, 5)$ is translated to point $B(2, 2)$.

Find the vector that represents this translation.

$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right)$ [2]

- 3 Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 84 and 72.

..... [1]

- 4 Solve.

$$|x| + 2 = 7$$

..... [1]

- 5 Point A has coordinates $(-3, 2)$.
Point B has coordinates $(5, -4)$.

(a) Find the mid-point of AB .

(..... ,) [2]

(b) Find the length of AB .

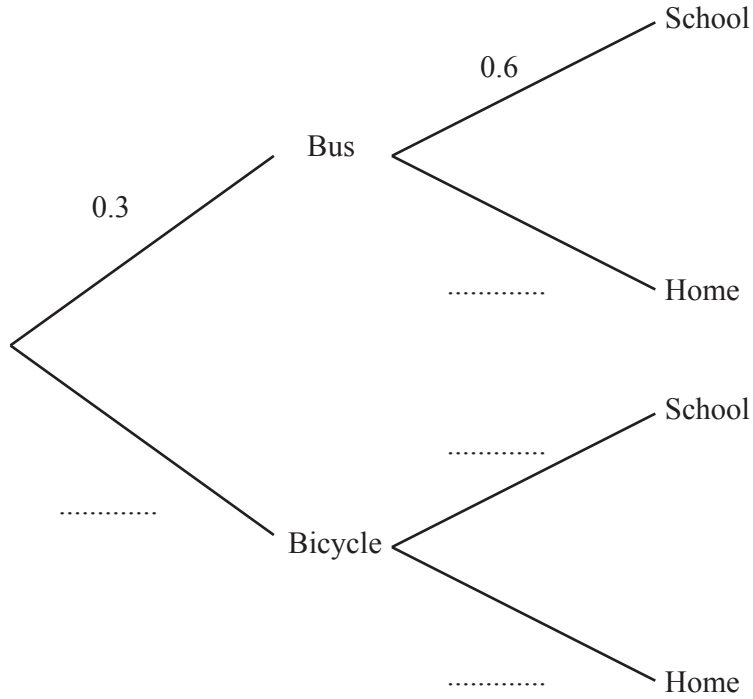
..... [3]

- 6 Find the value of p when $2^6 \div 4^p = 2^7$.

$p =$ [3]

- 7 Iraj travels to school either by bus or on a bicycle.
 The probability that he goes by bus is 0.3 .
 He can have lunch at home or at school.
 The probability that he has lunch at school is 0.6 .

(a) Complete the tree diagram.



[2]

(b) Find the probability that Iraj travels on a bicycle to school and goes home for lunch.

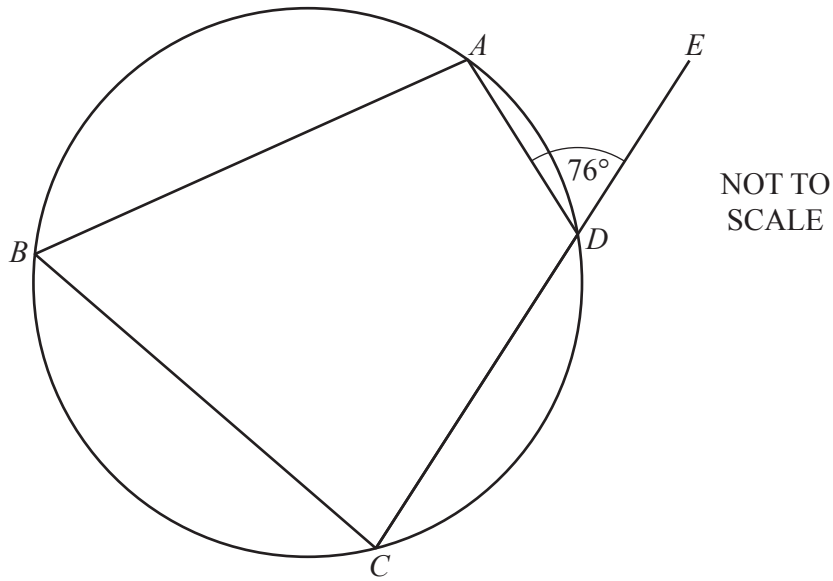
..... [2]

- 8 Expand and simplify.

$$4(2a + 5b) - 3(6b - 3a)$$

..... [2]

9 (a)

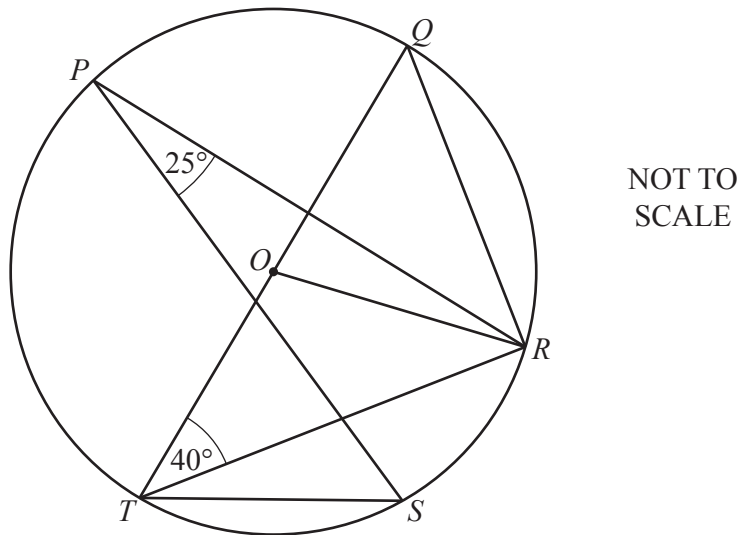


$A, B, C,$ and D are points on a circle.
 CDE is a straight line.

Find angle ABC .

Angle $ABC = \dots\dots\dots [1]$

(b)



P, Q, R, S and T are points on the circle centre O .
 TOQ is a straight line.

(i) Find angle STR .

Angle $STR = \dots\dots\dots [1]$

(ii) Find angle QOR .

Angle $QOR = \dots\dots\dots [1]$

- 10 Aisha picks three number cards from a pack.

The mean of the three numbers is $6\frac{1}{3}$.

She picks another card from the pack.

The mean of the four numbers is $6\frac{1}{2}$.

Work out the number on the fourth card.

..... [3]

- 11 Find the next term and an expression for the n th term of this sequence.

35, 29, 19, 5, ...

next term =

n th term = [3]

- 12 Rearrange this formula to make x the subject.

$$y = \frac{a-x}{3x}$$

$x =$ [3]

Questions 13 and 14 are printed on the next page.

13 Rationalise the denominator and simplify.

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5} + 1}$$

..... [3]

14 Write as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{3a}{a+4} - \frac{a-1}{2a}$$

..... [3]

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