Location Entry Codes

www.papaCambridge.com As part of CIE's continual commitment to maintaining best practice in assessment, CIE uses different variants of some question papers for our most popular assessments with large and widespread candidature. The question papers are closely related and the relationships between them have been thoroughly established using our assessment expertise. All versions of the paper give assessment of equal standard.

The content assessed by the examination papers and the type of questions is unchanged.

This change means that for this component there are now two variant Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports where previously there was only one. For any individual country, it is intended that only one variant is used. This document contains both variants which will give all Centres access to even more past examination material than is usually the case.

The diagram shows the relationship between the Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiners' Reports that are available.

Question Paper	Mark Scheme	Principal Examiner's Report
Introduction	Introduction	Introduction
First variant Question Paper	First variant Mark Scheme	First variant Principal Examiner's Report
Second variant Question Paper	Second variant Mark Scheme	Second variant Principal Examiner's Report

Who can I contact for further information on these changes? Please direct any questions about this to CIE's Customer Services team at: international@cie.org.uk

The titles for the variant items should correspond with the table above, so that at the top of the first page of the relevant part of the document and on the header, it has the words:

First variant Question Paper / Mark Scheme / Principal Examiner's Report ٠

or

Second variant Question Paper / Mark Scheme / Principal Examiner's Report ٠

as appropriate.



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

PHYSICS

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

0625/11 May/June 2009 45 minutes

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

∞

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.







How far has the body moved after 5s?

Α	2 m	В	10 m	С	25 m	D	50 m

3 A car travels 100 km. The highest speed of the car is 90 km/h, and the lowest speed is 30 km/h. The journey takes two hours.

What is the average speed for the journey?

A 30 km/h **B** 50 km/h **C** 60 km/h **D** 90 km/h

- 4 Which statement about the masses and weights of objects on the Earth is correct?
 - **A** A balance can only be used to compare weights, not masses.
 - **B** Heavy objects always have more mass than light ones.
 - **C** Large objects always have more mass than small ones.
 - **D** Mass is a force but weight is not.

www.papacambridge.com The table shows the weight in newtons of a10 kg mass on each of four planets. 5

planet	weight of a 10 kg mass/N
Earth	100
Jupiter	250
Mercury	40
Venus	90

The diagram shows a force meter (spring balance) being used.



On which planet is the force meter (spring balance) being used?

- Α Earth
- В Jupiter
- С Mercury
- D Venus
- 6 Which items of apparatus are required to determine the density of a liquid?
 - Α balance and measuring cylinder
 - В balance and thermometer
 - С metre rule and measuring cylinder
 - **D** metre rule and thermometer

www.papacambridge.com

- 7 Which property of an object cannot be changed by a force?
 - A its mass
 - **B** its motion
 - C its shape
 - D its size
- 8 A wooden plank rests in equilibrium on two boulders on opposite sides of a narrow stream. Three forces of size *P*, *Q* and *R* act on the plank.



How are the sizes of the forces related?

- $\mathbf{A} \quad P + Q = R$
- **B** P + R = Q
- **C** P = Q = R
- **D** P = Q + R
- 9 Electricity can be obtained from different energy resources.

Which energy resource is used to obtain electricity without producing heat to boil water?

- A coal
- **B** geothermal
- C hydroelectric
- D nuclear



Which person produces the greatest average power?

person	route	time taken
Α	runs across the beach, then climbs the ladder	8s
В	walks across the beach, then climbs the ladder	16 s
С	runs up the slipway	5s
D	walks up the slipway	10 s

11 The diagrams show two mercury barometers standing side by side. The right-hand diagram shows a tube of bigger diameter, but the diagram is incomplete. There is a vacuum above the mercury in both tubes.

Which labelled position on the right-hand tube could show the mercury level in that tube?



12 A student fills two containers with water (density 1.0 g/cm³) and two with oil (density as shown in the diagrams.

In which container is the pressure on the base the greatest?



13 In an experiment, some of a substance changes from a liquid to a gas. The temperature of the remaining liquid changes because of this.

What is the name for this change of state and how does the temperature change?

	change of state	how temperature changes
Α	condensation	decreases
В	condensation	increases
С	evaporation	decreases
D	evaporation	increases

14 A piston traps a certain mass of gas inside a cylinder. Initially the piston is half length of the cylinder.

www.papacambridge.com The piston is now moved towards the open end of the cylinder. The temperature of the remains constant.



How are the density and the pressure of the gas affected by moving the piston?

	density	pressure		
Α	decreases	decreases		
В	decreases	unchanged		
С	increases	decreases		
D	increases	unchanged		

15 The graph shows the change in temperature of a substance as it is heated steadily.

Which part of the graph shows when the substance is boiling?



16 Four blocks, made of different materials, are each given the same quantity of int (heat).

Which block has the greatest thermal capacity?



17 A rod is made up of copper and wood joined together.

After the rod is heated at the join in the centre for about a minute, where would the lowest temperature be?



18 The diagram shows a fire.



Why does the smoke rise above the fire?

- Smoke evaporates more quickly at higher temperatures. Α
- Smoke molecules diffuse more quickly at higher temperatures. В
- С The density of the air is lower at higher temperatures.
- D The pressure of the air is greater at higher temperatures.

8

19 The diagrams show water waves that move more slowly after passing into shallow broken line.

shallow

water

Which diagram shows what happens to the waves?



deep

water





9

20 The diagrams show examples of wave motion.



waves on water



waves on a rope

Which are longitudinal waves?

- A 1 only
- **B** 1, 2 and 4
- C 2 and 3 only
- D 2 and 4 only



4

waves in a spring (as shown)



22 The diagram shows the path of a ray of light passing through a principal focus F of a lens. Which broken line shows the direction of the ray after it leaves the lens?



