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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/51

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 (a)

compound changes	name and formula	time/s	colour	
Α	zinc carbonate, ZnCO ₃	e.g. 31	yellow (when hot)	
В	magnesium carbonate, MgCO ₃	e.g. 21	(remains) white	
С	unknown metal carbonate, X CO ₃	e.g. 28	(green to) black	

- (ii) A: a value of time (in seconds) AND yellow/yellow when hot (ignore references to the limewater);
- (iii) **B**: a value of time **AND** white/no change/same (ignore references to the limewater);

C: a value of time AND black (ignore references to the limewater); [2]

[1]

- (iv) 1 (fastest) = one with shortest time
 2 = one with intermediate time
 3 (slowest) = one with longest time;
 (note: this must be consistent with candidates' results)

 [1]
- (v) carbon dioxide/CO₂; [1]
- (b) (i) metal observations

zinc bubbles;

magnesium fast bubbles/gets hot/metal disappears;

X no reaction; [3]

- (ii) 1 (most reactive) = magnesium (B);
 2 = zinc (A);
 3 (least reactive) = X (C);
 (this response must relate to the results in (b) (i). If there are no results in (b)
 (i) then the answer must be as above.)
 [1]
- (iii) yes (if answer to (a) (iv) is Mg, Zn, X (B, A, C) or X, Zn, Mg (C, A, B))

 AND order is same/reverse order compared with order in (b) (i);

OR

no (if answer to **(a) (iv)** is not Mg, Zn, **X** (**B**, **A**, **C**) or **X**, Zn, Mg (**C**, **A**, **B**)) **AND** not in same/reverse order compared with order in **(b) (i)**; [max 1]

- (c) (i) blue ppt./grey-blue ppt./green-blue ppt.; [1]
 - (ii) brown/black solid OR zinc turns brown/black;bubbles/effervescence/colourless solution/solution less blue/gets hot;[2]

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more oscillations;

measure bob with callipers and measure cotton accordingly; set up protractor with a plumb line to check alignment;

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(iii) X = \text{copper/Cu}; (note: do not allow copper(II)/Cu<sup>2+</sup>)
             evidence 1 and evidence 2:
             any two for one mark
                  blue ppt. with NaOH (in (c) (ii)) and/or blue solution in (c);
                  copper carbonate is green;
                  copper oxide is black;
                  brown solid (in (c)(ii));
                  displacement by zinc gives brown solid;
                  X is brown;
                  X does not react with acid;
                                                                                                  [max 1]
                                                                                               [Total: 15]
2
    (a) any five readings (allow full reading from clock);
         any complete column of readings (allow full reading from clock);
         all 15 readings entered (allow full reading from clock);
         average of readings increasing from \theta = 10^{\circ} to 30^{\circ};
         all readings recorded to 0.1s;
                                                                                                       [5]
    (b) (i) all 3 averages correctly calculated to at least 1 decimal place;
                                                                                                       [1]
        (ii) all 3 T values calculated correctly to at least 1 decimal place (average ÷ 10);
                                                                                                       [1]
        (iii) T increases as angle of swing increases
             OR a relationship consistent with results
                                                                                                  [max 1]
        (iv) when \theta is doubled T is not doubled/T not changing by same factor/other
             correct statement consistent with candidates' results;
                                                                                                        [1]
    (c) use of l = 0.30 \text{ m};
         correct calculation of g to at least 1 decimal place using correct T from table
         which must be squared (allow ecf for l in cm in which case answer is 100 times
         units of m s<sup>-2</sup> or m/s<sup>2</sup>;
                                                                                                       [3]
    (d) (i) any errors are reduced (divided by ten)/reduced effect of timing error;
                                                                                                       [1]
        (ii) simultaneous release of pendulum and starting stop clock;
             judging completion of oscillations;
             timing of 10 oscillations/human reaction time (do not allow just 'timing');
             measuring length of pendulum to centre of bob;
             measuring angle accurately/protractor not positioned correctly;
                                                                                                   [max 1]
        (iii) light gate or auto release timer;
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[Total: 15]

[max 1]