UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 question paper

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/05 **Practical Test** maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published Report on the Examination.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Page 1	Mark Scheme	Sylla
	IGCSE – November 2005	0652
Question 1		California
Table is neatly drawn showing all results		Tide
Each column correctly headed		o.Com
Mass in whole numbers of gms		
Masses are about 10 g apart		

Question 1

Masses	s are about 10 g apart	
Times a	[5]	
(c)	Length is recorded between 450 & 550 mm	[1]
(f)	Time for 1 swing is correct	[1]
(g)	more accurate	[1]
(h)	Graph	
	axes correct	
	scale is sensible	
	plotting correct	
	line is straight (horizontal)	[4]
(i)	makes no difference	[1]
(j)	change length of string several times measure time as before	[2]
		[Total 15]
Questi	on 2	[. 3.5
Questi (a)(i)	on 2 turns yellow	
Questi (a)(i) (ii)		[1]
(a)(i) (ii)	turns yellow white	[1]
(a)(i)	turns yellow	[1]
(a)(i) (ii)	turns yellow white limewater milky	[1]
(a)(i) (ii) (iii)	turns yellow white limewater milky litmus no change	[1] [1] [2]
(a)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	turns yellow white limewater milky litmus no change carbon dioxide because limewater milky	[1] [1] [2] [1]
(a)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	turns yellow white limewater milky litmus no change carbon dioxide because limewater milky A is a carbonate	[1] [1] [2] [1] [1]
(a)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (b)	turns yellow white limewater milky litmus no change carbon dioxide because limewater milky A is a carbonate add acid (1) effervescence (1) goes white (1) water evolved (1) smoke (1) goes brown (1)	[1] [1] [2] [1] [1] [2]
(a)(i) (ii) (iv) (v) (b) (c)(i)	turns yellow white limewater milky litmus no change carbon dioxide because limewater milky A is a carbonate add acid (1) effervescence (1) goes white (1) water evolved (1) smoke (1) goes brown (1) three suitable observations required	[1] [1] [2] [1] [1] [2]

[Total 15]