UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## www.papacambridge.com MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2008 guestion paper

## 0653, 0654 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653, 0654/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	ge 2		Syllabus er		
		IGCSE – May/June 2008	0653, 0654		
(a)	(i)	xylem/vascular bundle			
	(ii)	Diagram: showing wilting of leaves, (but not of main stalk)	) (1)		
		Explanation: water lost from leaves/leaves dry out (1) by evaporation/transpiration (through guard cells)(1)	Syllabus 0653, 0654 0(1)		
		turgor (pressure) lost/leaves become flaccid (1) Any 2 of the last 3 points (2)	I		
(b)	(i)	wind speed/air movement OR humidity/amount of moisture	e in the air OWTTE		
	(ii)	stand celery stems in dye (1) at different temperatures OWTTE (1) for same length of time (1) cut stems (1)			
		to compare how far the dye has travelled (1) Any 3 points (allow only 2 marks for potometer method adequately des			
			[Total:		
(a)	(i)				
		(no tolerance)	l		
	(ii)	50s (ecf)	[		
	(iii)	60/50 = 1.2 m/s (ecf) (working need not be shown)	I		
	(iv)	$\frac{27}{3 \times 60} (1) = 0.15 (Hz) (1)$	I		
		(allow 1 mark for 27/3)			
	(v)	point S	I		
	(i)	vertical arrow to show movement of ribbon	I		
(b)	• • •				
(b)	(ii)	hand movement increased, (1) more movements per minu	ute (1) OWTTE		

Page 3			Mark Scheme		Syllabus	er	
			IGCSE – May/June 2	008	0653, 0654	030	
(a)	yello	ow powder – S,	colourless gas – Ar, soli	d under oil – Na		ambri	
	volt		orrect (2) with other components (- or voltmeter incorrect (-			pacambrid [2]	
(c)	(i)	sodium	magnesium	phosphorus	sulphur		
	(ii)	yellow	white	white	blue		
(	iii)	sodium oxide solid	magnesium oxide solid	phosphorus oxide solid	sulphur dioxide gas		
(	iv)	blue	blue	red	red	$\neg$	
	(v)	use of fume cupboard, don't breathe fumes: reason: poisonous gas, hold burning element in (metal) spoon: reason: danger of burning tie back (long) hair: reason: danger of burning use blue glass when burning magnesium: reason: to protect sight reason must match safety precaution [1]					
						[Total: 10	
(a)	(i)		ed vertical scale, (2 cm = correctly (allow one error drawn (1)			[3	
	(ii)	because reactin	e increases/optimum ten ng particles move faster collisions (with the enzyr	(1) have greater ene		[2	
			e decreases (1) ne is denatured (reject "k	(illed") (1)		[2	
		gram shows syr duations shown	inge/inverted measuring (1)	cylinder over water (	(1)	[2	
• •			h same concentration/ar e(s) (1) same amount of	-	cose (1)		
	mea	asure no. of bub	bles/gas volume/compa	re activity (1) (anv 3	points)	[3	
			eres gere recence compa		P •	Ľ	

Page 4		Syllabus er
	IGCSE – May/June 2008	0653, 0654
<b>(a)</b> 1, 1	1.5, 2 (newtons) no tolerance, all correct	Sannah
<b>(b)</b> 286	6, 268, 250 (+/– 1 mm)	Syllabus 0653, 0654 Papacannbrit
<b>(c)</b> 18,	36, 54 mm (ecf) (2 or 3 correct)	[1]
	table scale used and at least 1 axis labelled correctly (1) points plotted (1)	)
line	drawn passing through the origin (1) btract 1 mark if axes are reversed)	[3]
( <b>e</b> ) exte	ension produced by 80g found using graph, 29 mm (+/–	- 1mm) (ecf) [1]
<b>(f)</b> grap	ph shows a curved line with extension increasing	[1]
		[Total: 10]
(a) (i)	hydrogen/H <sub>2</sub> /H	[1]
(ii)	(dilute) sulphuric acid/H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	[1]
(b) (i)	no change or blue (solution): ecf from (a)(ii)	[1]
(ii)	copper carbonate/CuCO <sub>3</sub>	[1]
(c) (i)	e.g. a carbonate + acid (minimum answer) allow any form of calcium carbonate	
	(do not allow calcium carbonate + sulphuric acid)	[1]
(ii)	white (precipitate) milky/cloudy/chalky	[1]
(d) (i)	blue	[1]
(ii)	sodium sulphate (1) + carbon dioxide(1) (in any order)	[2]
(iii)	solution A, because more of B is needed (essential)	[1]
		[Total: 10]