

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/52

Paper 5 Investigation (Core)

October/November 2022

1 hour 10 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a graphic display calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly, including sketches, to gain full marks for correct methods.
- In this paper you will be awarded marks for providing full reasons, examples and steps in your working to communicate your mathematics clearly and precisely.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 36.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 8 pages.

Answer **all** the questions.

INVESTIGATION

TWO-STEP SEQUENCES

This investigation looks at two-step sequences.

These are sequences which use two steps to get from one term to the next.

The first term in every sequence is 1.

The two steps are:

- multiply by a given number
- then add a given number.
- 1 In this question the two steps are:
 - multiply by 2
 - then add 1.

1 st term = 1

2nd term = 1st term
$$\times$$
 2 + 1 = 1 \times 2 + 1 = 3

$$3rd term = 2nd term \times 2 + 1 = 3 \times 2 + 1 = 7$$

4th term = 3rd term
$$\times$$
 2 + 1 = 7×2 + 1 = 15

(a) Work out the 5th term of this sequence.

.....[2]

(b) The 3rd term of this sequence is 7. You can write 7 as $2^3 - 1$.

Complete the table.

1st term	1	$2^{1}-1$
2nd term	3	$2^2 - 1$
3rd term	7	$2^3 - 1$
4th term	15	
5th term		

[1]

(c)		te down all the digits shown on your calculator.
(d)	(i)	Use the last column in the table to write down an expression for the n th term of this sequence.
	(ii)	Show that your expression gives the correct value for the 6th term of this sequence.

[2]

In tl	his qu •	nestion the two steps multiply by 3 then add 4.	are:						
The	first	term is 1.							
(a)	Calc	culate the 2nd, 3rd ar	nd 4th terms	of this sequence	÷.				
						1,	,	,	[3
(b)	Con	nplete the table.							
		1st term	1	$3^{1}-2$					
		2nd term		3^2-2					
		3rd term							
		4th term							
		5th term	241	35-					
									[2
(c)	Writ	te down an expression	on for the <i>n</i> th	term of this sec	juence.				
									[1
									L

- 3 In this question the two steps are:
 - multiply by 4
 - then add 9.

The first term is 1.

Show that the expression for the *n*th term, 4^n-3 , gives the correct value for the 3rd term of this sequence.

[4]

4 (a) Copy your results from Question 1(d)(i) and Question 2(c) into the table.

Use any patterns you notice to complete the table.

	Steps to get the	e next term	Expression for the <i>n</i> th term
Question 1(d)(i)	Multiply by 2,	then add 1	
Question 2(c)	Multiply by 3,	then add 4	
	Multiply by 4,	then add 9	$4^{n}-3$
	Multiply by,	then add 16	5 ⁿ –
	Multiply by 6,	then add	5
	Multiply by 7,	then add 36	
	Multiply by,	then add	$8^{n} - 7$

[4]

(b) A sequence has the two steps that you found in the last row of the table.

Show that the expression for the *n*th term gives the correct value for the 3rd term of this sequence.

(c)	The	<i>n</i> th term of a two-step sequence is $22^n - 21$.	
	Fino	d the two steps.	
		•	
		•	 [2]
(d)	In a	two-step sequence the steps are:multiply by 11then add 100.	
	The	first term is 1.	
	(i)	Find the value of the term nearest to 20 000 000. Write down all the digits shown on your calculator.	
			 [2]
	(ii)	Which term in the sequence is your answer to part (i) ?	
			 [1]

Question 5 is printed on the next page.

5

In	this q	question the steps in Question 1 are in the reverse order.	
The	e two •	add 1 then multiply by 2.	
(a)		ne first term is 1. ne second term is 4.	
	Cal	alculate the 3rd, 4th and 5th terms.	
			1, 4, [2]
(b)	Thi	his two-step sequence has <i>n</i> th term equal to $a \times 2^n - 2$.	
	(i)	The first term is 1.	
		Use this to find the value of a .	
			[2]
	(ii)	Use part (i) to show that the expression for the <i>n</i> th term give term of this sequence.	yes the correct value for the 3rd

[2]

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