23 A small boat in a harbour is protected from waves on the sea by harbour walls.



12

Some waves can curve round the harbour walls and reach the boat.

What is the name for this effect?

- diffraction Α
- В dispersion
- С reflection
- D refraction
- 24 An engineer standing at P sees an explosion at X.



After the explosion, she hears two bangs. One bang is heard a fraction of a second after the other. The second bang is an echo.

From which surface has the sound reflected to cause this echo?

A XY B PV С ΖY D WΧ

www.papaCambridge.com 25 The north pole of a bar magnet is placed next to end P of an iron bar PQ, as shown magnetic poles are induced in the iron bar.



What are the magnetic poles induced at P and at Q?

	magnetic pole at P	magnetic pole at Q
Α	north	north
в	north	south
С	south	north
D	south	south

26 An electromagnet is used to separate magnetic metals from non-magnetic metals.

Why is steel unsuitable as the core of the electromagnet?

- Α It forms a permanent magnet.
- В It has a high density.
- С It has a high thermal capacity.
- **D** It is a good conductor of electricity.
- 27 Which particle does not experience a force due to an electric field?
 - **A** α -particle
 - В electron
 - С neutron
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www.papacambridge.com 28 Using the circuit shown, the current I is found for various voltages V. The temper resistor does not change.



Which graph shows the results obtained?



29 In the circuit shown, ammeter X reads 0.5 A.



What does ammeter Y read?

A 0 **B** 0.5A С 3.5 A D 4.0A



31 In the circuit below, one of the lamps breaks, causing all the other lamps to go out. Which lamp breaks?



www.papaCambridge.com 32 Either a fuse or a circuit-breaker can be used to protect electrical cables from large could cause overheating.



If a fuse is used, in which position in the circuit should it be connected, and if a circuit-breaker is used, in which position should it be connected?

	position of fuse	position of circuit-breaker
Α	Х	Х
В	х	Y
С	Y	х
D	Y	Y

33 The current in a lamp at full brightness is 0.25 A. The flexible cable to the lamp is designed for currents up to 5.0 A, so it can safely carry the 0.25 A taken by the lamp.

Which fuse should be inserted in the plug at the other end of the flexible cable?

A 0.2A **B** 1.0 A 10.0 A **C** 5.0 A D

www.papacambridge.com 34 A wire perpendicular to the page carries an electric current in a direction out of the are four compasses near the wire.

Which compass shows the direction of the magnetic field caused by the current?



35 A transformer has 50 turns on its primary coil and 100 turns on its secondary coil. An alternating voltage of 25.0 V is connected across the primary coil.



36 In a cathode-ray tube, a hot tungsten cathode releases particles by thermionic emission.

What are these particles?

- α -particles Α
- В electrons
- С protons
- D tungsten atoms

www.papacambridge.com 18 **37** The diagram shows a cathode-ray tube. top Y plate cathode anode Ρ screen bottom Y plate

A student wants the cathode rays to make a spot at P on the screen.

Which parts of the cathode-ray tube should be positive?

- anode and top Y plate Α
- В anode and bottom Y plate
- С cathode and top Y plate
- D cathode and bottom Y plate
- **38** A radioactive nucleus contains 138 neutrons. The nucleus emits an α -particle.

How many neutrons are in the nucleus after it has emitted the α -particle?

Α	134	В	136	С	138	D	139
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How many nucleons does this nuclide contain?

A 7 В С 16 9 D 23



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What is the average speed for the journey?

A 30 km/h В 50 km/h 60 km/h С D 90 km/h

2 The graph represents the movement of a body.



How far has the body moved after 5s?

A 2m B 10m C 25m D 5	50 m
--	------

3 A metre rule is used to measure a length.

Which reading is shown to the nearest millimetre?

A 0.7m B 0.76m C 0.761m D 0.7614	Α	0.7 m	В	0.76 m	С	0.761 m	D	0.7614 n
--	---	-------	---	--------	---	---------	---	----------

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Α В fast fast slow slow deep shallow deep shallow water water water water С D fast fast slow slow deep deep shallow shallow water water water water

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waves on water



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Which are longitudinal waves?

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waves in a spring (as shown)



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- **26** The north pole of a bar magnet is placed next to end P of an iron bar PQ, as shown. As a result, magnetic poles are induced in the iron bar.



What are the magnetic poles induced at P and at Q?

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www.papacambridge.com 27 In the circuit below, one of the lamps breaks, causing all the other lamps to go out. Which lamp breaks?



28 In the circuits shown, all the resistors are identical.

Which circuit has the least resistance?









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33 A transformer has 50 turns on its primary coil and 100 turns on its secondary coil. An alternating voltage of 25.0 V is connected across the primary coil.



What is the voltage across the secondary coil?

A 12.5V **C** 175V **D** 200 V **B** 50.0 V

- 34 Which particle does not experience a force due to an electric field?
 - **A** α-particle
 - B electron
 - **C** neutron
 - **D** proton
- **35** A wire perpendicular to the page carries an electric current in a direction out of the page. There are four compasses near the wire.

Which compass shows the direction of the magnetic field caused by the current?



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A student wants the cathode rays to make a spot at P on the screen.

Which parts of the cathode-ray tube should be positive?

- A anode and top Y plate
- B anode and bottom Y plate
- **C** cathode and top Y plate
- D cathode and bottom Y plate
- **38** The graph shows the decay curve for one particular radioactive nuclide.



A 1.0 day **B** 1.5 days **C** 2.0 days **D** 2.5 days





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