

# **Cambridge IGCSE**<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 0541118281

### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

0607/53

Paper 5 Investigation (Core)

October/November 2022

1 hour 10 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a graphic display calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly, including sketches, to gain full marks for correct methods.
- In this paper you will be awarded marks for providing full reasons, examples and steps in your working to communicate your mathematics clearly and precisely.

### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 36.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 8 pages.

## Answer **all** the questions.

### **INVESTIGATION**

### TWO-STEP SEQUENCES

This investigation looks at two-step sequences.

These are sequences which use two steps to get from one term to the next.

The first term in every sequence is 1.

The two steps are:

- multiply by a given number
- then add a given number.
- 1 In this question the two steps are:
  - multiply by 2
  - then add 1.

1 st term = 1

2nd term = 1st term 
$$\times$$
 2 + 1 = 1  $\times$  2 + 1 = 3

$$3rd term = 2nd term \times 2 + 1 = 3 \times 2 + 1 = 7$$

4th term = 3rd term 
$$\times$$
 2 + 1 =  $7 \times 2$  + 1 = 15

(a) Work out the 5th term of this sequence.

.....[2]

(b) The 3rd term of this sequence is 7. You can write 7 as  $2^3 - 1$ .

Complete the table.

1st term	1	$2^{1}-1$
2nd term	3	$2^2 - 1$
3rd term	7	$2^3 - 1$
4th term	15	
5th term		

[1]

(c)		te down all the digits shown on your calculator.
(d)	(i)	Use the last column in the table to write down an expression for the $n$ th term of this sequence.
	(ii)	Show that your expression gives the correct value for the 6th term of this sequence.

[2]

(a) Cal	culate the 2nd, 3rd ar	nd 4th terms	of this sequence	
( <b>a)</b> Cui	culate the 2nd, 3rd an	id 4th terms	or this sequence.	
				1
L) C	1 4 4 4 11			1,, ,
<b>b)</b> Co1	mplete the table.			
	1st term	1	31-2	
	2nd term		$3^2-2$	
	3rd term			
	4th term			
	541- 4	241	35-	
	5th term			
	3th term			
<b>c)</b> Wri	ite down an expressio	n for the <i>n</i> th	term of this sequ	ence.
c) Wri		n for the <i>n</i> th	term of this sequ	ence.
(c) Wri		n for the nth	term of this sequ	ence.

- 3 In this question the two steps are:
  - multiply by 4
  - then add 9.

The first term is 1.

Show that the expression for the *n*th term,  $4^n-3$ , gives the correct value for the 3rd term of this sequence.

[4]

4 (a) Copy your results from Question 1(d)(i) and Question 2(c) into the table.

Use any patterns you notice to complete the table.

	Steps to get the	e next term	Expression for the <i>n</i> th term
Question 1(d)(i)	Multiply by 2,	then add 1	
Question 2(c)	Multiply by 3,	then add 4	
	Multiply by 4,	then add 9	$4^{n}-3$
	Multiply by,	then add 16	5 <sup>n</sup> –
	Multiply by 6,	then add	5
	Multiply by 7,	then add 36	
	Multiply by,	then add	$8^{n} - 7$

[4]

[3]

**(b)** A sequence has the two steps that you found in the last row of the table.

Show that the expression for the *n*th term gives the correct value for the 3rd term of this sequence.

(c)	The	<i>n</i> th term of a two-step sequence is $22^n - 21$ .	
	Fino	d the two steps.	
		•	
		•	 [2]
(d)	In a	<ul><li>two-step sequence the steps are:</li><li>multiply by 11</li><li>then add 100.</li></ul>	
	The	first term is 1.	
	(i)	Find the value of the term nearest to 20 000 000. Write down all the digits shown on your calculator.	
			 [2]
	(ii)	Which term in the sequence is your answer to <b>part (i)</b> ?	
			 [1]

Question 5 is printed on the next page.

5

In tl	nis qı	uestion the steps in Question 1 are in the reverse order.
The	two •	steps are now: add 1 then multiply by 2.
(a)		e first term is 1. e second term is 4.
	Cal	culate the 3rd, 4th and 5th terms.
		1, 4, [2]
(b)	Thi	s two-step sequence has <i>n</i> th term equal to $a \times 2^n - 2$ .
	(i)	The first term is 1.
		Use this to find the value of $a$ .
		[2]
	(ii)	Use <b>part</b> (i) to show that the expression for the <i>n</i> th term gives the correct value for the 3rd term of this sequence.

[2]

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